Today's Weather
RAIN

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

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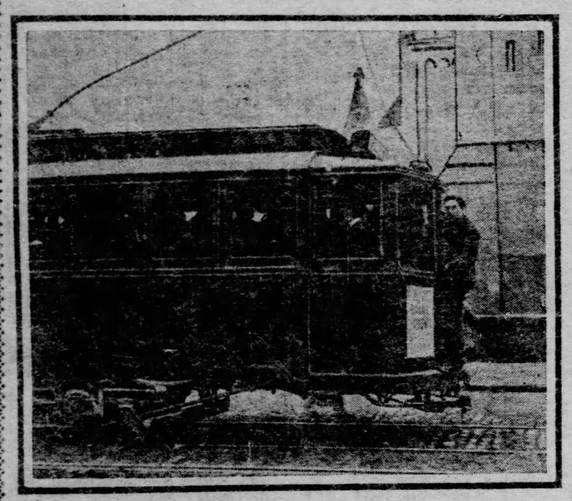
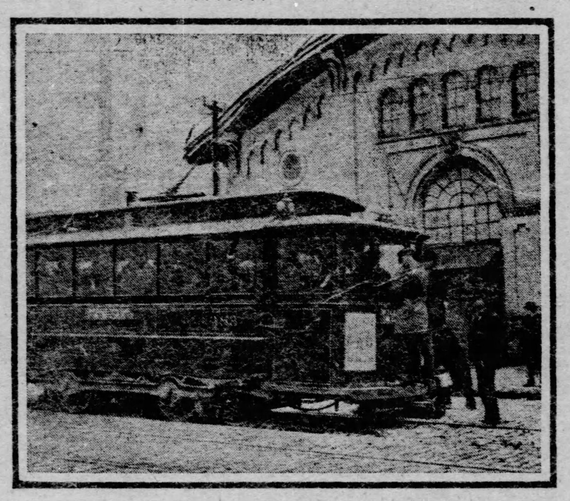
EVENING TROLLEY CRUSH A MENACE TO LIFE AND LIMB

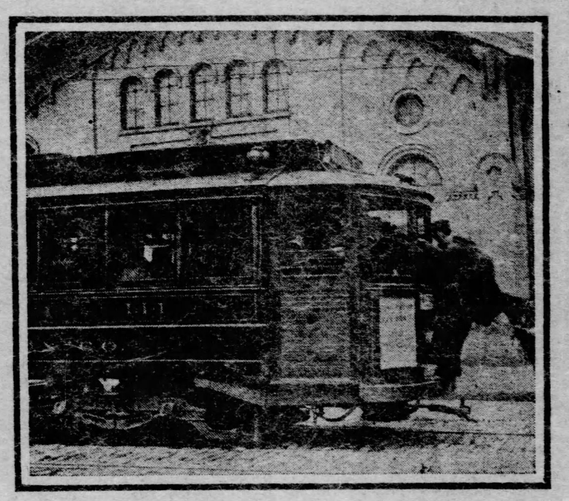
(Photos by Gazette Staff Photographer.)



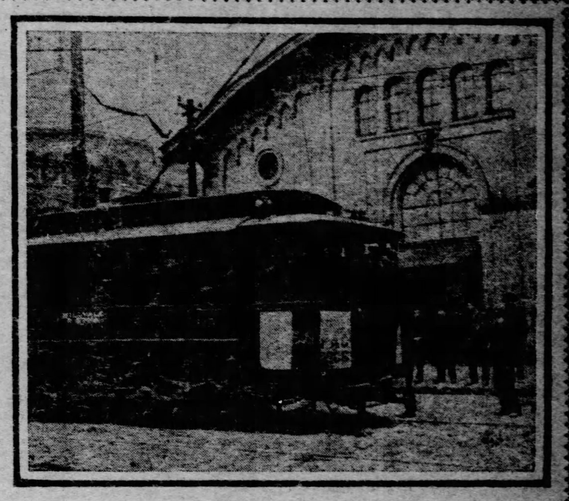
Bellevue Car, Ohio and Federal Streets, 5:30 P. M.



Etna Car, Ohio and Federal Streets, 5:15 P. M.



Western Avenue Car, Ohio and Federal Streets, 5:15 P. M.



Etna Car, Ohio and Federal Streets, 5:20 P. M.

NEWS SUMMARY

DOMESTIC.

More than 7,500 tons of wire, wire nails and pipe were exported from Pittsburgh district in February.—Page 8.

President Ramsey issued statement saying Wabash trouble is likely to spread to other great railways.—Page 1.

Independent window glass manufacturers refused to agree to shut down factories.—Page 9.

Farmer near Huntington, W. Va., prayed to follow his wife in death and expired instantly.—Page 5.

Cannon declared want of cloture rule in senate results in "legislative blackmail."—Page 7.

Allison, during closing hours in senate, explained increase in appropriations.—Page 1.

Democrats, amid hisses, objected to resolutions of esteem for Speaker Henderson.—Page 1.

Woman immigrant inspector fell from ladder of liner to deck of government tug.—Page 8.

FOREIGN.

Germany has prepared for imposing exhibit at St. Louis exposition.—Page 8.

Absence of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain has made parliament dull. Page 8.

Traveling schools established in Germany for country doctors.—Page 8.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Greater Pittsburgh bill amended to suit senate.—Page 1.

Officers of Business Men's club at Ellwood charged with illegal liquor selling.—Page 5.

Four arrests resulted from girl's death at New Castle.—Page 5.

LOCAL.

Victor Herbert commissioned to write a light opera to be first produced in Chicago.—Page 6.

Fifty firms reported to have signed the painters' new scale.—Page 14.

Flaunting bills, advertising a play based on the Biddles' escape, are plastered on the walls of the Allegheny county jail.—Page 7.

Surprises among the appointments made by the new county officers of the court house.—Page 3.

The pressure of patronage-seekers on Recorder-elect Hays, Murry Verner and T. S. Bigelow may drive them to travel for their health.—Page 3.

Everybody connected with slot machines to be prosecuted.—Page 6.

Three prisoners from the jail refused admission to the Western Penitentiary.—Page 3.

LEGAL.

Tunnel foreman on trial, charged with threatening a workman with a revolver.—Page 14.

Elmer L. Miller left $32,500 to his family. Other wills filed.—Page 14.

New financial publication projected for Pittsburgh. Many charters applied for.—Page 14.

SOCIAL.

The Consumers league adopted a resolution yesterday commending the child labor bill.—Page 6.

A delightful meeting of the Entre Nous club was held as a farewell to Mrs. Frank Campbell, one of its members, who is going to Philadelphia to live.—Page 6.

The Professional Women's club met last evening and Miss Trimble gave a talk on the "Home Training of Girls."—Page 6.

SPORTING.

In the new playing schedule for the National league the Pittsburgh team is well taken care of, having all holiday games at home.—Page 10.

There is keen competition for first honors in the dog show, which opened yesterday.—Page 10.

FINANCIAL.

The eastern stock market was dull, but rallied and closed firm.—Page 12.

Sharp break in Window Glass and rally in National Fire Proofing were features of the local market.—Page 12.

Wheat, corn and oats lower in Chicago.—Page 13.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—Charles Hawtrey in "A Message From Mars," 8 p. m.
NEW GRAND—Stock company in "The Brixton Burglary," 2 and 8 p. m.
DUQUESNE—The Great Lafayette Show, 2 and 8 p. m.
BIJOU—"The Price of Honor," 8 p. m.
EMPIRE—"The Minister's Daughters," 8:15 p. m.
ACADEMY—Rose Hill English Folly Company, 2 and 8 p. m.
AVENUE—Lydia Yeamans-Titus and 15 other big vaudeville acts; continuous performance from 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.
DUQUESNE GARDEN—Ice skating afternoon and evening.
OLD CITY HALL—Annual bench show Duquesne Kennel club, 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

TO OUR PATRONS.

The fire in the office of Footer's dye works, 416 Wood street, will not interrupt business. The office will be on the second floor for a short time, until the room on the first floor has been re-renovated.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS CLOSES ITS LAST SESSION AMID STIRRING SCENES

Allison Compares Appropriations With Those of Last Congress.

Cheers and Hisses Intermingle in the Closing Hours of House.

ISTHMIAN CANAL CAUSES INCREASE

DEMOCRATS SHOW THEIR ANIMOSITY

Rivers and Harbors Bill and Postal Expenses Also Add to Higher Total.

Twenty-One Object to Resolutions of Esteem for Speaker Henderson.

PROGRAM FOR THE SPECIAL SESSION OF SENATE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 16, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4.

When the hands of the clock pointed to the hour of noon today the 57th congress adjourned sine die. The gavels of the presiding officers of both branches fell almost upon the minute and there was no turning back of the clock to prolong the legislative day, as is sometimes resorted to.

With the arrival of the hour of adjournment congress had accomplished all that was possible under the circumstances and consequently there was no reason why means should be taken to extend the time. Democrats continued their filibustering to the last in both branches, and the list of important measures not acted upon is an imposing one. Besides the statehood bill, the opposition to which led to obstruction tactics, and the treaties, the fight upon which was responsible for the extra session of the senate, there were laid in their graves the Aldrich bill, the Philippine tariff bill and the pure food bill, all of which were measures that would have easily passed had they been permitted to come to a vote.

The nominations that failed of confirmation at the recent session of congress are: William D. Crum, to be collector of customs at Charleston, S. C.; William M. Byrne, United States district attorney for the District of Delaware; Page Morris, to be United States district judge for the district of Minnesota.

Besides these there was a long list of postmasters whose appointments were not confirmed, among them the following from Pennsylvania: Joseph M. Bloss, Titusville; John H. Martin, Clearfield, and Moses A. Flotz, Chambersburg. These appointments all expire with the present congress, but if the president again sends the nominations to the senate they can be confirmed during the extra session.

Tomorrow at noon the extra session of the senate will convene, in accordance with the proclamation of the president. The first business will be the swearing in of the new senators and today, within a few minutes after adjournment, workmen were busy in the chamber putting name plates on the desks of the new members and rearranging the seats. When this formality has been observed and the president's message has been read the senate will probably go into executive session to refer to the proper committees the Panama canal and Cuban reciprocity treaties and then the senate will likely adjourn until Monday to give the committees time to accomplish their work.

It is not apprehended that difficulty will be met in acting upon the treaties in committee, as they have been passed upon once and their reporting again will be merely a formality. There seems at this time to be no disposition to filibuster against the treaties in committee.

The understanding among Republican senators today was that Senator Morgan would not consume very much time in discussing the Panama treaty in the senate. It was said that he expects to conclude the presentation of his arguments against the treaty within a few days, and there appears to be no obstacle in the way of reaching an early vote on that treaty.

As to the Cuban reciprocity treaty the outlook for speedy action is not so favorable. In fact, great uncertainty exists as to the scope and character of the opposition which is to be made to that treaty. Undoubtedly there is a two-thirds vote in favor of the treaty. The treaty gains several votes in the new senate, namely, one from Maryland, where Mr. Gorman succeeds Mr. Wellington; one from Idaho, one from Washington and two from Delaware, losing one from Arkansas and breaking even on Missouri.

There is a general feeling on the part of senators averse to having a long session of the senate. Under any circumstance they do not like the prospect of a long stay in the city, with the necessity for constant attendance on the sessions of the senate, and it is quite well understood that Mr. Morgan will insist upon maintaining a quorum at all times when he is talking. But with a continuous executive session the prospect is still more distasteful to them, as such sessions are unpopular always whenever they are extended.

Extradition treaties with Venezuela and with Mexico will demand action. It is also likely that some of the reciprocity treaties will be given attention, especially the French reciprocity treaty. The senate being a continuous body, all of the treaties are still before it and they will be treated as new matters.

L. W. STRAYER.

IN THE SENATE

Washington, D. C., March 4.—The senate was called to order at 10 o'clock today for the last sitting of the Fifty-seventh congress, but business did not begin until some time later. The delay was due to the absence of a quorum and to the fact that Mr. Cockrell insisted upon the presence of the necessary number before taking up the work of the day.

President Pro Tem. Frye was, as usual on the minute in ascending to the seat of the presiding officer, but only about a dozen senators faced him. The countenances of most of them bore evidence of the two prolonged sessions of Monday and Tuesday, but the indications of fa-

Continued on 2nd Page, 6th Column.

IN THE HOUSE

Washington, D. C., March 4.—The desks were clear for the final adjournment at noon when the house reconvened at 10 o'clock this morning. The storm which culminated at 4 o'clock this morning, when Mr. Cannon delivered his scathing arraignment of the methods of the senate during the consideration of the conference report on the general deficiency appropriation bill, had passed.

Although members had had little more than time to go home for baths, fresh linen and breakfast in the interim since the adjournment shortly before daylight, they were back in their places for the closing ceremonies. The leaders

Continued on 2nd Page, 2nd Column.

RISK THEIR LIVES ON TROLLEY CARS

Hundreds Must Stand on the Bumpers in Order to Reach Their Homes---Deplorable Conditions.

It has required but two spring-like days to bring the people of Pittsburgh to a realization of the fact that they are in for a crush on the trolleys greater than last year. The increase of population and business brings with it a greater use of the cars, with the result that the people brought out by the bright weather have been subjected to more discomforts than ever before.

The staff photographer of The Gazette yesterday evening took a few pictures of the many obtainable showing how people are compelled to stand on the bumpers outside the vestibules and hold on as best they may in order to reach their homes. The platforms and aisles are crowded almost to suffocation, while the conductors cry out, "Step forward, please!" so that more nickels may be garnered. Apparently no effort is made to prevent people crowding the cars to an extent that is not only unsafe but indecent.

And this condition does not exist upon only one of the lines illustrated. It can be found on nearly every division of the system during the evening rush hours. The lines running out Fifth avenue are almost as badly overcrowded as those running to Avalon, Carnegie, Etna and Sharpsburg. There are thousands who can testify that the pictures but faintly show the actual conditions. While but a few are seen on the bumpers, the crowd in the aisles is such that it is almost impossible for one at the front end of the car to make his way out at the rear.

Especially is this condition of affairs an insult to the women passengers. Many of them dread the going-home trip in the evening. They know that they will be subjected to surroundings that any respectable woman abhors. They are jostled and squeezed, their skirts are torn, shoes trampled on, and quite frequently men who do not deserve the name take advantage of the crowded car to make it decidedly unpleasant for them. Several of the large department stores have endeavored to relieve this condition somewhat by closing their stores at 5:30 in the hope that the women employes will be able to get home before the rush comes. But even this expedient is without results. The cars begin to carry heavy loads at 4:30 and continue doing so until long after 6.

So far the Pittsburgh Railways Company has done but little to relieve this cattle-car-like service. Additional cars have been put on and promises of more power are made, but it will not be available until late in the fall. In the meantime open cars will soon make their appearance and more people will want to ride, but whether they will be able to do so in comfort can reasonably be answered in the negative.

The Gazette would be pleased to receive suggestions from the thousands of strap-holders and hangers-on as to their plan for abating this disgraceful state of affairs, and providing some remedy for the evil which daily grows worse.

PRESIDENT CLOSELY SCANS ALL MEASURES

Holds Informal Reception in His Room in Senate Wing of Capitol.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 4.—President Roosevelt, accompanied by Secretary Loeb and two or three members of the White House executive force, arrived at the capitol shortly after 10 o'clock today. He was conducted at once to the president's room in the senate wing. There he was joined soon afterward by the members of his cabinet.

While the business of the senate was being concluded senators and members of the house called upon the president in his room, some of them taking to him bills in which they were interested personally. All measures presented for signature were scanned carefully by the president and members of the cabinet who were interested in them.

The bills went through the regular channels. After being entered by the executive clerks in the White House record they were examined by the members of the cabinet whose departments were affected by them. Then they were signed by the president.

Soon after the president's arrival both the sundry civil and the general deficiency appropriation bills were presented to him, and after their approval by the cabinet President Roosevelt affixed his signature.

The naval appropriation bill was the last of the big supply measures to which the president affixed his signature. Just previous to signing that bill he had signed the public buildings bill to which members of congress throughout the country are interested.

By 11:45 o'clock the president had signed all the bills presented to him, and a few minutes later, the announcement of the fact was made in both the senate and the house.

When final adjournment was taken President Roosevelt held an informal reception to senators and members of the house, in his room. At 12:10 o'clock he was escorted to his carriage by a detachment of capitol police, headed by Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate Daniel M. Hansdell, and returned to the White House.

JUVENILE COURT BILLS PASSED BY THE HOUSE

Opposition Disappears and Unanimous Vote Is Cast for the Measures.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, March 4.—The last of the juvenile court bills were passed today by the house of representatives, each by a unanimous vote. There was a large delegation of women and others interested in this legislation present when the bills were called up. Among them was Miss Sara Ormsby Eaton of Pittsburgh.

Speaker Walton, who has taken a deep interest in these bills, promptly recognized Representative Pusey of Delaware when he called up the bills. Senate bill No. 9, the last of the series, was the one which it was believed would be opposed. It provides that "No child under the age of 16 years shall be committed by any magistrate or justice of the peace to any institution of correction or reformation, but all applications for such commitments shall be made to the court of quarter sessions of the county."

Managers of the House of Refuge of Delaware county had made this bill their particular target. They had enlisted the active co-operation of several of the most influential members of the house in opposition to the bill. It appears that some of them were under the impression that the passage of the bill would result in a falling off of the commitments to the institution. The test came after all the other juvenile court bills had been passed. Several of the members who had said they would vote against the bill announced this morning that they had concluded not to oppose it. When the roll was called not a single member of the house voted no. The bill received 147 votes, or 10 less than was recorded for each of the others voted on today.

The bills amended in the house will be passed by the senate.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

Run Down by an Engine.

ALTOONA, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—While crossing the Clearfield & Bellefonte branch railroad tracks at Tyrone to catch a train, Frank J. Riley of Portsmouth, O., was run down by an engine and seriously injured. He was brought to the hospital here, where he died this afternoon.

PRESIDENT CONGRATULATES CONGRESS ON ITS GOOD WORK

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4.—President Roosevelt this afternoon sent the following letter to Hon. David B. Henderson, late speaker of the house of representatives:

WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4, 1903.

My Dear Mr. Speaker:

As I did not see you today at the capitol I wish to write you a line to congratulate you on the work accomplished by the congress which has just closed. There were certain measures of importance, the failure to act upon which I greatly regretted, but it is nevertheless true that, taken as a whole, no other congress of recent years has to its credit a record of more substantial achievement for the public good than this, over the lower branch of which you presided. I congratulate you and it and I wish you well wherever your future may lead you. Sincerely yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Hon. D. B. Henderson, House of Representatives.

RAMSEY FEARS GREAT STRIKE WILL RESULT

Wabash Trouble Likely to Spread to Other Railroads.

ISSUES WARNING TO HIS EMPLOYES

Union's Attorneys Preparing to Fight for Dissolution of Injunction Today.

TALKING OF ARBITRATION

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

St. Louis, Mo., March 4.—Contrary to expectation, no motion was filed in Judge Elmer B. Adams' court today for a dissolution of the injunction granted the Wabash railway yesterday restraining the grand officers of the O. R. T. and B. L. E. and the wage increase committees of the Wabash firemen and trainmen from ordering, assisting, aiding or abetting a strike of the Wabash employes.

Such a motion will, however, be filed tomorrow by Attorney E. Jay Pinney of Cleveland, general counsel for the Brotherhood of Trainmen and W. T. Irwin, Peoria, Ill., attorney for John J. Hannahan, grand master of the B. L. F., who arrived in St. Louis this morning and spent the entire day in planning their legal battle with the Wabash.

These attorneys, while too busy today to discuss the injunction issued by Judge Adams in detail, expressed their astonishment at the sweeping nature of the restraint imposed by him and made no effort to conceal their opinion, that it is the most important legal ruling to organized labor in the history of the nation.

F. N. Judson and F. N. Green were engaged today to assist the railway men's counsel in the legal battle.

The entire Wabash strike situation hinges on the injunction. The labor leaders have announced in signed statements that they will do nothing to violate the order of the court, pending their efforts to have that order annulled. But, it is generally conceded, that if the labor leaders find that the legal battle is to be prolonged indefinitely from court to court they will not need to issue a strike order to the employes of the Wabash. If a strike is not ordered by the labor leaders, it is said, it will be agreed upon and inaugurated at a certain day and hour by the men themselves.

President Ramsey in his statement issued to the Wabash employes this evening, denying Chief Morrissey's charge that he, Ramsey, had for years held labor organizations in contempt, emphasizes the gravity of the situation and expresses the fear that a general strike on the Wabash would follow the going out of trainmen and firemen, and that this in turn would be followed by a general tie-up of transportation interests, in comparision with which the anthracite coal strike would pale into insignificance.

Some talk of arbitration of the Wabash disputes has been heard today, but it was desultory. When asked if he would be willing to refer the disputes to the National Civic Federation in New York for arbitration, President Ramsey said:

"When the National Federation offers its services we will consider the question."

P. H. Morrissey, grand master of the Order of Railway Trainmen, said: "Our organization is committed to the policy of arbitration."

FORMER MAYOR AMES ORDERED INTO COURT

NASHUA, N. H., March 4.—An order of the supreme court in the habeas corpus proceedings brought by counsel for Dr. A. A. Ames, former mayor of Minneapolis, who is wanted in that city in connection with the bribery scandals, was served upon Dr. Ames at Hancock, where he is under arrest. The court orders that Dr. Ames shall appear on March 11 and show cause why he should not be taken back to Minneapolis for trial.

Prominent Drug Man Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4.—Malcolm Smith, president of the Smith, Kline & French Company, one of the best known wholesale drug houses in the country, died today at his home in this city. He was 72 years of age.

ORTHOGRAPHY AND POLITICS CAUSE STRIFE

The Mixed-Up Grievances Against California Normal School.

PLANS TO BUILD PUBLIC SCHOOL

It Is Feared That Young Pupils Will Spell Like Josh Billings.

EDUCATORS NOT ALARMED

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

California, Pa., March 4. Clarion will not be allowed the monopoly of Pennsylvania state normal school sensations. In the southwestern normal district all is not serene, and outspoken grievances are being made against the coduct of the famous old institution in California.

The trouble up here is the result of the grotesque combination of orthography and politics. There is no hint of a "rake-off." There will be no suits for conspiracy or bribery, and no scandals will be aired, but a possible result of the contention will be the erection of a new public school building by the borough of California, to cost over $25,000.

California has never possessed a regularly organized public school. The children of the borough have been educated at the normal, the taxpayers paying a per capita fund into the normal treasury to support the free school pupils. For more than 30 years this scheme had given satisfaction, but last year there was a hitch in the old town's educational machinery, and recent political dissensions have tended to produce still greater friction.

A spelling book is at the bottom of all the trouble. The old-fashioned methods of teaching spelling were long ago rejected by Dr. Theodore B. Noss, principal of the normal, and he instituted instead a "speller" of his own, and gives regular drills in the study of orthography.

FEAR JOSH BILLINGS' SPELLING.

This did not agree with the opinions of those who are dissatisfied with the school, and they declare that future generations in this community will spell the king's English after the manner of Josh Billings unless more attention is given to the study. This and other differences of opinion led to the suggestion for the withdrawal of the town pupils from the normal, and the borough directors proceeded to buy a piece of property in the town, which had formerly been occupied by an old academy. They paid $4,250 for the site and had plans drawn for a school building to accommodate 400 pupils.

At the last municipal election the controversy turned to politics. The regular Republican and Democratic nominees supported the normal school, and in the interim a Citizens party was organized. The contest was memorable as a fight between the normal supporters and those who wanted to establish a new public school. The normalites won, but the fight still goes on.

Dr. C. Wesley Yarnall, secretary of the school board, who denies that he took a leading part in the organization of the Citizens party, is an advocate of the old-time spelling book. He said:

"The school directors are not able to fulfill their duties as the oath of office requires. Some teachers have no legal certificate, are not elected by the board and teach the children of the borough under protest from the board. There is not a spelling class in the entire school, and my children today cannot spell as well as they could three years ago when attending the Beallsville public school. Physiology was taught in but one room, and less than one month last year. I am a stickler for spelling, reading, writing and arithmetic. When stockholders of a public institution of this kind, endowed liberally by the state, control the election of trustees, who, in turn fix their own salary, it is about time to complain."

SOME PERSONAL GRIEVANCES.

Others who are dissatisfied with the normal say that the growth of an industrial population in the neighborhood necessitates the teaching of the prime essentials, and favor the withdrawal of the

Continued on 2nd Page, 1st Column.

TO PASS BILL FOR GREATER PITTSBURGH

Measure Is Ready for Final Action in the Senate.

AN AMENDMENT IS AGREED TO

Delegation of Legislators to Inspect Institutions of This City.

BIGELOW DID NOT ARRIVE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
HARRISBURG, PA., March 4.

The Greater Pittsburgh bill, Senator Goehring says, will pass the senate finally next week as amended on second reading today by striking out the word "taxables" and substituting the following: "Upon the petition of 20 per cent of the qualified voters as shown by the registry list of the last preceding general election." The title was amended so as to provide for the payment of the indebtedness of territory annexed.

A sub-committee of the senate appropriations committee will leave here tomorrow night for Pittsburgh to inspect local institutions. They will be taken in charge in Pittsburgh by Senators Magee and Crawford. In Allegheny they will be piloted by Senator Goehring. As the appropriations committee of the house received such splendid treatment as guests of the steel city, all of which they promptly reported upon their return, the budget makers of the senate are very anxious to be beneficiaries of Aladdin-like hospitality.

Thomas S. Bigelow, expected here to see the governor, failed to arrive. Mr. Bigelow today informed the governor by telegram that his physician did not think it safe for him to leave home at present.

Mr. Bigelow will come to Harrisburg to indicate to the governor how he thinks certain available patronage should be distributed.

GOVERNOR INVITED TO PITTSBURGH.

Five members of the Allegheny county delegation today called upon the governor and invited him to attend the anniversary of the surrender of Lee, which will be celebrated April 9 by the J. W. Patterson post No. 157, G. A. R. The committee was composed of Representative Kirker, Weaver, Nichols, Willett and Yellig. The governor thanked the committee, but said that he did not think it would be possible for him to accept the invitations for the reason that, as the legislature would then be in its closing sessions, he would be too busy officially to leave Harrisburg.

The house this afternoon killed one of Senator Goehring's remedial street acts, which was on third reading. It will be re-considered and passed. This was the act providing for the change in the new charter of "recorder" to mayor and was intended to protect the city of Pittsburgh in the matter of certain improvements made about the time the charter went into effect.

John W. Herron, banker, of Monongahela, headed a delegation which today appeared before the house law and order committee, in opposition to the local option repealer now pending.

"Compulsory voting of primary and general elections in the state and providing a penalty of $100 for violation thereof is the idea of Representative H. J. Zane of Bucks county, as explained in two bills which he introduced in the house today.

The other bill of Zane's makes voting compulsory at primary elections, and provides penalties for violation thereof. The bills provide for the selection of election officers and then obtaining the names of those who do not vote and reporting them to the courts for the imposition of proper penalties.

ERIE WANTS STATE LAND.

Senator Sisson of Erie today introduced a bill providing for the grant by the state of 175 acres of land in the Presque Isle tract, which the city of Erie made an effort to secure by legislative enactment two and four years ago. It is set forth that it is thought necessary for the protection of the health of the citizens of Erie that filled water should be secured, and the legislature is asked to give this ground, without compensation, to the commissioners of the water works.

Senator Myron Matson of McKean pre-

sents the latest road bill. It appropriates $1,750,000 for the use of a bureau of public highways to be attached to the department of internal affairs and officered by a $3,000 chief, two $1,800 assistants, one $1,500 chief clerk and three $1,200 draughting clerks. The money is to be apportioned among the townships at the rate of one-half the amount raised by local taxation for road purposes.

Senator Magee put in a bill extending the time limit on the $20,000 appropriation to the Hawkins Memorial association.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

MANY NEW MEASURES PRESENTED IN HOUSE

Final Action Is Also Taken on Several Bills of General Importance.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

HARRISBURG, March 4.—The following bills were presented in the house.

Mr. Field, Philadelphia, extending the provisions of the act of June 18, 1895, to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made by their patients to proceedings for divorce and in equity and other legal proceedings.

Mr. Montgomery, Huntingdon, authorizing the employment of male prisoners of jails, workhouses and industrial reformatories upon public highways, the purchase of material and tools and employment of deputies at the expense of the county and a penalty for an escape of prisoners while employed outside of such institutions.

Mr. Stroup, Dauphin, amending the act of April 23, 1848, relating to divorce, so as to extend its provisions to the husband.

Mr. Campsey, Washington, making the burgess of a borough the head of its fire department and authorizing him to command the assistance of any citizen and fixing a penalty of $10 or not more than five days' imprisonment in the borough lockup for refusal to give assistance.

Mr. Call, Philadelphia, prohibiting the appointment of deputy constables.

Mr. McElroy, providing that persons who shall lock up or detain children under the age of 10 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and subject to a fine of $50 and three months in jail.

Mr. Smith, requiring county commissioners to advertise for proposals for repairing bridges when the cost is over $100.

Mr. Morris, making it a misdemeanor for retail coal dealers to sell less than 2,240 pounds as a ton of coal, allowing 40 pounds for variations of scales.

Mr. Eaton, forfeiting a married woman's rights in a deceased husband's estate if she shall have deserted him for two years previous to death.

Mr. Enright, to permit managers of theaters in one part of the state to hold a liquor license in another part.

The bill creating a board of osteopathic examiners was laid over in the house this morning until its projectors can be heard in public meeting.

The following bills also passed finally: Authorizing city treasurers to sell at public sale properties upon which taxes are unpaid; authorizing the governor to appoint a deputy forestry commissioner and a clerk to the forestry commissioner; regulating the catching of bull frogs and terrapin; requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file with the prothonotary transcripts of proceedings in suits brought before them; regulating boroughs, townships and school directors; extending the act of July 10, 1901, regulating the legal relations of an illegitimate child or its heirs with each other and the mother and her heirs, to cases now pending where the estate of such illegitimate or mother has not been actually paid to and received by collateral heirs of the commonwealth; authorizing commissioners of public parks in cities to acquire adjoining private property for the preservation of the water supply or for the health and enjoyment of the people; authorizing common pleas and orphans courts to appoint and remove trustees; providing that after July 1, 1903, no appeal shall be allowed from a justice of the peace or alderman unless the appellant make affidavit that it is not for the purpose of delay; providing for defenses to tax and municipal claims; making provisions for the filling of vacancies in the offices of high constable and constable in boroughs and townships.

The bill authorizing boroughs to require the paving, curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof, either with or without petition of the property owners, and to collect the whole or any part of the cost and expense as shall be provided by the ordinance requiring such paving to be done, failed on final passage.

The senate bill amending the act of May 22, 1895, relating to public improvements in cities, providing for the approval of ordinances by the city recorder and the number of publications of the ordinance, also failed on final passage.

ORTHOGRAPHY AND POLITICS CAUSE MUCH STRIFE

Continued from First Page.

public school pupils, because the children of workingmen feel uncomfortable in the classroom beside students who are pursuing higher branches and are preparing for a professional career.

Dr. Noss says the ill-feeling grew out of personal grievances, and declares that the great majority of the people would reject any proposition to establish an independent public school.

"Under our arrangement the children in California receive greater advantages than the public school pupils of Pittsburgh and the other large cities," he said. "The teachers are elected by the school board, after being nominated by the principal of the normal. If a public school should be established there is little doubt that the majority still would attend the normal. As for spelling, that study is our hobby. It is true that we do not have spelling 'bees,' and do not stand pupils along the wall and allow the successful one to 'trap,' but our class reports will show that the pupils here are as good spellers as you can find anywhere in the state."

In the meantime the public school site lies idle, and the plans for the proposed building are quietly pigeonholed. Continued agitation for separate schools would engender bitter strife, because the California normal is one of the most deriving institutions in the state.

JOHN P. COWAN.

MONEY FOR PITTSBURGH.

Sunday Civil Appropriations Bill Is Signed By President Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4.—(Special.)—The sundry civil bill was signed by the president today. It authorizes the secretary of war to transfer to the control of the secretary of the treasury as a marine hospital site so much of the arsenal grounds in Pittsburgh as may be required for that purpose, not to exceed three acres in extent, fronting on Penn avenue, Thirty-ninth and Fortieth streets.

For construction of postoffice buildings the following local items are carried: McKeesport, $25,000; New Castle, $31,250; Oil City, $15,000; Washington, Pa., $15,000.

For work on the Ohio river near Pittsburgh are these items: Dams 12 and 18, $350,000; dams 2, 3, 4 and 5, $300,000; lock at dam 8, $200,000; lock at dam 11, $200,000; dam 27, $400,000. On the Monongahela river: For completing the reconstruction of lock and dam 2, $455,961.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on box. 25 cents.

GREAT GLOVE SALE
AT CAMPBELL'S FRIDAY
Twelve Hundred Pairs Go for Only
Fifty-Nine Cents a Pair.
When a woman gets a neat-fitting pair of gloves in good elastic kid, in the style of stitching and clasps most in vogue—her favorite shade, for a dollar, she shakes hands with herself in glee.
What will she do when she gets the same glove for fifty-nine cents?
That's what she'll do tomorrow.
That is what she'll do at Campbell's.
She can't do it today.
The advertisement tells the story.

UPRIGHT PIANOS $135, $165.
At Henrichs Piano Co., Ltd.
Two extra fine pianos, look and sound like new. One has been in use less than six months. Call and examine these bargains. Easy terms given. Cut this out to locate place. 611-613 Smithfield street, five doors from Sixth avenue.

IN THE HOUSE.

Continued from First Page.

on both sides were among the earliest arrivals.

The veteran chairman of the appropriations committee, Mr. Cannon, with a red carnation in his buttonhole, came into the hall with his arm around Mr. Dalzell, just as Speaker Henderson, whose long career in congress was to end in two short hours, ascended the rostrum. The speaker, despite the strain of the last few days, looked smiling and serene as he faced the house, gavel in hand.

HENDERSON'S LAST SESSION.

Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, who has been conducting the long filibuster, was on his feet smiling back at the speaker. The Democratic minority were determined to make good their threat, made when Mr. Butler of Missouri was unseated last Thursday, and filibuster to the end of the session.

As soon as the speaker's gavel fell Mr. Richardson announced blandly, that no quorum was present, and thereupon Mr. Payne, the majority leader, moved a call of the house.

The calling of the roll, which seemed to visitors in the galleries to have been going on continuously for the past week, began. The buzz of conversation in the galleries, checked momentarily by the bang of the speaker's gavel, was resumed. Members on the floor talked and laughed, and the cracked voice of the reading clerk arose hoarsely above the din. The speaker several times was compelled to admonish the house to preserve order so that the clerk could hear the responses.

NEW SPEAKER IN CHAIR.

As the roll call was concluded a remarkable scene occurred. Speaker Henderson yielded the gavel to Mr. Cannon, the incoming speaker. As the latter took the chair the members broke into a burst of applause in which the galleries joined. It was quite as much a compliment to the retiring speaker as to Mr. Cannon. The speaker retired to his room in the rear of the hall and Mr. Cannon then announced the motion for a call of the house, defeated, 17 to 134. Amid intense silence Mr. Payne, the majority leader, then arose and offered the following resolution of thanks to the retiring speaker:

Resolved, That the thanks of this house are presented to the Hon. David B. Henderson, speaker of the house of representatives, for the able, impartial and dignified manner in which he has presided over its deliberations and performed the arduous and important duties of the chair during the present term of congress.

As the reading was concluded Mr. Cochran (Dem., Mo.) was on his feet demanding recognition, but the chair ruled that Mr. Payne was entitled to the floor. The majority leader faced the minority as he announced that he considered it a high honor and privilege to be permitted to offer this resolution, pointing out that it was not the first time that such a resolution had come from the majority side. He cited the instances of Clay, Polk, Banks and the late Speaker Reed.

GALLERIES TAKE UP APPLAUSE.

As he concluded with a glowing tribute to Speaker Henderson the whole Republican side broke into hearty applause. But there was dead silence on the Democratic side.

When Mr. Payne demanded the previous question and Speaker Pro Tem. Cannon put the question there was a second of oppressive silence. All eyes were on the Democratic side. From the rear row Mr. Cochran arose quickly and in a loud voice cried "Division!" and then the "ayes and noes!"

From the Republican side came a sibilant sound like a hiss.

"The gentleman from Missouri demands the ayes and noes," announced the chair. "As many as are in favor of ordering the ayes and noes will rise and stand until they are counted."

Mr. Cochran was already on his feet. Mr. Burleson (Dem., Texas) at his side joined him, and with some seeming hesitation a score of other Democrats also arose to their feet. Mr. Richardson, Mr. Underwood, Mr. Williams (Miss.), Mr. De Armond and other prominent men on the minority side remained seated.

The sound on the Republican side now became distinctly a hiss, and from the galleries also came similar signs of disapprobation. In all only 21 Democrats arose. The chair counted and still amid intense silence announced that 21 had seconded the demand.

DEMOCRATS ARE SILENT.

"Forty-two are necessary to order the ayes and noes," he announced, "not a sufficient number, and the ayes and noes are refused."

A great wave of applause swept over the Republican side and was taken up by the spectators in the overhanging galleries as the announcement was made. Now the question came on the adoption of the resolution. Again Mr. Cochran demanded a record vote. This time only 17 Democrats joined in the demand and the announcement that the resolution was adopted was hailed with redoubled applause.

At six minutes of 12 Speaker Henderson re-entered the hall and ascended the rostrum, amid a great demonstration on the Republican side, which extended to the Democratic side and the galleries.

The applause grew into cheers, and the vast majority of Democrats rose with the Republicans to their feet to join in the demonstration. Then it ceased for a moment, as Mr. Payne of the committee announced that the committee had waited on the president and that he had conveyed his congratulations, "whether it was proper for him to do so or not."

Mr. Cannon, still standing at the side of the rostrum, then in a clear voice read the resolutions adopted by the house. Speaker Henderson was visibly affected as he faced the galleries and the members of the house for his valedictory. For half a minute he paused, to control his emotions, before beginning. Then in a voice that trembled at first, but grew gradually stronger as he proceeded, until his words rang out, he delivered what was perhaps the most touchingly human farewell address ever delivered from the speaker's chair. Speaker Henderson said:

WEALTH OF FRIENDSHIP.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives: An age spent under this dome must give opportunity for forming many and strong ties. Constituted as I have been from childhood, friendship is an essential element of my life's food (applause) and whether on the floor or in the chair I have found a bountiful supply in this hall. (Applause.) I have seen beautiful and instructive things on this floor, sharp, able, feeling debate, and debate, gentlemen, is the foundation and sustaining power of American liberty. (Applause.) But I have seen another beautiful thing. When the flag was raised in war I have seen both sides of this chamber, as one man, put $50,000,000 into the hands of the chief magistrate and say "Lead on," without a dissenting voice. (Applause.) I say that is that spirit that I have believed that there was no future moment when the disintegration could come to this republic. (Applause.) And when I saw the young men from every state in the Union bounding eloquent to the call and rushing into the ranks of war, there was absolute confirmation of that belief. (Applause.)

I have no fears for the future of my country. Let no one be disturbed by the battles on this floor. As I said, they are guarantees of freedom, and I approve them. At times there may be scars left, but they are not scars that leave a permanent cripple; they are scars that leave the soul and the manhood without a dangerous wound. For one, go where I may from this hall, I shall carry with me in my heart an affectionate recollection of the friends that I have here, and I do not know of one enemy. (Applause.) Whenever I meet any member of this body in the future I shall feel that I meet a legislative comrade, and I know that he will meet a friend. (Applause.)

KEEP YOUR EYES ON FLAG.

I am not going to give counsel to this body further than to say that there is nothing more precious than this government for us to fight for. Preserve that, if you lose your life. It is more valuable than anything that can be named. Go on with the rough and tumble battles of legislation, but keep your eye on that flag which God asks us to die for. (Applause.)

When I took this chair I asked the support of this house to aid me in performing the duties of this high office which you conferred upon me. That appeal in my hand has never been defied by either side of this chamber. It is a pleasure to say that. It always secured obedience and recognition when order was demanded. Knowing how cordial we are at times, that is a pleasant recollection to me.

Now, gentlemen, if I know my feelings toward this body of men, I know well that I shall carry with me through life the image of this hour, with its general approval and treatment of me this morning. I shall carry every one of your faces in my memory, and I shall never cease to feel an interest in this great body which stands so near to the happiness of my countrymen. And now, I bid you goodby.

Towards the close he laid down the gavel and reached out his arms to his colleagues, as he spoke of the love and affection with which he would treasure the friendships and memories of his career in the house. When he concluded the cheers from floor and galleries echoed and re-echoed through the hall.

The members with very few exceptions on the Democratic side were on their feet. Suddenly there blossomed out on the Republican side as if by magic, a forest of American flags. Waving these aloft the members sang "America," the galleries rising en masse to join in the chorus.

STIRRING SCENE AT CLOSE.

It was a stirring scene. As the notes of the hymn died away the speaker, who seemingly had forgotten to make the final announcement, turned as if to leave the chair, when he was reminded by the clerk at his side. He turned, and in a clear voice declared the house adjourned sine die.

Then the demonstration of applause was renewed. In the midst of it Mr. Kyle (Ohio) in his sweet tenor voice, began singing "Sweet Land of Liberty." The house took it up as the members surged forward to bid the speaker farewell. He had descended from the rostrum, and standing at the door they filed by, and each received from him some pleasant word and a cordial shake of the hand.

A dozen Republican members gathered on the marble steps behind him and the song changed to "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and later to "God Be With You Till We Meet Again."

This hymn so touched the speaker that he turned to Mr. Tawney (Minn.), while the procession was still passing and asked him to later write out the words and send them to him.

Before all the members had passed the visitors from the galleries began surging onto the floor, also eager to grasp his hand. For over half an hour, the reception was continued and finally broke up with the singing of the doxology. Many ladies had thrust bouquets of flowers into his hands, and when ex-Speaker Henderson finally retired to his room his arms were filled with violets, roses and other choice flowers.

CLOSES HALF CENTURY IN COUNTRY'S SERVICE

Pennsylvania Delegation Pays High Compliment to Hon. Galusha A. Grow.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Among the distinguished men who retired from public life at the close of the fifty-seventh congress, none is held in higher esteem by his colleagues than Hon. Galusha A. Grow, representative-at-large from Pennsylvania. As a token of their regard for him, the members of the Pennsylvania congressional delegation, at a meeting attended by every member, adopted unanimously a preamble, setting forth, in eulogistic terms, the unusual character and duration of Representative Grow's services to his state and to his country, and a resolution expressive of the regret felt by all on account of his retirement from congress.

The preamble recited that his services in congress began nearly half a century ago; that in 1861 he achieved the high honor of being elected speaker of the house of representatives; that in 1896 he received a plurality of 297,445, the largest ever given any candidate for office in any state of the union; and that, while his name has been identified with many great public measures, the act which he is justly entitled to claim as his own is the free homestead law, "under which the public domain has been turned from a wilderness into a world of happy homes." The resolutions continue:

If he had no other claim to remembrance and gratitude of his countrymen, his efficient services as the chief prosecutor of the homestead act would be sufficient to write his name among those whom they delight to honor.

We commend the unblemished conduct, the devotion to duty, and the adherence to principles of the honorable Galusha A. Grow during all his public life. We witness his departure from these halls with regret, and declare that his great public services entitle him to the honor and esteem of his countrymen.

The preamble and resolution, beautifully engrossed upon parchment and signed by each member of the Pennsylvania delegation, was presented to Mr. Grow, with a personal expression of the regard and affection of his colleagues.

BRYAN AT NEW CASTLE.

Entertained by Press Club--Spoke from Private Residence to Several Hundred People.

NEW CASTLE, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—William Jennings Bryan spoke here tonight at the opera house, before 1,500 people, on the topic, "A Conquering Nation." Mr. Bryan spoke under the auspices of the New Castle Press club, and was later entertained at a banquet at the club headquarters. He spent this afternoon at Zellenople, as the guest of Charles Lockwood, a former Democratic candidate for congress, and spoke from the Lockwood home to a crowd of several hundred people, who called and demanded a speech.

LOCAL MEN IN CONCERN.

Pittsburghers in Oil Company Capitalized at Ten Millions. Will Operate in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., March 4.—(Special.)—The Pure Oil Company, a New Jersey corporation with $10,000,000 capital stock, in which Pittsburgh men are largely interested, qualified today to do business in Ohio, and will open headquarters in Woodsfield, where the company's holdings are valued at nearly $1,000,000. David Kirk of Pittsburgh is one of the heaviest stockholders.

RIVER BOOMERS AT NATRONA.

Meeting Held by Allegheny River Improvement Association.

NATRONA, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—Much interest was manifested in a meeting held at the opera house tonight for the purpose of encouraging the improvement of the Allegheny river. Citizens fear that if transportation facilities are not bettered they will lose the plant of the Pennsylvania salt works. G. T. Woffington was chosen chairman and P. F. Voigt secretary.

Theodore Lampert, field secretary of the Allegheny River Improvement association, made an address. Resolutions, asking the secretary of war to order the elevation of the remaining bridges at Pittsburgh, were adopted.

KNAPP ACCUSED WIFE OF MURDERING BABY

HAMILTON, O., March 4.—Alfred Knapp tonight accused his last dead wife of murder. He said she acknowledged to him having killed her baby in Cincinnati in May, 1894, by smothering it. He said it was only a few months old. Knapp's relatives have employed a firm of Cincinnati attorneys to defend him.

Fell Dead at His Home.

Edward Sanders, 33 years old and single, fell dead in his room at his home, No. 516 River avenue, Allegheny, early this morning. He had been in ill-health for some time past and suffered from asthma.

Floor Leader Payne Reviews Great Work Done by Congress

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4.

Sereno E. Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee and Republican leader on the floor of the house, today gave this review of the work of the 57th congress:

The present congress has accomplished three things in anti-trust legislation.

First, it has provided for the expedition of suits and appeals under the Sherman act and given sufficient funds and officers for that purpose.

Second, it has provided for publicity in regard to corporations.

Third, it has passed a bill to prohibit rebates on freight rates which, in my judgment, will do more than any other law that could be enacted to correct the evils of monopoly.

It has passed an immigration bill not so stringent as that proposed by the house, but a long way in advance of the present law.

It has passed a bill to create a department of commerce and labor, giving these two subjects of such varied interest a prominent and permanent place in the executive departments of the government.

It has rescinded the Spanish war taxes.

It has provided for the building of the isthmian canal, and no doubt the senate in the near future will ratify the treaty so that work may soon commence.

It has passed several relief measures for the Philippines, giving them a new currency on the gold standard, organizing the constabulary, improving the government, giving them a tariff, all the revenue from which is dedicated to the expenses of their government for education and improvement, and appropriating for their relief from losses incurred by the ravages of the epidemic that took from them 90 per cent of their draft animals.

It has passed various bills providing forms of government in Alaska.

In response to popular sentiment it has suspended the duty on all coal for a year and removed all doubt as to free anthracite coal for the future.

It has adopted various amendments greatly improving the present bankruptcy law.

It has passed the army staff bill and the militia bill, putting the national guard on a permanent and well-organized basis.

It has provided for the redemption of Hawaiian silver and given the islands a fixed standard.

It has met our just obligations in reimbursing the Hawaiian government for large expenses incurred in suppressing the bubonic plague.

It has extended the Chinese exclusion laws and made them more effective.

It has ratified the charters of national banks, provided a permanent census bureau, passed general irrigation laws.

It has supplemented our former wholesome legislation for Porto Rico.

Bills passed have failed in the last hours of the senate because a few members of the minority party in the senate are able to take advantage of the lack of rules in the co-ordinate branch of congress.

Among the most important are the reduction of the Philippine tariff, the Panama canal treaty, the Cuban reciprocity treaty and the anti-anarchy bill. Some important features of this measure, however, have been embodied in the immigration bill and are therefore not lost.

This congress has also settled more private claims, passed more private pension bills and given greater attention to private business than any of its predecessors.

DRANK ALMOST A FULL QUART; THEN EXPIRED

Millman's Wife Refused a Reconciliation and He Began to Imbibe Whiskey.

Grieved because his wife refused to enter into a reconciliation with him, Frank Supkio of Stowe township drank himself to death yesterday afternoon. He was 37 years old and came to this country from Poland nine years ago. He had a quarrel with his wife and for that reason emigrated. He boarded with a brother and worked in the mills. Recently his affection for his wife returned and he became sorry for leaving the old country. He wrote her a letter asking her to join him here.

Yesterday morning he received an answer in which his wife refused to live with him again. This grieved him so much that he became almost crazed and bought a gallon of whisky and drank the greater part of it. He was found lying unconscious in his room. Physicians were summoned, but the man's heart was too weak to revive him.

An unknown woman was killed by a train at Greggs station on the Panhandle railroad yesterday afternoon. She was walking with another woman, who stepped off the tracks in time to escape the engine, and immediately walked away, leaving her companion lying on the tracks dead. The dead woman was about 35 years old and was dressed in black. On the back of a letter found in her pocket were the names of Charles Hallman and Miss Lafkl. She also had $18 on her person. The women were talking to each other when the train came upon them.

Joseph Alton Sharp, 28 years old, of No. 27 Lowrie street, Allegheny, died at the West Penn hospital yesterday afternoon of injuries received by being struck by a train at Herrs station on the West Penn railroad, Tuesday, February 24. He was a conductor on the West Penn road for 18 years. He was born in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, in 1858, and is survived by a widow and two daughters, Minnie, aged 17, and Lulu, aged 20. He was a member of True Knight commandery No. 203, Knights of Malta, and also belonged to the Order of Railway Conductors. The funeral services will be held at the family residence this evening at 8 o'clock. The interment will be at Blairsville, Pa., on the arrival of train No. 8 on the West Penn road tomorrow.

TO BE JUNE WEDDING.

Yarmouth-Thaw Nuptials to Be Celebrated in Pittsburgh. Groom's Parents May Come.

NEW YORK, March 4.—(Special.)—It has been decided that the wedding of Miss Alice Thaw, daughter of the late William Thaw, to the Earl of Yarmouth will be celebrated on June 2 at Pittsburgh, the home of the bride's mother.

This date is the one fixed by the prospective bride's family. It was at first thought that the wedding would be celebrated soon after Easter.

It is expected that Lord Yarmouth's parents, the Marquis and Marchioness of Hertford, will come over for the marriage. None of the details of the ceremony, however, have yet been arranged.

PLAN ADVANCE IN ORE RATES

CLEVELAND, March 4.—(Special.)—A traffic man of high standing is authority for the statement that during the next few weeks the freight traffic officials of this territory will hold a meeting and discuss the question of rates for the ensuing year. There is a movement on for an advance in the freight rates for iron ore. The rates last season were $1.15 between the lakes and Pittsburgh as a basis. The new rate will probably be $1.23.

MORGAN PRESENT IN CUBAN SENATE

HAVANA, March 4.—The report on the reciprocity treaty with the United States was taken up by the senate this afternoon and went over until Friday after an animated debate. J. Pierpont Morgan and some of his American and Cuban friends occupied the seats set apart for distinguished visitors at the opening of the session.

Pittsburgher Killed in the West.

Charles W. Woolslair, a sheep dealer at the East Liberty stock yards, yesterday received a telegram from Kansas City stating that his brother, William, had been killed on a railroad in that city Tuesday night. William Woolslair was 45 years old and was well known in Pittsburgh, having lived here for years. About seven years ago he went to Chicago as sheep buyer for Swift & Co., and later went to Kansas City to engage in the sheep business. He is survived by his widow and several children. His mother and several brothers reside in Pittsburgh. One daughter, Mrs. William Steward, lives at 220 Swope street.

ALL IS NOW READY FOR THE BIG SURVEY HERE

United States Topographer in the City to Begin Preliminary Work.

Frank Sutton, United States topographer, assigned to Pennsylvania, arrived in Pittsburgh yesterday to assume charge of the work of the topographical and geological survey of this city and vicinity, soon to be started. The surveying of the Pittsburgh district will cost about $75,000, will employ 50 engineers, and will take at least seven months.

Although Mr. Sutton will have charge of the work, H. M. Wilson, United States geographer for the territory east of the Mississippi river, will be the executive head of the work. Mr. Sutton will remain here about a week collecting data, and then will go to Washington. Two weeks later he will return to Pittsburgh and open headquarters here.

This will be the first time this section has ever been surveyed for relief maps. Mr. Sutton last night said:

"Owing to the heavy relief, the hills and hollows, this part of the state will be difficult to survey. The smoke is another great handicap in the downtown section of the city. It will be necessary to wait for clear and mild weather before we commence work."

ROW ON A STEAMBOAT.

Alderman Groetzinger Held Three of the Crew for Court on Assault Charges.

Alderman John Groetzinger yesterday held Ira Price, mate; Worth Jordan, engineer, and Walter Price, watchman of the steamer Nellie Walton, for court in $500 bail each. They are charged by Kate Manks with aggravated assault and battery during a fight on the steamboat on the night of February 14.

F. L. Smith, steward of the boat, who also alleges he was assaulted and thrown under a stove, testified that on the night in question he had been ordered by the captain to lock up his quarters, in which the cook, the chambermaid and himself had apartments. Members of the crew objected to this and the mate broke in the door with a meat cleaver while the captain was running the pilot wheel. Smith told a vivid story of the affair. He said Mrs. Hanks was knocked down and abused; that one of the Price boys ran a fork into her face; that the other and Jordan afterward tried to throw her overboard, and would have succeeded had not the captain appeared and quelled the disturbance. Mrs. Manks gave similar testimony.

While Smith was testifying, a witness on the other side commenced to call him vile names under his breath. The alderman ordered him put out, and another man went with him. After the hearing he attempted to fight with Smith, but the steward was hustled away by several of his friends.

In some accounts of the suit it was erroneously stated that the steamer was the Nellie Hudson. The Nellie Hudson is at Ford City.

HOME WAS SWAMPED AND HUSBAND LEFT

Mrs. Mary Wiggins says her husband, Adam, deserted her and their two children after their home, a shanty boat on the Monongahela river, was sunk by the recent flood. Mrs. Wiggins alleges that Adam makes $3 50 a day as a caiker, but insisted upon keeping the family in the shanty boat. When the ark sank he left. He was arrested and will be given a hearing before Justice G. W. Giles of Homestead today.

Pittsburgh Runaway Boy.

COLUMBUS, O., March 4.—(Special.)—A boy who gave his name to the police as Johnnie E. Long has been learned to be John P. Cameron, wanted at his home in Pittsburgh. He is held here at the instance of his sister and will be sent to Pittsburgh tomorrow. He left home to avoid going to school. He has been in Columbus for the past five weeks, having been quarantined at Haigs mission during the smallpox epidemic there.

Elevated Trains Collide.

NEW YORK, March 4.—In a heavy fog today two trains on the Fifth avenue elevated line, Brooklyn, collided at the Twenty-fourth street (Brooklyn) station. Six persons were hurt, two of them seriously. Within a few minutes there was another collision on the same line at Twentieth street, but nobody was hurt.

Headache
Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by
Hood's Pills
The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

IN THE SENATE

Continued from First Page.

tigue soon vanished, and business proceeded as smoothly as it would have done if the senate had adjourned at 6 o'clock yesterday instead of 2 o'clock this morning.

The attendance in the galleries was also comparatively small. The crowd increased gradually, however, so that by the time a quorum was secured on the floor the audience was respectable in dimensions and apparently sufficiently wide awake to give due attention to the proceedings.

COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Mr. Allison, chairman of the committee on appropriations, made a statement regarding the amount of money appropriated by the present congress as compared with the appropriations of the fifty-sixth congress. The total appropriation for the present congress, he stated, was $1,554,108,518 as compared with $1,440,489,438 for the fifty-sixth congress.

It was a curious but necessary thing, he said, to ask this comparison more in detail than by a mere statement of aggregates. The first and most important item included in this statement for the present congress is an appropriation of $50,130,000 for the Panama canal, which, he said, accounts for nearly one-half of the increase.

There is also, he said, an aggregate appropriation for the postoffice department of $153,401,549 for the next fiscal year, as compared with $138,000,000 for the current year. This increase, he explained, arises from the enormous increase in expenditures caused by increased postal business. Then, too, he said, the rural free delivery service required large sums. There was, he said, a smaller deficiency than there has been in many years in the postal receipts as compared with the expenditures.

ONE LARGE DIFFERENCE.

He called attention to the fact that the last congress passed no river and harbor bill. In the first session of this congress, he said, $27,000,000 was appropriated for rivers and harbors, in addition to which $20,000,000 was appropriated in the sundry civil bill for carrying out contracts. He said that while it appears that the appropriations of this congress have been largely in excess of those of the last congress, the increase is chiefly made up of three items: for the Panama canal, the postal service and the river and harbor appropriations.

He concluded by saying that the people of the country indorsed these items of increase, and that the opposite political party concurred in them.

Mr. Bailey (Tex.) called up a bill amending the river and harbor act so as to provide that the $125,000 heretofore appropriated for certain river and harbor improvements in Texas shall be used for the construction of a channel in Sabine lake, Texas.

On a yea and nay vote, demanded by Mr. Mason, the senate agreed to take the bill up, 41 to 9. The effect of the vote was to displace the Philippine tariff bill.

MR. HOAR'S LAST SHOT.

It was then temporarily laid aside and Mr. Hoar spoke on the Philippine bill. The bill had been talked to death, he said. This was not in criticism of senators who think that in the closing hours of the session this remedy shall not be dealt with in an hour. The point he made, he said, was that the senate, the executive, the house of representatives and the public are not fit to govern the destinies of a people 3,000 miles away who have no voice in the government.

"It is the first great object lesson," said he, "the wretchedness, the iniquity of what the American people did two years ago in regard to these people."

Mr. Lodge, referring to the Philippine tariff bill, said that its defeat was not through any fault of the committee, nor of the house of representatives. From the beginning of the session down to the present time, he said, he had tried constantly to find an opportunity to pass this bill. He said that as regards the bill affecting any industry in this country it is absolutely impossible on the face of it. He then made a vigorous reply to Mr. Hoar in which he said he did not agree with him in the view that the American people are not able to deal with the great problems in the east.

CAN HANDLE ALL PROBLEMS.

"I believe they are thoroughly able to deal with it as they dealt with greater and mightier problems before," said Mr. Lodge.

Continuing, he said, in these closing hours he could not undertake to argue that question. It is a great misfortune, he said, that the Philippine tariff bill has failed. It was the bill of the house, the committee and the majority of the senate.

"It has been defeated here," he said, raising his voice. "Senators have not hesitated to take the responsibility of killing it."

It was their province to do so, and the country can judge. On their shoulders the blame will lie. When he concluded there was loud applause in the galleries.

Acting upon a resolution, President Pro Tem. Frye appointed Messrs. Allison and Jones (Ark.) a committee to meet a similar committee from the house and notify the president that congress was ready to adjourn.

Mr. Mason (Ill.) took the floor and discussed the statehood bill and the Panama canal treaty.

Mr. Bailey (Texas) interrupted and said it was apparent that Mr. Mason's objection was to talk the Sabine lake bill to death and he would relieve him of the necessity of making this kind of valedictory.

This Mr. Mason denied, claiming the floor in his own right. He said that he had never enlisted under the banner of filibustering. He declared he had never taken advantage of the weak and childish rules of the senate, and he resented the charge that even in the last moment he was endeavoring to delay legislation.

He injected some humor into the proceeding by saying that the statehood bill "has gone floating out on the isthmian canal. The Aldrich bill stands like the first mourner in the procession; the Philippine tariff bill also marches along in the funeral procession, and the pure food and pure drink bill is also marching with the rest.

"All of them gone to an open grave; all of them marked for the dead house because the senate is afraid to trust its own majority to transact business."

He then urged that the rules of the senate be amended, and called attention to the ancient snuff boxes in the senate. There was no more snuff on the Republican side than on the Democratic side. It goes with the rules, he said, because it is a part of the dignity of the senate, and, he added, amid laughter, "like the rules the snuff boxes are as unchangeable as the stars."

Mr. Patterson (Col.) charged that Mr. Lodge himself had defeated the recommendation of the Philippine committee with respect to a tariff.

Mr. Mason, continuing, said the race of people never has been born that can govern another people without their consent and have peace.

"Why not be honest with each other and say we have made a mistake?" asked Mr. Mason.

Under the law of compensation, he said, we are settling for that mistake every hour.

While Mr. Mason was speaking, Secretaries Hay, Root, Hitchcock, Wilson and Cortelyou, Attorney General Knox and Postmaster General Payne entered the chamber and occupied seats on the floor. Secretary Hay, in particular, displayed much interest in Mr. Mason's remarks.

Mr. Allison reported that the special committee had waited on the president, who had said that he had no communication to make, and said, Mr. Allison added:

"If it is in order, I should like to say that I congratulate the two houses of congress upon the admirable work performed during this session."

DOESN'T AGREE WITH MASON.

As Mr. Mason had just been arraigning the senate for its failure to pass necessary legislation, a titter went around the senate which broke out into laughter, in which everybody joined.

At 11:55, five minutes before adjournment, Mr. Bailey was recognized and said that as strong as the temptation was to reply to Mr. Mason, he preferred to have that vote on his bill. Instantly Mr. Mason was up. He remarked that he had "left out the most important part of his remarks," which caused loud laughter.

Mr. Bailey made the point that, having spoken once on the measure, he could not again take the floor. He was overruled by the chair.

"Then," said Mr. Bailey, "I will at least force him to speak this session out."

"The senator from Texas could force me to no more pleasant duty. Like the senator from Texas, nothing pleases me more than to hear the sound of my own voice," retorted Mr. Mason.

Again there was an uproar of laughter.

With only a minute or two remaining before adjournment Mr. Cockrell (Mo.) rose and said it afforded him sincere pleasure to present to the senate a resolution expressing the appreciation of the senate of the "uniform courtesy, impartiality, ability and dignity with which our president pro tem. has presided over the proceedings of this senate."

"I can heartily approve the adoption of that resolution," said Mr. Bailey, "and to say that one of the reasons I approve it is that the president of the senate in a case relating to my occupancy of the floor decided distinctly and positively different from what the present occupant of the chair has decided."

Following this statement there was renewed laughter.

The resolution was then agreed to, and amid handclapping Mr. Frye resumed the chair and thanked the senate for its action, saying:

"I appreciate highly this expression of your confidence. I can only hope that in some regard, as your presiding officer, I may have merited it. May God's benediction be with you all. Your presiding officer declares the senate adjourned sine die."

Twenty-Third Child Born.

WILKESBARRE, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—The twenty-third child of Mr. and Mrs. McCallis of Hazleton was born today. The mother is only 41 years old and was married when she was not quite 17.

BEFORE REMOVING
Ambuhl Bros. Must and Will Close Out Penn Ave. Stock Good Pianos
All Pianos and Organs Going At Nearly Half Price
The Best Makes From Which to Select—Payments So Easy All Can Buy
622 PENN AVE.—OPEN EVENINGS

Predicament! Yes, worse than a predicament. That's our present condition. We must be out of this store promptly March 31. We can't get into our new store on Smithfield street until that date. Our new store must be remodeled, too. Just think of moving a hundred and fifty instruments the same day the other fellow moves out.
It is utterly impossible. We must close out this stock. We will close it out. The cut-to-two prices and the extremely easy terms will do the work.
Are the pianos going? Well, yes, they are now going like the proverbial hot cakes.
We tell you candidly that if a low price and good quality of instrument is what you are looking for, it is time wasted to look elsewhere.
We have never been guilty and never will be of ever stating a business proposition, and while there have been sales and sales by others we do not pretend to advise you as to whether they were legitimate or not, or whether they carried out their advertisements, but we will say this:
We will present to any charitable or public institution any $500 piano in our house if our comparative or sale prices do not show an actual reduction of from $75 to $150 from regularly marked and established prices, and our regular prices are always the lowest.
You will find things here as advertised.
Splendid new plain cased upright pianos, guaranteed standard quality, former prices $250, $275 and $300, reduced to $145, $165 to $195.
Terms $10 to $15 cash, $5, $6 to $7 per month buys them.
Elegant new parlor grand upright pianos, various high class makes, that retail the world over at from $325 and $350 and $400, reduced to $208, $225 and $257. Terms $10 to $20 cash; $6, $7 to $8 per month buys them.
Elegant new cabinet grand pianos, comprising numerous highest grade mak

SURPRISES IN APPOINTMENTS

Court House Positions Given to Persons Who Were Not Expected to Get Them.

OLD MEN ARE RETAINED

Citizens Party People Resent Action of Clerk of Courts and County Treasurer and Recorder in Giving Out Places.

The new county officers made announcement of a number of appointments in their departments yesterday, and much surprise was expressed at the number of retentions of former clerks. Clerk of Courts Francis X. Barr promoted Alexander Herron, a Republican and an old soldier, to an important place in his office, and Recorder J. Denny O'Neill retained the heads of three departments, thereby arousing some resentment among the Citizens party's followers.

The reappointments are pointed to with pride, as evidence of the carrying out of the pledge of the Citizens party that places would be given solely with regard to the welfare of the public service. It is asserted positively that the men are not kept because they might have failed to work against the Citizens party at the February election.

The appointments were announced after the final conference held by County Treasurer D. F. Collingwood, County Controller R. J. Cunningham, Recorder O'Neill and Clerk of Courts Barr. They talked together several hours. Alexander Herron, formerly road clerk and now chief clerk in Mr. Barr's office, has been connected with the office of the clerk of courts 25 years. The appointment was made at the request of many judges of the courts and a number of lawyers.

TRIO RETAINED BY O'NEILL.

The three men whom Mr. O'Neill retained are George T. Hetzel, deputy recorder; John Gullett, head of the transcribing department, and C. B. Sharp, chief copyist. They had been with Mr. O'Neill's predecessor, the late George M. von Bonnhorst, for years, and until recently were active political workers.

Mr. O'Neill appointed the following new clerks: M. O. Anderson, Pittsburgh; Miss Catherine Poole, Wilkinsburg; Miss Margaret McQuaide, McKeesport; Miss Sylvia Rosensteel, Sewickley; Miss Tunstall, Homestead; C. J. Keren, Eleventh ward; G. R. Pearson, Twenty-first ward; W. D. George, Wilmerding; T. G. Aten, Braddock; W. A. Gilleland, Wilkinsburg; J. B. Hershey, McKeesport, and Robert Heath, Dravosburg.

Mr. Collingwood retained James Rodgers, the chief clerk for 18 years, in the same capacity. He also kept Alexander Lindsay and S. S. Klingsmith, clerks. The new appointments in the same office are G. W. McKee, Eighth ward; Charles Goetz, Tarentum; David Rodgers, Homestead, and William M. Stewart, No. 38 Curtin street. Goetz had been an employe of Register G. H. Stengel's office, but was discharged by Stengel and taken up by Collingwood.

As announced in advance, Controller Cunningham retained E. N. Randolph, chief clerk; John P. Eberhart, bond clerk, and Charles H. Slevin, clerk. Mr. Cunningham appointed H. K. Mosely of Esplen and Joseph E. Glenn of Carnegie as clerks.

The county officers would not give out the names of the clerks they had discharged, nor would they say anything about salaries. It has, however, been the custom not to let the public know the salaries of clerks, so that the county commissioners could alter salaries as they saw fit, without the public being any wiser. That is one of the old customs the new administration approves and retains.

More vacancies are to exist in the old guard of county employes, for the "cleaning out" has not yet been completed. The appointments will be made public later.

THE WEATHER.

Rain.

The pleasant and sunshiny weather which Pittsburghers have been enjoying for the past three days is at an end for the present, according to the Washington weather man, who predicts rain for this section today, for tomorrow his forecast is for probably fair weather. Yesterday was not so bright as Tuesday, although the atmosphere was somewhat warmer and again brought out the big crowds of pleasure seekers and shoppers. During the day there was a trace of rain. The maximum temperature yesterday was 48 degrees, the minimum 35 and the mean 42. Today will probably be warmer than yesterday, as the official prediction is that the temperature will not drop lower than 35 degrees during the night.

Time of sunrise today..... 6:29 a. m.
Time of sunset today..... 5:55 p. m.

Daily report for yesterday furnished by the United States weather bureau:

Time.	Bar.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m....	30.47	37	74	S.	Rain
8 p. m....	30.51	46	65	S.E.	Clear

Comparative temperature and precipitation for March 4:

	1902	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897	1896
Maximum ...	35	48	50	56	42	44	32
Minimum ...	20	34	31	48	23	25	14
Mean	32	41	40	52	32	34	23
Precipitation	T.	T.	.06	.44	0	T.	0

Maximum temperature (4 p. m.)	48
Minimum temperature (7 a. m.)	35
Mean temperature	42
Normal temperature (for 31 years)	36
Excess in the temperature for the day	6
Excess or deficiency in the temperature since March 1	0
Excess in the temperature since Jan. 1	6
Normal precipitation (for 31 years)	.09
Precipitation for the day	.7
Deficiency in the precipitation for the day	.06
Deficiency in precipitation since March 1	.36
Deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1	.91

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Rain Thursday; Friday probably fair; light to fresh northwest to west winds.

Ohio—Rain Thursday; Friday fair; colder in south portion Thursday; fresh north to northwest winds.

West Virginia—Rain Thursday; fair Friday.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Indian'p'lis	52	Rain	Buffalo	40	Cloudy
Chicago	36	Rain	N. Y. City	44	Clear
Kansas C.	50	Rain	Vicksburg	66	Cloudy
St. Louis	46	Rain	Marquette	28	Cloudy
Cairo	58	Cloudy	St. Paul	30	PtCldy
Des Moines	36	Cloudy	Huron	28	Cloudy
Wash. D. C.	50	Clear	Helena	12	Clear
Louisville	64	Cloudy	Cheyenne	18	Snow
N. Orleans	62	Cloudy	Salt L. C.	42	Cloudy
Philadel.	50	Clear	Denver	26	Cloudy
Cleveland	42	Cloudy	Omaha	32	Cloudy

PRISONERS WERE NOT RECEIVED AT THE PEN

Three Convicts Taken from the County Jail to Riverside Had to Be Brought Back. Feared Smallpox.

Three prisoners convicted in the Allegheny county criminal court and sentenced to the Western penitentiary were refused admission to the big prison in lower Allegheny yesterday, the officials there declaring that as there is smallpox in the county jail the 710 prisoners at Riverside would be in danger of the disease. Deputy Sheriff Joseph Haggerty yesterday took the two "black Joes"—Joe Baker and Joe Bell—colored, and Max Popollo to the penitentiary. The officers refused to put them in cells and declared the convicts would have to be taken away.

"They would not even let me 'uncuff' the prisoners," said Haggerty to District Attorney Haymaker. "I made inquiries for Warden William McC. Johnston, but was told he was ill in bed. I sent to his home for an order allowing me to have the men incarcerated, but he refused to issue it."

"What did you do with the men?" asked the district attorney.

When told they had been returned to the jail Mr. Haymaker said the criminal court judges will be applied to today for an order for the incarceration of the men in the penitentiary. If Warden Johnston can be convinced that there is no danger he will receive the prisoners. If not, they will have to be kept in the jail until there is no likelihood of infection. The jail officials claim there is no smallpox there now and no danger from it. Ten prisoners were received from the jail at the workhouse at Claremont yesterday without any protest.

Baker was sentenced to seven years and six months and Bell to five years and six months for burglary and arson, and Popollo to three years and two months for assault. The "black Joes" were the well-dressed, diamond-wearing crooks who worked all the small towns along the Pennsylvania railroad between here and Altoona, securing several thousand dollars' worth of stuff that was found in their headquarters in Johnstown.

TWO COUNCILMEN CLING TO THEIR SEATS

Appeals to the supreme court were taken yesterday in the cases of James W. Platt and P. J. Donahoe, select councilmen. The appeals will act as a supersedeas of the verdicts brought against both men, on the ground that they were non-residents of the wards in which they were elected. The cases have been hanging fire for a year. The men will serve until the supreme court has handed down an opinion.

BILL TO BE WITHDRAWN FROM CITY COUNCILS

Public Works Officials Will Leave Name of Virgin Alley Unchanged.

The ordinance changing the name of Virgin alley to Virgin avenue will be withdrawn from councils by the department of public works, from whence the bill came. Public works officials state that they do not believe that any suggestion from them regarding the changing of the name of the thoroughfare will be adopted by councils, and they have decided to allow councils to take the initiative if there is any desire to make a change.

Parties owning a small portion of the property in Virgin alley want the name unchanged, their argument being that it is the custom to retain the names of alleys in London and elsewhere. Notwithstanding this argument, many councilmen are in favor of striking out the word "alley" and substituting "street" or "avenue." It is generally considered that an important business thoroughfare in the heart of the city, such as Virgin alley will be when widened, should have a more dignified title than that of "alley."

The suggestion that it be changed to Virginia street has met with considerable favor, for it would omit the objectionable word "alley" and would not remove the historical significance attached to the name of the street.

Want Their Own Water Plant.

The water supply at Crafton has again been shut off and the residents are discussing a proposition to have the borough erect a plant independent of the Chartiers Valley Water Company. The company's irregularity in supplying water during the past year has caused so much inconvenience that residents of Crafton at the next meeting of council will urge that the contract with the water company be not renewed for the coming year. It is said that a water plant, if erected by Crafton, Ingram and Sheraden, can be operated for less than the price paid by the three boroughs for the Chartiers water supply.

New Policemen Sworn In.

Eighteen men were sworn in as substitute policemen by Director A. E. Leslie of the department of public safety yesterday. The men were drawn from the eligible list, having passed the civil service examination. The new men are James McGann, P. H. Gillium, E. F. Moore, Fred Bertine, J. J. Rogan, E. M. Deer, P. F. Hogan, Joseph Williams, Alonzo Ferguson, J. F. Ryan, Charles A. Wessel, T. A. Kain, H. C. Muncy, William Shorler, A. J. Brewer, Ben Multer, B. W. Ward and B. F. Manning.

WESTINGHOUSE PLANT PROJECTED FOR CANADA

Branch Factory of the Nernst Lamp Co. of Pittsburgh Intended for That Country.

Canada is to have a branch factory of one of the Westinghouse companies. Nernst lamps, which were put on the market by the Nernst Lamp Company of Pittsburgh, are to be supplied to the Dominion from a branch factory to be located in that country.

This was formally announced yesterday, but it was stated also that George Westinghouse, who holds the control of the company, has not yet decided upon the location of this plant. The cost also remains unsettled.

Canadian laws of commerce favoring home products are the reasons for a branch factory being located in Canada. When Mr. Westinghouse acquired the patent and selling rights of the Nernst lamp, Canadian patents went with those of the United States.

WABASH REPORTED AS BUYING AT M'KEESPORT

Fifth Avenue Frontage of 90 Feet Sold for $80,000 to Mysterious Persons.

One of the largest deals of the year in McKeesport realty, said to have been consummated for the Wabash railroad, was closed yesterday for about $80,000, or $9,000 a front foot, in Fifth avenue. The price is considered a record breaker.

The property was that of Joseph Blair at Fifth avenue and Sheridan street, 60x140 feet, which brought $54,000, and the adjoining property, 30x140 feet which was sold for $26,000.

The purchaser was Chester E. Glass, who is said to represent Pittsburgh persons. Options on all the property between yesterday's purchase and the river have been secured by unknown persons.

Rescued by Towboat Crew.

Four members from the crew of the towboat Isabella yesterday afternoon rescued Edward Manley of Schoenville from drowning in the Ohio river. Charles Graff of McClure avenue, Allegheny, attempted to take Manley across the river in a skiff from the plant of the Pressed Steel Car Company in Lower Allegheny, where both are employed. A box struck the skiff and overturned it, throwing the young men into the water. Graff was able to swim and immediately struck out for the shore, leaving Manley, who is unable to swim, to shift for himself. After being rescued Manley was taken to McKees Rocks.

MAY BE DRIVEN FAR, FAR AWAY

Pressure of Office Seekers More Than Citizens Leaders Can Stand.

THEY MAY TRY TRAVEL

No Conferences While They Are Away—James W. Clark Has Trouble to Subdue an Insurrection in His Favor.

The pressure for place on the leaders of the Citizens party has become so terrific that they are seriously thinking of following the example set by Edward M. Bigelow last night and fleeing the city. Mr. Bigelow is going that he may learn what the New York doctors think of his chances of preserving his health in case he undertakes the directorship of public safety. Recorder-elect Hays, T. S. Bigelow and Murry Verner don't need any doctors to tell them what will happen to their health if they remain in Pittsburgh. They will probably flit as soon as possible, but their destinations are about 500 miles apart, so that they will hold no conferences. Mr. Hays will probably go to North Carolina, where he has business interests; Mr. Bigelow may visit Colorado Springs, if he does not go to Florida; where Mr. Verner will go is problematical, but it is certain that he will get far enough away.

James W. Clark, the secretary of the Citizens party organization, was active yesterday in preventing the holding of a series of meetings that would have disturbed the peace of the leaders and added to the troubles they are already having. The Thirteenth ward organization on Tuesday night indorsed Clark for public safety director, and it was with difficulty that the passage of hot resolutions directed against the slated candidate—Harry Moore—was prevented. Mr. Clark learned yesterday that a number of ward organizations were to hold similar meetings, and he was kept busy for a while seeing the projectors and asking them to desist.

Mr. Clark rather prides himself on having done his work for the Citizens party without exacting or receiving a promise of appointment, a claim that was borne out the other night, when Recorder-elect Hays told a delegation of Twentieth warders that Clark had never asked to be considered. The delegation replied that that was a good reason to give him a good office.

The story was circulated yesterday that Murry Verner is opposing the appointment of Harry Moore, because of a suit brought by Moore against Verner in connection with the Birmingham Traction Company. Friends of both men deride this story and say that Verner is astute politician enough not to let his past business affairs affect his political judgment.

W. B. Rogers has not yet said whether he will accept the city solicitorship. The friends of E. J. Frauenheim are positive that he will get the city treasurership.

Thomas S. Bigelow sent a telegram to Gov. Pennypacker yesterday saying that he was too ill to go to Harrisburg. Pennypacker had invited Mr. Bigelow to a conference on Allegheny county legislation, the banking commissionership and the county boiler inspectorship.

New Church on Old Site.

The congregation of the Mt. Washington Methodist Episcopal church has authorized Architect E. J. Carlisle to prepare plans for a church building to replace the one destroyed by fire Monday night. The new building will be erected on the site of the old one and will cost in the neighborhood of $25,000. It will be of stone and brick and larger and handsomer than the one destroyed. The trustees will request Andrew Carnegie to present the church with another pipe organ.

Taken to the Penitentiary.

George R. Killen began a sentence of 12½ years and Charles Chesney one of 18 months at the Western penitentiary yesterday. The men were brought here from Westmoreland county by Deputy Sheriff J. H. Trescher. Killen was convicted on a charge of murdering Louis Ernette at Jeannette on November 26 last. Killen's wife alleged that Ernette had insulted her and demanded that her husband kill Ernette. Chesney was convicted of bigamy.

Your Credit Is Good. **PICKERING'S** 10th & Penn, Pittsburgh.

MARCH

MARCH

Nothing in Particular—But We Are Giving A LOT OF NEAT AND USEFUL THINGS to Those Who Buy During This Sale.

A word concerning things that are beautiful as well as useful. All of our fine Brica-Brac will be cut during March. We have taken about 3 dozen large GOLD-PLATED VASES and URNS—all of which sold for more than $10.00 each—ONLY $6.00 FOR YOUR CHOICE. A lot of large mantel pieces cut from $6.00 and $7.00 to $3.85, and a special lot of fine ware, your choice for $1.00 each.

Of Interest to Those Who Are Looking for Fine Toilet Sets.

Without exception—every fine toilet set in the stock will be offered at about one-half its real value. Beautiful Oriental patterns, every new shape, every color, especially those rich dark effects.

$25 12-Piece Toilet Sets for **$16.50**

$20 12-Piece Toilet Sets for **$13.75**

$15 and $16.50 12-Piece Toilet Sets for **$10.75**

Etc., Etc.

Now, if you want something fine that it will take but a little longer to pay for—do not miss this opportunity.

The largest lamp—gold plated—finest decorations—value $12.50,

March Sale Price Only $7.00

That Big Gas Range Department

of ours has been crowded every day this week. Let the good work go on. Come in—see the line—get the prices—"Nuf ced."

A lot of Nickel Tea and Coffee Pots reduced from $1.00 to **35c---** Hurry!

18 Pieces Blue and White Porcelain Dinner Ware, Plates, Cups and Saucers, reduced from $2.00 to **$1.00.**

A lot of $4.00 and $5.00 **PICTURES** Reduced to **$2.00** each

A lot Small Wringers for the Little Ones—useful—Reduced from 50c to **30c** each

Next Week the New Graphophone Department

will be ready for the rush of customers. This line has proven itself one of the most popular we have ever added to our business. Understand, we sell Graphophones at exactly the same prices as all exclusive dealers, but—THE TERMS—that is where we beat them all—"Nuf ced."

DON'T BOTHER ABOUT THE MONEY. **WRITE** FOR CATALOGUE. WE TRUST PEOPLE OUT OF TOWN. FURNITURE—CARPETS—"NUF CED."

"It"

The New and Better Breakfast Food

"It" is the best preparation of wheat—whole wheat with all the good retained—ready cooked, ready sweetened. Just add milk or cream. Everybody likes "It." At grocers.

No cooking required. Always ready for eating. Serve with hot milk in winter, cold milk in summer.

Prepared by The Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N.Y.

Strongest in the World.

Surplus $75,000,000.00.

It Is a Significant Fact

that there are about an even hundred prominent Pittsburgh business men who carry from $100,000 to $200,000 each of Equitable Life Assurance—

The men who have made Pittsburgh by their shrewdness and progressiveness would not buy Equitable Policies if they did not represent all that was highest and best in Life Assurance—

The Equitable Life Assurance Society

Henry B. Hyde, Founder.

Edward A. Woods, Manager, Equitable Floor, Frick Building.

Stop Paying Rent

We are prepared to make arrangements to buy a Home, or pay your Mortgage and let you pay us in Monthly Payments of $5.67 on each $1,000. In case you should become sick we keep up your payments; in case you Die we will Pay the Mortgage and give a clear title to your wife or children. THIS MEANS JUST WHAT IT SAYS.

Office Open from 8 A. M. Until 9 P. M.

Home Security Company

407-408 FITZSIMONS BUILDING, 331 FOURTH AVE., PITTSBURGH.

J. O. HOUSER, East End Agent,

109 S. HIGHLAND AVENUE.

Quality the Keynote of Hamilton's Success in the Sale of PIANOS

Did you ever stop to consider the fundamental element in building the reputation of a piano house?

It is, always has been, and always will be—QUALITY.

The dearest thing in the entire line of musical merchandise is the average so-called "cheap" piano. The manufacturers of such instruments make no effort to produce anything but a showy exterior, while the interior just sufficiently tested to make a sale possible. No attention is paid to such details of structure as assure durability and, consequently, the customer who buys such a piano will have to buy another and better one, sooner or later, or do without an instrument altogether, for the thing which originally looked like a real piano, in course of a little while, becomes a target for severe abuse. Being practically useless, it cannot be regarded favorably under any circumstances.

Of course, there's no intention here to convey the impression that one should pay a high price in order to obtain a good piano, for such an assertion is entirely untrue. But the low-priced piano sold by a reputable house, and the cheap piano sold by an irresponsible firm, are no more alike than a diamond is like an imitation.

So be careful in the selection of your piano.

Hamilton's is not only the foremost piano house in the state, but the place where you can always secure the very best values obtainable. The reputation of this old-reliable house has been built up by over a quarter century of conscientious work on the part of the proprietor. The name is known for miles around and wherever known it is regarded favorably, because of the high standard maintained at Hamilton's, together with the courteous attention to customers and the liberal terms.

Therefore, when Hamilton's say that you can now save from $100 to $200 on the price of a piano, you know what to expect when you come here. The stock is so large, and so carefully selected, that it is a positive pleasure to stroll through the establishment. The bargains are real.

Perhaps you are interested in securing a used piano or an organ? Well, this is your opportunity. There are still a few fair second-hand pianos here at from $50 to $100. Organs at practically your own price—and they are the higher class organs (not the usual run.)

No one who wishes to purchase a piano can well afford to pass by the inducements now held out at Hamilton's.

If you cannot call at once, write for further particulars.

Catalogue Sent Free.

S. HAMILTON,

Hamilton Building.

335 and 337 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

Sole depot for the A. B. Chase, Fischer, Schumann, Hamilton and other fine pianos, and the "Angelus," the only real piano player.

$1,000,000 Capital

No Matter Where You Live

You can make use of the advantages offered by this bank—

4 Per Cent Interest

on all savings deposits, whether made in person or by mail—

Write for the Booklet "A Modern Bank."

The Union Savings Bank,

Frick Building, Pittsburgh.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY

SAPOLIO

'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

Police System of Havana and How It Has Been Reformed, in THE SUNDAY GAZETTE next Sunday.

No matter what you want in chandeliers—it's here—

Reineke, Wilson Co., Wood st. and First ave.

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Thursday, March 5, 1903.

We presume that the bill introduced at Harrisburg to put the cost of advertising liquor licenses upon the county is another of the "reform" measures to be attributed to the success of the Citizens party. The cost of advertising now comes out of the fees, but the pending bill would enrich the clerk's emoluments by the gross amount of the fees and provide him with a large revenue in excess of his salary.

President Roosevelt's commendatory letter to Speaker Henderson included a deserved tribute to the work of the house of representatives under his direction. Despite Democratic filibustering the house transacted a great deal of business during the short session and showed itself responsive to the will of the people and to suggestions from the executive for the advancement of the interests of the nation. The president's compliments to the retiring speaker, personally, afforded a pleasing contrast to the petty refusal of a minority of the Democratic members to vote the customary resolution of thanks to the presiding officer. Altogether the Republican majority in the house and the administration deserve as much the commendation of the country as the senate deserves its censure.

The plans of the Democratic reorganizers for the retirment of Mr. Bryan do not meet with that gentleman's concurrence, and their differences upon the subject can be settled only by a knock-down and drag-out fight. Mr. Bryan is acting upon the principle: "Twice-armed is he who hath his quarrel just, but thrice-armed he who gets his lick in fust." He is now piling in his licks at the reorganizers, and as to Judge Parker he remarks: "He may as well save the worry of a campaign if his acceptance of a nomination depends on the adoption of a platform that repudiates the Kansas City platform." Mr. Bryan cries aloud for the old issues and nothing but the old issues. He says: "The platform of 1896 was Democratic and the questions raised by it have not been settled. The platform adopted at Kansas City was also Democratic and the issues raised by it have not been settled." Hence there is no need of new issues. The situation of affairs in the national Democratic party presages what Roscoe Conklin once described as "a halcyon and vociferous time."

The decline of prohibition in public favor as a means of preventing the evils of the liquor traffic is strongly marked by the action of Vermont in adopting the high license system after trying prohibition for 50 years. The popular majority was very small in favor of permitting cities and towns to adopt the high license system, but in local elections since the prohibition vote has fallen off the vote for license has been increased. Towns that voted against the local option law have since voted in favor of licensing the liquor traffic. The difficulty with prohibition is that it does not prohibit, and the unlicensed traffic is more mischievous than traffic licensed and regulated by law. Pennsylvania is entitled to the credit of taking the lead in controlling the liquor traffic by a combination of high license and judicial regulation. The system has worked better than prohibitory legislation, and public sentiment is averse to attempts to change it. There is a bill pending at Harrisburg to take the granting of licenses away from the courts. It ought not to pass, and if it should be passed we hope Gov. Pennypacker will veto it.

Recently the Bulgarian government arrested the leaders of the Macedonian committees and seized their books and papers. It was determined to strengthen the frontier guards and also to establish a flying column to intercept bands attempting to raid Turkish villages in Macedonia. Notwithstanding these efforts to prevent the use of Bulgarian territory as a base for Macedonian insurrection, cable advices report that an increased number of Bulgarian bands are now operating in Macedonia and that encounters with Turkish troops are frequent. The methods which have been adopted by the revolutionists to foment disorder in Macedonia excite strong resentment in Europe against the movement, and the continental powers seem agreed that whatever is done, Macedonia shall not become an independent state, nor shall it be annexed to Bulgaria. It is, however, agreed that better methods of administration must be introduced and pressure is now being applied to the Turkish government to concede the desired reforms. Turkish obstinacy may, however, frustrate this effort. Meanwhile the disorder is spreading, and war may be the outcome, despite the general desire of the powers, including Russia, to reach a pacific settlement.

Of course, while members are holding up legislation, the majority in the senate who wait upon the pleasure of the minority must have some way to make the time pass agreeably. This perhaps explains the fact that during the first session of the congress just ended twelve packs of playing cards and three sets of dominoes were purchased for the use of senators. Twelve quarts of hair tonic were also used, presumably to cool their fevered heads. Manicure sets were requisitioned by three senators, and no less than 162 pocketbooks and purses were purchased for the use of senators. Some appear to have also taken care of their lady friends at government expense, for among the items charged to the senate contingent fund are eleven mesh bags of gun metal or sterling silver, to hang from the waist, four beaded bags and three "wrist bags." The effete monarchies of Europe can show nothing to match the practices in which the senators of the United States indulge themselves.

A Disgraceful Record.

If a congressional election were coming on this year the record of the session just closing would be a millstone about the neck of the Republican party. The blame rests altogether on the senate. The house has made a good record, and for the disorder towards the close the Republican party is not responsible. Despite Democratic filibustering, the house has retained control of its proceedings and can point to a series of measures considered and passed, remarkable for a short session. The senate has been the death chamber of legislation, not by trial and execution of sentence, but by sheer starvation. The constitutional scheme provides for legislation by majority vote, but the senate has converted itself into a Polish diet, and any member can hold up and frustrate the public business by refusing to allow a vote to be taken. As a result measures of such vast importance as the Panama treaty, the Cuban treaty and the Philippine tariff bill have never reached a vote. The treaties may be considered and acted upon during the special session of the senate, but the legislative measures die of inanition. Among them are the pure food bill, the Aldrich finance bill, the bill for the protection of the president, and the Philippine tariff bill.

The Polish veto upon legislation claimed by each member of the senate was exhibited in all its nakedness by Senator Tillman when he threatened to defeat the appropriation bills then pending unless an appropriation was made to pay certain South Carolina claims amounting to $47,245. The house had refused the appropriation, but Senator Tillman said: "It must go in or I will defeat both the remaining bills." This was blackmail pure and simple, but congress submitted and a provision to pay the claims was inserted.

Such indecencies of procedure are doubtless encouraged by the way in which congressional action is put out of touch with public opinion as expressed at the polls. The congressional election takes place after the first session of the sitting congress, so that voters act without having the complete record of congress before them. When congress meets for the short session, the succeeding congress has already been elected, and members of the expiring congress do not have the fear of the people to hold them in check. Hence the second session is apt to be marked by looseness and extravagance, particularly in the senate, whose corrupt tendencies then operate with greater freedom from party interference than at any other time. The behavior of the senate has, however, been more scandalous during the session just closed than ever before. It has brought upon itself the contempt and derision of the American people, and the necessity of reforming its methods has become so manifest that it promises to become a practical issue of our politics. The existence of constitutional government is imperilled by the monstrous growth of oligarchical rule under cover of the insensate rules and practices of the senate. The people cannot reach the senate directly, but they can reach the party in power through the election of members of the house, and any party identified with the practices of the senate is likely to be defeated at the polls. Nor is this unjust, for when it is made a matter of life or death to party, party organization will find the way to bring the senate under control.

The Extra Session.

Looking ahead to the called session of the senate, the prospect for obtaining what the whole people desire is not as good as could be wished. The Panama canal treaty will be ratified, possibly with minor amendments. Senator Morgan declares he has never filibustered against legislation and will not do so in the extra session, though he will insist upon the senate considering the amendments he has offered and which he avers he believes necessary to protect American interests. Mr. Morgan's explanation of his attitude is not altogether satisfactory, but his assurance that he will not wantonly obstruct the transaction of business is gratifying.

The Cuban treaty is another question. There is opposition on the part of Democratic senators on account of a pretended menace to the domestic sugar interests. The fact that it is only a pretense does not make it less dangerous to the treaty which President Roosevelt has so manfully urged as a duty of the United States to its young sister republic. The sugar interests of the United States, cane and beet, have never been able to supply the domestic market. Large quantities have been and will be imported annually from abroad. It is simply a choice whether this import shall be from Cuba, which offers something substantial in return, or from Germany, which is doing everything in its power to exclude American products from German markets.

The interest of Oxnard is not difficult to fathom. He is being enriched by government bounty and prefers the import of German beet sugar to meet the deficiency in home production to the import of Cuban cane sugar. That ought not to weigh a feather's weight with congress, nor will it beyond the personal or ulterior interests of the legislators. But while every consideration of justice and public interest demands the ratification of the treaty, as agreed by senators, the prospect is, as we have said, not so bright as it ought to be.

Cannon's Protest.

The rules of congress forbid criticism by either house of the conduct of the other, but that rule was certainly more honored in the breach than in the observance when Representative Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, made his stirring speech in the house arraigning the senate as the organ of blackmail. The evidence of it was fresh on the record. A claim which has no standing in law had to be allowed because the senator from South Carolina insisted upon it as the price of his consent to legislative action. The rules of the senate permit that sort of thing; it is done at every session, and that in this case it was done openly and shamelessly was simply due to the personal characteristics of the senator from South Carolina. The system is maintained by the senate and the senate is responsible for the opportunity which Tillman exercised to compel "this gift from the treasury, against the law, to the state of South Carolina."

The occurrence is without precedent in our annals. The chairman of the appropriations committee, who will be the speaker of the next house, has branded the senator from South Carolina as a blackmailer, and the state of South Carolina as a receiver of stolen goods. There was a time when South Carolina would be ablaze with excitement under such a blot upon her honor. Times have changed since then. "The jingle of the guinea soothes the smart which honor feels." South Carolina will bear the brand and pocket the money. The senate will bear the brand and maintain its blackmail system.

When, however, the leader of the house feels called upon to put on record this strong protest against the methods of the senate, he makes an appeal to public sentiment that will not pass without results. The people have been now thoroughly instructed that the usurpations of the senate have overthrown constitutional government, and this presents an issue transcending all other issues in importance, for it involves the existence of popular government. No national party can claim confidence in any pledges it may hereafter make to the people unless it asserts a sincere purpose to subject the senate to party control and to the decisions of majority rule.

The Pittsburgh Bill.

Promises are out, now, for prompt action on the Pittsburgh bills. That providing for the acquisition of a site for the technological school will have clear sailing. Grady and the others having been completely satisfied that it contains nothing detrimental to interests they represent. The blockhouse bill is also promised speedy passage, and inasmuch as Mr. Grady has a bill pending which practically repeals the other, it may be taken for granted he will assist the blockhouse bill to prior adoption if he can. As for his power to help or hinder it may be said Grady is a man of ripe experience.

The bill to enable consolidation of cities and boroughs, upon vote of the people, otherwise the Greater Pittsburgh bill, is said to be now satisfactory to all concerned. The amendments agreed to by the chamber of commerce committee have satisfied the opposition, and at the same time restored the bill to effective terms. Senators and members of the house give the impression that they are willing to rush the measure through, and there is no reason to doubt that Gov. Pennypacker will approve it, as it is an act merely to enable the people to express their will in regard to consolidation.

The principal amendment is that which provides for ordering an election upon petition of a percentage of the qualified voters instead of a percentage of the "taxables" of any city or borough. This change is a decided improvement. Taxables may be resident or non-resident, while qualified electors must be citizens of the place.

The Level-Headed Boers.

The cool, practical common sense of the Boers is illustrated by a letter addressed to the British government in regard to the proposed establishment of a legislative council in the Transvaal. Our aunties are in the habit of insisting that the worst outrage that can be perpetrated upon a people is to deny them representative government, and the public sentiment to which they appeal is so strong that our government has gone much farther in introducing representative institutions in the Philippines, that students of native character and educated natives themselves think wise or salutary. The fundamental requirement of every people is good government, and representative institutions should be introduced no faster and no further than they will promote good government. The Boers feel this so strongly that their leaders actually oppose the establishment of a legislature and preferred to be governed by appointed officials.

The letter referred to was signed by Gens. Botha, Delarey and Smuts. In it they say: "A legislature means public discussion of many topics in which public feeling is still in a state of irritability. What the new colonies especially want is the cessation of all political strife and a period of quiet and rest for recuperation from which they may in good time arise with kindlier memories of the past and more hopefulness and faith in the future." When it is considered that the men who wrote this letter have been fighting for years for national independence, their sensible acceptance of the situation and level-headed freedom from cant or sentimentality are admirably in evidence. People who can consider the situation with such cool judgment are above all the best qualified for self-government when the time comes, and the ultimate re-establishment of the Boer state as a self-governing commonwealth like Canada or Australia cannot be doubtful.

Trolley Accommodations.

There is ample reason for the chamber of commerce to urge the traction interests to give better service. The scenes witnessed daily, yes, many times every day, are convincing that transit facilities are not equal to more than half of the business offering at certain hours. The Gazette prints this morning some pictures that speak louder than words of the crowded condition of the trolley cars. The traction managers say they are getting additional cars as fast as they can get them built and rearranging their schedules for better movement, but the fact appears to be that their service is not keeping pace with the growth of traffic over their lines.

It has been repeatedly pointed out in these columns that complete relief cannot be expected from existing surface lines. Additional cars may mitigate the discomforts suffered by trolley patrons and at the same time add to the congestion of overcrowded downtown streets. Genuine rapid transit and adequate accommodations for the public can only be obtained by elevated or underground roads, or both, operated in connection with surface distributing lines, including a cross-town road. The traction people must be well aware of this fact.

Right here comes up the question of compensation for franchises. All parties are pledged to the principle of securing a fair return for valuable privileges granted. The railways company objects to making payment, not so much, probably, on account of new franchises as because it would establish a precedent for the taxation of the many old franchises so long enjoyed without the payment of anything to the public. But this question cannot be evaded much longer. Neither can the problem of affording enlarged facilities. They may as well be faced together, and at once. Rapidly increasing population demands prompt action, for the traction interests have lagged behind their necessities almost as badly as the railroads did until the freight blockade aroused them.

There is great disappointment at Princeton because the champion track man of last season has been dropped for failure to pass his examinations. What does the Princeton faculty expect? Is it not enough that a man is champion on the track, without having to know his Latin?

Even the mud baths that the South Side and Hilltop people have had to endure for some days past were better than the no-bath-at-all condition inaugurated yesterday morning.

The St. Louis exposition sentiment seems to have caught on finely in Paris. We hope the Parisians were made to understand that the midway would be exclusively American in tone.

In the excitement of telling how the raid was made on that Millvale cocking main the reporters forgot to say which birds were winners.

With the millions for betterment that are coming Pittsburgh's way the "rake off" should not be an exclusively political function hereafter.

The senate went out with its gum boots on according to news from Washington which says the last moments were "quietly dignified."

Then, too, Mr. Smoot says he never had but one wife at a time, and that ought to be thoroughly competent testimony.

Of course an extra session of the senate is not without its drawbacks. It means an extra infliction of Tillman & Co.

King Leopold should pay his intended visit before we become interested in the spring ploughing.

Congressmen are probably not feeling so well today. It was an exciting and hilarious closing.

Naturally there is a great deal of growling about the exercises current at the Old City hall.

Washington will soon have an opportunity to turn its undivided attention to baseball.

Grady may yet be good as far as the Pittsburgh bills are concerned.

How we will miss the congressional Record by and by.

FESSENDEN'S SYSTEM.

"Prof. Reginald Fessenden has many friends in Pittsburgh, which he calls his home," said the old-stager. "Doubtless all of them know he has been busy for some time past with the wireless telegraph. They will all be glad to know, too, that he has been quite successful in his quest. While Marconi has been straining every nerve to secure long-distance transmission, Fessenden has been working to secure economy and regularity in operation. Having obtained patents covering his essential orginal devices he has recently authorized the first publication of a description of them in the Electrical Review.

"To give a complete description of Prof. Fessenden's inventions would require both diagrams and text. I haven't time to make the diagrams, but I can tell you briefly what Fessenden has done. He has completed apparatus that is working over a distance of 50 miles with a spark one thirty-second of an inch long. The same feat with the Marconi system demands a spark fully four inches long. Of course you know the wireless system requires sparking the current across a gap of greater or less dimensions from the point of the feed wire to the wire leading to the antenna at the top of the mast.

"Prof. Fessenden is also working from masts only 40 feet high. This is a decided improvement. It costs money to project towers into the sky. Of course you understand that less potential is needed to spark across a small gap than a large one. That is where the primary economy comes in. It costs less for plant and less for maintenance. This efficiency of the Marconi system rests principally upon a device at the receiving end that replaces the 'coherer,' which has been used in all other systems. A coherer is a tube containing some loose material that adheres under certain conditions, allowing electric current to pass, and then falls apart and breaks the current. In lieu of this thing Prof. Fessenden has made a device that he calls a 'barretter,' which operates with continuous, oscillating current.

"The barretter consists of two wires composed of a silver sheath and a platinum core. Starting with a diameter of one-tenth of an inch, they are drawn down to the exceeding fineness of some thousandths of an inch, enclosed in a glass bulb, from which the air may or may not be exhausted. This instrument is much more sensitive than any coherer and is more satisfactory in other respects.

"Prof. Fessenden also has devised a 'tuner.' This consists of parallel wires insulated in oil. With this he obtains similar results to those of the Cooper Hewitt mercury tube. The tube, however, is both sparker and tuner. Then Mr. Fessenden has found out that the spark gives better results discharged under pressure. He uses compressed air up to 80 pounds to the square inch. Whether this method is superior or inferior to the mercury resistance tube remains to be determined by practice. What is known is the fact that Prof. Fessenden has secured such economy in operation that he and his friends are discussing the probability of being able to compete with land wires. Cable tolls are high, but land rates over the wires are comparatively low.

"In brief, these are the achievements of Prof. Fessenden thus far, though he has a number of additional patents pending. You can print the news, for it will gratify a large number of young men who were fond of the professor while he was a member of the faculty of Western university. He has wasted no time on the spectacular end, but has worked hard upon a commercial proposition. I believe he is a winner. It is probable that Peter Cooper Hewitt's 'lamp' may supersede some of his apparatus, but certainly his barretter is a vast advance over the coherer of the older practice." With this opinion delivered the old stager chased himself proudly away.

New Military System.

From the Philadelphia Record.

It was not merely the corner stone of a new public building which was laid at Washington on Saturday last on the grounds dedicated to the future war college; it was the foundation of a new, a more perfect and a coherent system of military defense which was celebrated there.

The Quiet Observer.

ERASMUS WILSON.

There are two sides to every question. In fact there must be or there would be no question.

And it is better so, for if everything was one-sided there would be no need for scrapping, and what would life be without a reasonable amount of scrapping? It is the very spice of life for some, but not at all to the taste of others.

You may know people who could not get along comfortably if not allowed to scrap with their neighbors; and if these should refuse to accommodate them they scrap with their friends at home. Not unfrequently a man and wife engage in a scrap that grows into a brawl, or fight, but woe betide the friendly neighbor, or kindly disposed stranger, who interferes to settle the affair. It is dollars to doughnuts that the scrappers turn upon the peace maker and give him a sound drubbing.

You see, it is a scrap they are after, and if their neighbors refuse to favor them with one they will have it anyway.

But this isn't to the point exactly, as you will percieve by reading our neighbor's effort to show another side to an ice girl.

* * * * *

Mr. Quiet Observer—You understand a great many things, some of which you seem to understand very well, but it is quite evident that you do not understand an ice girl. A nice girl is more to your liking, perhaps, but after you have come to know an ice girl real well you may change your views entirely.

It is true that while in the ice state she is a very cool proposition, and not above freezing you out of pocket, but when she melts look out for a flood of tears, showers of kisses and limp, languid sweetness galore.

This is where the ice girl is at her best. She is simply great, if not grand. The transmogrification is most wonderful, but it is just as real as the melting of the ice on the roof, and her tears may be compared to the drippings from the eaves.

You have never had an ice girl—one of the solid crystal sort—to thaw out in your arms, I am sure, or you would not write so coolly about her. But how could you know except by actual experience. You would hardly believe she could possibly become so warm and genial, but she does, and clings to you like a thawed-out rag.

And if you can just manage to keep her thawed out with kindness and a little petting, she will cling to you through evil and good report, thick and thin, hot or cold. True she is inclined to freezing, but you know that anything which has been frozen once has less resistance to cold than before it was first frozen.

It is all in understanding an ice girl. So for myself I would about as soon chance her as the nice girl—the typical nice girl, who isn't much of anything else. There are lots of nice girls who are likely to prove heavier loads as wives than are the others.

Keep an ice girl warm and she is all right, and I know she is. She gives up the ice habit under proper treatment, and takes kindly to the warmth of a manly, generous heart.

Don't fool with an ice girl. Be as serious as you please, but don't fool with her. She is not built that way. THE ICE MAN,
Emsworth, Pa.

* * * * *

It seems there never was a Jack without a Gill.

Emsworth isn't a particularly cold place, nor is it too warm for comfort—just about right, may be. At least our correspondent appears to be cool enough to look at an ice girl without having a chill, and yet warm enough to thaw one out without spoiling her entirely.

To thaw a frozen potato too quickly is sure to spoil it. It is the same with frozen ears and toes, as you may have learned, either from books or by experience.

It is quite probable that the same rule will hold good with an ice girl. Shut off her supply of iced dainties, and thaw her rapidly, the chances are you will spoil her altogether—so badly that you can't even make a nice girl out of her rattled remains.

So it seems there is a sort of eternal fitness about things after all. And isn't it about the fittest thing for a fellow to keep an eye out for it?

\+ \+ \+ \+

There is a possibility, if not a real danger, of getting the masculine girl mixed up with the cool one. You should be careful about this, for it is not fair to either.

The masculine girl may be such in the matter of tastes, and yet decidedly feminine in form and feature. In matters of dress she usually cuts out the fashion plate and chooses clothes in which she feels most comfortable. She may prefer a soft hat, a piccadilly collar, a boiled shirt waist, a four-in-hand tie and all that sort of thing, because they become her style and she looks well in them, and feels far more comfortable than when wrapped in fashionable discomfort.

Or she may be real mannish, not only in taste but in manner. She thinks she can do man's work just as well as he can, and gets huffy if he doesn't think as she does. Instead of snuggling in alongside of him she crowds him out of the line, calls him names and says things about him that a truly feminine girl couldn't think, much less say in earnest.

You will know her all right, for she never fails to make herself known. She wants to be known as a woman of the new type.

The cool girl is different. She dresses in a style becoming the manner and means of the woman she is, which accounts for her modest appearance, her unaffected ways and her attractiveness generally.

She will greet you cordially, but not with great effusion; look you over and through, and quickly make up her mind as to whether she likes you real well, or only so-so. As for taffy, and for tattle, and for talky-talk, she cares not a fig, but is far too sensible to turn up her nose in disgust at your conversation, even if she feels so inclined.

She isn't one of the sort to be mashed. She is too solid and stanch for that, but she does sometimes, just for the fun of the thing, lead a masher to believe he has found something easy. He finds out different by and by—about the time he gets the laugh good and strong.

She is in for fun when occasion offers, and in for work when work is in order. She is not given to whining, or complaining, or finding fault, but takes her share of blame as coolly as she takes credit, makes the best of things as they come and go, and sings, crying only when nothing but tears will meet the demand.

She is all right; don't you think?

IN THE EYE OF FAME.

President Charles S. Murkland has resigned as president of the New Hampshire State college, to take effect May 1.

Frank Hersh of Baltimore claims to be the oldest Republican in the United States, having voted for the principles of that party in 1852.

The Rev. Dr. Homer Eaton, connected with the Methodist Missionary society, is about to return to China to superintend the episcopal work assigned him.

Profs. J. Laurence Laughlin of Chicago university and H. Parker Willis of Washington and Lee university have just finished the first complete history and discussion on "Reciprocity."

Prof. Rollin D. Salisbury has been placed in charge of the new department of geography at the University of Chicago. He has been a member of the United States Geological survey for several years.

Edward Goetz, a well-known astronomer, has sailed for France, after spending 14 months in this country conferring with American scientists for the purpose of securing instruments. He will then proceed to Rhodesia, South Africa, to establish the first reliable observatory in that country.

The doyen of French medical men is Dr. David of Montpelilier, who celebrated his 103d birthday on February 16. The doctor was born on the 19th day of Pluviose, year IX., and practiced medicine until he reached the ripe age of 98 years. He then retired and went to live at Montpellier with his daughter. Dr. David is in full possession of all his faculties. He is an authority on certain diseases, and patients still come to consult him, some from great distances.

Charles Lecocq, the composer, says that he is about to turn his back upon France, as he is unable to find there a director prepared to receive his works, notwithstanding his past successes. He will turn his face toward Brussels, where he hopes to be more successful. He says he has come to the conclusion reached by Sarah Bernhardt and Coquelin that dramatic and operatic art is "decentralizing," and that it will meet with higher appreciation in other countries in a few years.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 4.—Two picturesque figures of the New York police department disappeared today. One was Col. Michael C. Murphy, who was commissioner of police with "Big Bill" Devery acting as his deputy, a few years ago, and who died early this morning, and the other is Walter Thompson, the peppery little inspector, who has caused more trouble in the life of the Tenderloin than any other policeman in the city. Col. Murphy was one of the oldest politicians in New York. As commissioner of police he left pretty much everything to Devery, and was perhaps the best abused man in the city. He went out with the Tammany administration, and Devery ceased to be a policeman at the same time. Thompson is the man that used to attend the French balls and other public entertainments, with a billy and revolver, and regulate things in his own way. He got into the newspapers perpetually. His zeal as a policeman led him to unusual lengths, and when he had arrested three prominent actors for violating the Sunday laws and measured the dresses of the actresses in Olga Nethersole's performance of "Sappho," he awoke one day to find himself transferred to a district in the Bronx, far from the gay life of upper Broadway. Today he was retired from the force with a pension, on the age limit regulation. When this was suggested to him a few weeks ago Thompson ridiculed it, saying that he was as spry and strong as ever in his life. This may have been true, but the rules of the department have swept him away, and things will be a little quieter on the force hereafter. As for Murphy, after being criticised and condemned for years while at the head of the department, it is found today that he was a splendid man in every way. The charitable Latin proverb, that we should never speak ill of the dead has great weight, even in this big, cold city.

Voices His Contempt.

A well-to-do business man called Magistrate Pool "a disagreeable old man" in court today and narrowly escaped a six months' sentence to the island. No matter what one may think of a magistrate, it is not safe to criticise openly. Mr. Pool forgave the free-spoken citizen, but many of his brethren on the bench would have sent him up, in spite of his humble apologies.

Jumps and Misses.

A young man was drowned at the Pennsylvania railroad ferry in Jersey City today because he would not wait for the next boat. He jumped over a gate and made a flying leap for a boat just pulling out. Down he went into the water and has not been seen since. There are many drownings around New York in the course of a week, but the circumstances surrounding this one were unusual. If the man had not been drowned he certainly would have been arrested, so that, literally, he was between the devil and the deep sea.

Pretty Nurses Go on Strike.

Strikes are in the air in New York. Nurses at the Eye and Ear hospital are "out," for ethical reasons, relating to the employment of persons they do not like. There is a report that guards and trainmen on the "L" will strike next Monday evening, at the rush hours, unless they get a raise of wages, while the Erie railroad may have a strike on its hands, also over the vexed question of wages. Both the railroad companies say they do not fear a strike, but there are portentous grumblings among the men nevertheless.

Trains on Time at Last.

This was the first day for weeks that all of the trains from the west arrived in New York on time. The vagaries of the weather at different parts of the route held up trains in the most distracting way all through February, and it was rare indeed that one of them got in as scheduled, particularly when it had come from Pittsburgh or a greater distance. There were more Pittsburghers registered at the hotels this morning than on any day since Christmas. They had reached the city early, and were able to go to the hotels to register before launching out on the business that had brought them to New York. Good weather means a great saving of time to Pittsburghers coming to the metropolis.

Brides Cannot Await Easter.

Weddings are numerous in Jersey City, even though this is Lent. The Rev. Arnold Meury, pastor of the Second Reformed church, is responsible for this assertion. He married four couples yesterday, all strangers to him. They wanted a minister to bless their respective unions, and Mr. Meury stayed up till midnight to get through the task. New York clergymen say that there have been more weddings in this Lent than for many years. Many of the participants are of the Hebrew faith, however.

Must Be Something Stunning.

Here is an expert description of a gown on exhibition at the convention of the Dressmakers' Protective association, which opened this morning in Masonic hall. It is of white Swiss, broken by broad flowered stripes in dull oriental colors. It is made over yellow silk and chiffon and laid in lengthwise tucks down the skirt. At the bottom it is caught in festoons draped with yellow bands of panne velvet in heliotrope, white, lemon and burnt orange. These same straps, braided, edge the low, round neck and catch the short, full sleeves of yellow chiffon. The gown has attracted a great deal of attention, and I heard a Pittsburgh woman remark, sotto voce, that she would have one like it before Easter. From the convention comes the important information that the corset of this year will be very different from that of 1902.

Rest for Weary Policemen.

There was a story going up and down the Tenderloin tonight that some of the chairs and tables found secreted behind a false wall in Richard Canfield's alleged gambling house a few weeks ago have been pressed into service in a Brooklyn police station. As a rule, gambling implements are destroyed—unless someone can smuggle them away—but chairs and tables generally are harmless pieces of furniture, even if they come from a gambling house, and Brooklyn policemen like to rest when off the streets, like any other class of workingmen.

Wanted—New Court House.

Failing to get a new uptown postoffice, New Yorkers are discussing the possibility of a new county court house. A proposition to build a fine new building in the vicinity of Herald square will be presented to the Bar association at its meeting next Tuesday. The bringing of the court of appeals to Madison square has paved the way for establishing other courts still farther uptown, and there is a feeling that it is only a question of little time when the county court house will be built in upper Broadway, or near it, leaving the present building in City hall park to be torn down or turned to other uses, as may be decided by the county authorities in due course.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following named Pittsburghers registered at the New York hotels today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
W. W. Smith.
H. G. Scott.
Miss I. L. Wardrop.
Miss B. T. Wardrop.
R. Wardrop.

Holland.
John G. Holmes.
Mrs. Holmes.
Miss Elizabeth Holmes.
Emmet Queen.
Mrs. Queen.
R. A. Whiteside.
Milton I. Baird.
Frank B. Smith.
Thomas McBride.
William Walker.
Mrs. Walker.
Alvin C. Spindler.
H. E. Lineaweaver.

Herald Square.
K. J. Hendricks.
Mrs. Hendricks.
Lewis J. Lebenick.

Imperial.
H. D. Thompson.
A. H. Cline, Jr.
Charles L. Walther.
A. H. Wood.
Ben C. Gile.
John C. Gibbons.
C. W. Brezmer.

Savoy.
W. B. Klein.
Mrs. Klein.

Netherland.
A. L. Raub.

Marlborough.
J. B. Rodgers.
Mrs. Rodgers.

Vendome.
T. Mally.
Miss A. Mally.

Navarre.
W. E. Stewart.
A. H. Miller.
F. M. Tipton.

St. Denis.
H. W. Gibson.
Mrs. Gibson.

Astor.
M. M. Garland.
W. H. Hilliard.
Robert B. Stanton.
J. O. Brown.
W. R. Black.
T. W. Bakewell.

Broadway Central.
Frederick Hoffer.
J. G. Kaufman.

Westminster.
Alice S. Magie.

Majestic.
C. R. Williams.

Fifth Avenue.
W. S. Kenney.
Mrs. Kenney.
W. F. Milhirsh.
Mrs. Milhirsh.

Albemarle.
Vincenzo Finalli.
William H. Hays.
Mrs. Hays.
Carolyn I. Hays.

Earlington.
Thomas G. Connor.

Victoria.
James A. Gardner.

Hoffman.
C. A. Berkle.

Manhattan.
Mrs. M. Chamberlain.

Legislative Topics.

The ballot bill introduced in the senate at Harrisburg on Monday night was favorably reported from the committee and is now on the calendar. This measure is substantially the one prepared by the sub-committee of the Republican state committee which was appointed for the purpose. It does not undertake all the reforms proposed by the active ballot reformers, but it does accomplish one desirable result in changing the grouping of names on the ballot, so as to reduce the size of the sheet. The names of candidates are to be printed under the title of the office for which they are nominated, and no name will appear more than once. At the same time provision is made for voting the whole of any party ticket by a single mark. It still leaves two ways of marking the ballot, which is objectionable because confusing to many.

All in all, however, this bill offers some improvements. While disappointing to a great many, it can be accepted as a step in the right direction. It was impossible to expect radical changes at this time. The existing law was the result of compromise. There are various influences to be taken into account, and without concessions no action whatever could be expected. Every step in advance is to be welcomed, and to secure a reduction in the size of the ballot and a grouping of the names that will give the voter a reasonable chance to exercise discrimination without searching through eight or ten columns of party candidates is a material gain.

We do not think much progress is made in any other feature, but what has been gained is considerable. When the people have had a little experience with the new form of ballot it will be less difficult to go farther.—Philadelphia Press.

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The bill introduced in the Pennsylvania house of representatives, providing for the creation of an elective excise commission in every county, revives a proposition which will meet with strong opposition. The measure has its inspiration in the desire to create new and unnecessary offices. There is no demand for a change in the method of granting courts with judicial care, and with due regard for the public interests.

When the licensing power in Philadelphia was given to the courts the action was accepted as a greatly needed reform. In the rural counties the judges have granted the licenses for very many years, and have discharged the duty acceptably to the public. The location of a licensed house and the selection of a person to whom the right to sell intoxicants is committed are discretionary, if not strictly speaking, judicial acts, and no tribunal is likely to perform these functions with better judgment than the courts. They are presumed to perform all the duties which the law has placed upon them in the judicial temper, and are far removed from any inclination to exercise the licensing power capriciously.

The local judge has his eye on every saloon, especially when he tries cases of disorder arising in any of them, and knows best who are deserving.—Delaware County American.

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It will be difficult for any member of the legislature to find any good reason for voting for the bill creating a department of charities. This measure is one of those unnecessary pieces of legislation which ought to be buried beyond resurrection. There is no excuse for its passage and the enactment of such a law would result in the immediate retirement from honorable public service of many men who are giving their time and often their means for the betterment of the charitable institutions.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

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Strange as it may seem, there is opposition in the senate at Harrisburg to the house bill fixing $35 as the minimum salary for school teachers. Indeed, there was opposition in the house for that matter, and the original proposition of $40 was reduced. But if the legislature is going to continue to hand out five and one-half million dollars every year to the counties for school purposes the very least that it can exact in return is that salaries large enough to secure proper teachers shall be given.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

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Representative Squibb of Berks has achieved the unenviable title of "the bullfrog statesman." He earned this distinction by introducing a bill in the legislature which provides for the protection of a certain species of bullfrog that is highly prized by epicures. Mr. Squibb considers himself a greatly maligned lawmaker, and cannot understand why the bullfrog should not be protected. Yet his name may go thundering down the corduroy road of the ages in company with that of Pusey, the anti-cartoonist.—Bradford Record.

Naval Prize Money.

From the Philadelphia North American.

It is five years since Admiral Dewey and his men earned about a million dollars by a few hours of strenuous work in Manila bay, but they have not been paid yet, and they must wait another year unless this congress appropriates money to satisfy the tardy decree of the supreme court establishing their right to what they earned under the law. Admiral Dewey and his sailors should be paid, but it is doubtful that the system of making private spoil of an enemy's ships taken in war should be maintained. The prize money system is an inheritance from the old-time privateers and pirates and an anachronism. It does not apply to military operations on land, and its counterpart, looting, is deemed disgraceful and made unlawful for soldiers. The sailor and the soldier are alike servants of the government, under the same obligations to do whatever may be required of them, and are paid to fight and to capture or destroy the enemy's property. When the soldiers take a fort or a city they receive no reward. It is not considered necessary to inspire them with courage and zeal by promising them a share of the spoils of war.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Ferdy—Her folks treat me just like one of the family.

Alky—Huh! If they wanted you, they'd treat you better.—Puck.

"Are there any seats in that car?" called a lady who wished to get aboard.

"No," replied the conductor, "but we've got one rear platform step left."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Kitty—What did you say when Harry told you that he loved you with an undying love?

Constance—Oh, I didn't mind it. Harry, you know, used to do the press work for a traveling theatrical company.—Boston Transcript.

"The longer I live," sighed the sage, "and the more I learn, the more firmly am I convinced that I know absolutely nothing."

"I could have told you that 25 years ago," said his wife, "but I knew it would be of no use."—Chicago Tribune.

"I want to get some bird seed," said the customer in the seed store.

"No, ye don't, smarty," replied the new clerk, recently acquired from the country, "ye can't joke me. Birds grows from eggs, not seeds."—Philadelphia Press.

Carroll—Oh, by the way, Miss Westcott, there was something I wanted to say to you. Now what was it?

News of Nearby Towns and Country

FOUR ARRESTS FOLLOW YOUNG GIRL'S DEATH

Serious Charges Against Residents of Lawrence and Cambria Counties.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]
NEW CASTLE, PA., March 4.—True bills were returned by the grand jury this afternoon against Dr. Edwin S. Cooper and Mrs Della Talbitzer of this city, Dr. J. R. Hahn of Edenburg, and Albert Itell of Johnstown, Pa., charging them with criminal practice. The charges are the result of the death here last September of Miss Mabel Williams, daughter of John L. Williams of Conemaugh, Pa. The case will be tried early next week. This will be one of the most stubbornly fought criminal trials in the history of the county. An array of legal talent has been retained by the four defendants, among them Attorneys B. A. Winternitz, James C. Norris, Frank A. Blackstone, John A. McConahy of this city, and W. S. Anderson of Youngstown.

Itell will be defended by his brother, an attorney of Johnstown. The history of the Williams case is sensational. Little was known or developed until the unfortunate girl's remains were prepared for burial here and shipped to the home of her parents. Coroner E. C. Porter was absent and when he returned telegraphed to Coroner Miller of Cambria county to hold an inquest. Miss Williams' remains were disinterred and a post-mortem held in the cemetery.

Later the four defendants in the present criminal proceedings were charged with the responsibility of the girl's death. Itell is said to have confessed to Mabel's father concerning his relations with her and then disappeared. A short time ago he was arrested at Johnstofn, and later the three defendants here were arrested. All deny their guilt.

GALA DAY AT CLEARFIELD.

Starting of Steel Plant the Occasion of Rejoicing.

CLEARFIELD, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—Today was a gala day, celebrating the starting of the fires of the steel plant. A special train brought many people to town. The Fifth reaiment band furnished the music. Prominent lawyers spoke at the flag raising. Editor Matt Savage, just inaugurated mayor, one of the speakers, said the plant would work whether the trust agreed or not.

FORGED HIS AUNT'S NAME.

Bank Officials Have a Prominent Cigar Manufacturer Prosecuted.

YORK, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—H. C. Schultz, a prominent cigar manufacturer of Hellamstown, York county, has been placed in the county jail, charged by city bank officials with obtaining $400 by false representation. The hearing this evening showed that Shultz had forged the name of Magdalena Shultz, a wealthy aunt of Wrightsville, Pa.

Sentenced to Be Hanged.

LEBANON, March 4.—David Shaud, who yesterday pleaded guilty of shooting and killing his niece, Mrs. Ida Becker, and Policeman Cyrus Shaeffer, who attempted to arrest him, was today sentenced to be hanged at such time as the governor may name.

Candidates for Amalgamated Presidency

THOMAS FRANCIS. JOHN CHAPPELL.

NEW CASTLE, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—The tin workers of this city will present the names of two local Amalgamated leaders as candidates for the presidency of the association to succeed President Theodore Shaffer of Pittsburgh, at the national convention at Columbus, O., April 14. They are John Chappell, the present vice president of the Eighth, of New Castle, district of the Amalgamated association, and Thomas Francis, a well-known roller of the Shenango tin plant and a prominent member of the John F. Ward lodge, its 800 members making it one of the largest lodges of the order, if indeed there are any other as large. Neither is pushing his candidacy, but both are being widely urged by friends for the leadership of the Amalgamated.

PRAYER FOR DEATH MET WITH SPEEDY ANSWER

Husband Joined Wife and Both Were Buried in Same Grave.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]
HUNTINGTON, W. VA., March 4.—(Special.)—A strange case is the sudden death of James Malee, a few miles west of here, which occurred today. Malee's wife was lying a corpse, having died from pneumonia, and her death so affected the husband that he went to his room on the second floor and prayed incessantly two hours for death to come to him. The sorrowing friends and relatives below heard a noise above like the falling of something heavy, and, rushing to Malee's room, found him lying on the floor, dead.

This morning while preparations were being made for the burial of his wife he remarked: "Just wait a little while and I will follow her." His prayer was answered and both were buried today in the same grave. Malee was a well-to-do farmer and was married about a year ago to Miss Virginia May after a courtship that dated back to their childhood.

His wife, on her deathbed, prayed that her husband might follow her, saying: "I will not be happy till you come, Jim." This case has puzzled the physicians, as Malee was a robust man and in good health.

COURT ASK TO ANNUL COUSINS' MARRIAGE

Couple, Both Under Age, Ran Away to New Jersey and Were Wedded.

WILKESBARRE, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—The court here was asked today to declare a marriage of first cousins null and void, the first case of its kind filed in the courts of this state. The cousins, Ellen Tiers, aged 18, and Edgar Tiers, aged 19, of this city, ran away to New Jersey last summer and were married. The laws of this state do not allow marriage between first cousins, but the hinge upon which the application is made here for legal interference is that the agreement to marry was made in this state. The action is brought by the bride's father, and he recites that there is no provision in law for the dissolution of the marriage.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA.—The Crystal Laundry Company went into bankruptcy.

SHARON, PA.—A chapel to cost $2,000 is to be added to the First Presbyterian church.

ALTOONA, PA.—William, the five-year-old son of John Burkhart, was fatally burned this evening while playing around the stove.

YOUNGSTOWN, O.—Thirty employes of the Erie freight house were today given increases in salary ranging from 15 to 20 per cent.

LATROBE, PA.—Mike Polaski, father of 10 children, was killed here this evening in the mines of the Derry Coal and Coke Company. He was electrocuted.

WARREN, O.—Anson Wood, a farmer of Lordstown, drowned himself in Duck creek. He was 60 years old. Three weeks ago he came home from an asylum.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O.—John Einsel, a pottery worker, was attacked by highwaymen and nearly killed. His shoulder was broken and his arm and face terribly burned. He was robbed of a small amount of cash.

YOUNGSTOWN, O.—T. C. Smith of Conneaut has been appointed master mechanic of the Pennsylvania & Mahoning Railroad Company, to succeed E. R. Larter, resigned.

EASTON, PA.—William Staats, night superintendent of the Edison Cement plant at New Village, died from burns received in the explosion at the works on Monday night.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA.—Town council was organized by Republicans for the first time in 14 years. George Porter was elected president of councils and Raymond Coltown clerk.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA.—Two new factories to employe 150 men each have been located here. One is the Budke Manufacturing Company of Canonsburg, Pa., which will be moved here.

FINDLAY, O.—A pump station belonging to the Buckeye Pipe Line Company and located five miles east of this city, was destroyed by fire this morning, a gas explosion starting the flames. Loss $2,000, with no insurance.

PIQUA, O.—In a street railway collision the following, who were on a construction car, were injured: Joe Haneford, Tippecanoe, leg broken; Tom Tooney, Chicago, leg amputated; Alex. Bunderburg, fingers cut off and head injured.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA.—Henry E. Hare, a foreman in the Crawford woolen mills at Martinsburg, has closed a deal with J. W. Riggs & Son, by which Hare, H. H. Crowen and E. E. Hare acquire the woolen mills at Terra Alta.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA.—A. D. Robertson of Shamokin, Pa.; W. W. Robertson of Mt. Carmel, Pa.; A. Barlow, E. Barlow and Mrs. Barlow of Mahanoy City, have sold their holdings in the Elkhorn Coal and Coke Company for $350,000.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—Prominent Odd Fellows in the county will be here tomorrow evening as guests of Lawrence encampment No. 38, which will entertain the Warren (O.) lodges. Among the guests will be Past Grand Master Clapp. Grand Junior Warden Frank Mackey and others.

JOHNSTOWN, PA.—Three fatalities in the last few hours in this county were: Andy Hovelleski, aged 25, killed by fall of coal in the Franklin mines; Charles Paul, aged 21, of Gallitzin, thrown from car in mine; Martin Sherris, aged 35, of Windber, killed by fall of rock in Berwin White mines.

BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB BEFORE GRAND JURY

Prominent Organization of Ellwood Accused of Illegal Liquor Selling.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]
NEW CASTLE, PA., March 4.—Excitement has been caused by the charges, made to the grand jury by the constable, Samuel Parker, of Ellwood against the Merchants and Manufacturers club of that place for selling liquor without a license. This afternoon R. C. Stiefel, the club president, Secretary John W. Offut and T. M. Eckles appeared before the grand jury, having been subpoenaed.

Informations are made against the entire board of the club: Burgess-elect R. C. Stiefel, John W. Offut, T. M. Eckles, Fred E. Poister, J. Elmer Aiken, R. T. Brown, David Cartwright, Postmaster Robert A. Todd, J. L. Richardson, L. W. Deffaven, A. C. Frey.

The Merchants and Manufacturers club embraces many of the representative business and professional men of Ellwood. It was organized a few months ago, and recently dedicated a handsome club house. The club maintains a cafe, under a charter, and this has aroused bitter opposition from many Ellwood people.

About three weeks ago Rev. J. A. Younkins, pastor of the Methodist church, referred to the organization from his pulpit, and denounced it as little better than a speakeasy. During the campaign preceding the recent election the club took an active interest. Its president, R. C. Stiefel, was elected burgess, after a campaign which has involved the Eagle and Motor, a weekly publication, in a $10,000 libel suit, entered by H. W. Hartman, the millionaire manufacturer.

THREE MORE LANDED IN JAIL.

Ten Arrests Made for Interfering With Deputy Marshals.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., March 4.—(Special.)—Deputy United States Marshal D. W. Cunningham and W. C. Summers came in Wednesday morning Raleigh county. With them came Pearl Stover, Phil Stover and John Redding of Atkinsville. The last three were locked up in the jail here and will answer a charge of interfering with an officer. Ten men were arrested on this charge. Two are in the county jail at Beckley. All is quiet along the Piney, say the officers. The operators are running without friction with employes.

THREATS MADE BY COCKFIGHTER

Promises to Make Sensational Charges Before Managers of the Humane Society.

ONE CONFERENCE HELD

Superintendent Says He Is Not Afraid—Warrants Out for 175 Participants—Several Forestall Action by Pleading Guilty.

Harry Coppes, who admits that he has been a cock fighter, promises to make sensational revelations before the Humane society. Coppes took an active part in a cocking main held at the old Homan farm on the Evergreen road that began Tuesday evening and lasted until early yesterday morning. About 200 persons were present, among them Humane Agents J. N. Kidney, George H. Lightcap and W. G. Stanley. When the managers of the main learned this they went before Justice August J. Needing of Millvale and, pleading guilty, paid fines of $10 each. These were Harry Coppes, his father, Henry Coppes, James Spahr of Leechburg, M. F. Sullivan, a Liberty avenue plumber, and William Kiskalt of East street, Allegheny. Fred Meyers, the ticket taker, went before Alderman Von Moss of Allegheny and paid a fine.

Meyers went with Harry Coppes to the Humane society's rooms yesterday afternoon to talk the matter over. Agent Kidney recognized him as having been present at the fight, in his spite of Meyers' protest that he had already paid a fine, arrested him and had him held for a hearing.

The humane agents say they have warrants for 175 of the men at the fight, including persons from Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Beaver, Leechburg and other nearby towns.

Harry Coppes met the board of managers of the Humane society yesterday afternoon. After the conference he said:

PROMISES A FEW SENSATIONS.

"I have been in trouble of this kind before, and lost a good position because of my part in a cock fight not so long ago. I am through with the chickens now, but I mean to see that some people responsible for getting me into trouble have a little to worry over themselves. I mean to show up a few people between now and the end of the week. Do you think I would ask to meet and confer with the board of managers of the Humane society if I was not perfectly confident of my position toward those who have caused me trouble before?"

Coppes intimated that some of those who were instrumental in making this last affair public had been cognizant of the fact that many other fights had taken place in the same spot before, but had not made arrests.

Supt. Bell was asked about this, and said: "I don't think Coppes is holding a club over anyone's head. Since I have been superintendent of this society punishment has been meted out to all those participating in chicken fights it was possible for us to arrest. I am not afraid of anything. Coppes can do."

President Joseph G. Walter of the board of managers of the society said after the meeting:

"Those who have been managing these cock fights seem to be very sore at the aggressiveness with which our officers have gone after them.

CHARGES TO BE INVESTIGATED.

"What was Coppes' purpose in meeting the board after he had gone before an alderman and paid a fine?" was asked.

"Well, he seems to think it is not right that we stop chicken fights."

"Has he no personal grudge, or does he not possess some facts that would not be creditable to the officers of this society if made public?"

"I cannot answer that just now. This matter will be thoroughly investigated and everything about it made public at the right time."

Before leaving the Humane society yesterday Harry Coppes said: I know a few things that will make good reading, and I am going to make them public. Cock fighting is not the worst crime against which statutes are enacted."

John Huner, who lives near Knoxville, was arrested yesterday and gave $100 bail for a hearing Friday afternoon before Alderman C. F. Over on a charge of cock fighting. It is alleged he took part in a cock fight near Knoxville on the night of January 18.

CHILD WEAKNESS.

You can worry for months about your weak child and not succeed in doing it a fraction of the good that comes from little daily doses of Scott's Emulsion.

The cure of child weakness is not the matter of a day, but of steady common-sense treatment.

Children like Scott's Emulsion and thrive on it.

Perfectly harmless, yet powerful for good.

Send for Free Sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

BRIDGE WORKERS JOIN STRIKERS' RANKS

HARRISBURG, March 4.—A general strike of the Harrisburg branch of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, which has a membership of about 100, for 40 cents an hour, and for a nine-hour day, was declared today.

New Charters Granted.

HARRISBURG, PA., March 4.—Charters were issued by the state department today to the following corporations: Fitzmeir & Co., Connellsville, capital $10,000; The J. S. McCormick Company, Pittsburgh, $150,000; The Liberty Real Estate Transit Company, Pittsburgh, $10,000; The Obrien Coal Company, Connellsville, $10,000; Wolf & Reynolds, Incorporated, Johnstown, $75,000; Gilkin Natural Gas Company, Kittanning, $4,000; Mahanington Realty Company, New Castle, $65,000; The Lamb Furniture Company, Pittsburgh, $2,000.

Pittsburgh Soldier by Train.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 4.—(Special.)—Victor Perry, a soldier of 3324 Dresden alley, Pittsburgh, was struck by a train on the Erie road last night, and instantly killed. He had been released from the Cleveland workhouse and was on his way home when struck by the train.

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol cures indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does not only cure indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy cures all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

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Gives Health to the Sick and Strength to the Weak.

Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50c.

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The enormous quantities of Children's Shoes sold by these stores is evidence conclusive of satisfactory goods—whole departments devoted exclusively to Misses', Boys' and Child's footwear.

We probably sell twice as many shoes for growing feet as all the other shoe stores together.

Specials This Week at $1.20 the Pair.

Misses' $1.75 Vici Kid, Pat. Tip, Lace or Button Shoes in all sizes.

Boys' $1.75 and $2.00 Box Calf and Vici Kid heavy sole Shoes.

Either of the above $1.20 the pair, on the Bargain Tables.

Extra Values

in all leathers for Boys and Misses, at

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50.

Children's at

50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50.

Both stores, this week—and take plenty of time to get fitted; we can fit little feet perfectly—and hence comfortably.

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Save $100 to $150 Now on (NEW GENUINE)

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DEATHS.

CRAIG—On Wednesday, March 4, 1903, at 11:30 a. m., at her residence, No. 2 Boston street, MARGARET, relict of Daniel Craig.

Funeral on Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Requiem high mass at St. Agnes' church. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

DUGGAN—On Wednesday, March 4, 1903, at 2 a. m., at her residence, No. 20 Grove street, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, ELIZABETH DAVIE, relict of Edwin Duggan, aged 60 years 2 months 14 days.

Funeral services on Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the residence of her son, Ernest Duggan, No. 2113 Wharton street, South Side, Pittsburgh. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HOLMAN—On Tuesday, March 3, 1903, at 3:30 p. m., BLANCHE SOPHIA, daughter of Mrs. S. C. Holman, aged 25 years.

Funeral services at her late home, 332 Mathilda street, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private at a later hour.

JONES—On Tuesday, March 3, 1903, at 8:15 p. m., ANNA E. JONES (nee Kennedy), wife of C. T. Jones.

Funeral services on Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the residence of her mother, Mrs. James Kennedy, No. 6823 McPherson street, East End. Interment private, later.

KENNEDY—On Tuesday, March 3, 1903, at 10:30 a. m., at his residence, Lisbon, O., THOMAS JAMES KENNEDY.

Funeral services from his late residence on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

KNAPP—On Wednesday, March 4, 1903, at his residence, Gearing avenue, Thirty-eighth ward, South Side, Pittsburgh, at 9 p. m., JOHN KNAPP, in the 80th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

M'MAHON—On Tuesday, March 3, 1903, at 2 a. m., at the residence, No. 4416 Davison street, ELIZABETH, wife of James McMahon.

Funeral on Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Requiem mass at St. Mary's church at 10. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SCHLEGEL—On Wednesday, March 4, 1903, at 8 a. m., CONRAD SCHLEGEL, in his 70th year.

Funeral services at his late residence, No. 439 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Members of Hays post No. 3, G. A. R.; No. 1 Union Veteran Legion, No. 56, Goethe lodge, A. O. U. W.; Pittsburgh tribe, I. O. R. M.; Central Turnverein and Loreter Maennerchoir and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private at a later hour.

SHARP—On Wednesday, March 4, 1903, at 5:30 p. m., at West Penn hospital, JOSEPH ALLEN, in the 45th year of his age.

Funeral services at the family residence, No. 37 Lowery street, Allegheny, this evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at Blairsville, Pa., on the arrival of train No. 8 on West Penn railroad, on Friday.

SPONZER—On Wednesday, March 4, 1903, at 5:25 a. m., ANDREW, eldest son of John B. and Susan Sponzer (nee Merriman), aged 23 years.

Funeral services at the family residence, Dixon street, near Shady avenue, Allegheny, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family and members of Allegheny council 228, of the National Union, are respectfully invited to attend.

VOLL—On Tuesday, March 3, 1903, at 8 a. m., at her parents' residence, No. 174 Forty-second street, IRENE ROSALIE, only child of Joseph and Bertha Voll (nee Kiefer), aged 7 years, 7 months.

Funeral on Friday morning at 8:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WALLACE—On Monday, March 2, 1903, at Pinebluff, N. C., BESSIE, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Wallace.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of W. S. Hickman, near her father's residence, Bridgeville, Pa., on Saturday at 12 o'clock. Carriages will meet the 10:30 train at Bridgeville.

WEAVER—On Wednesday morning, March 4, 1903, at Blairsville, Pa., MRS. SARAH J. WEAVER, formerly of Allegheny, aged 61 years.

Interment on Friday afternoon at Beaver.

(Beaver papers please copy.)

WHITE—On Wednesday, March 4, 1903, at 5 a. m., JOHN J., son of Thomas and the late Mary White, in his 20th year.

Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. James O'Malley, Greenleaf street, Thirty-fifth ward, on Friday morning at 8:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WILSON—At rest, on Wednesday, March 4, 1903, at 3 a. m., SUSAN REBECCA, daughter of J. C. and Bertha Wilson (nee Bower).

Funeral services at the residence of S. P. Bower, Broad street, Sewickley, this evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private Friday.

YEAGLE—On Monday, March 2, 1903, at 3:30 p. m., at the family home, Glenfield, Pa., JOHN R. YEAGLE, formerly of Allegheny, son of Levi and the late Sarah Yeagle, aged 41 years, 1 month, 5 days.

Funeral services at the Fourth United Presbyterian church, Montgomery avenue and Arch street, Allegheny, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. [Alliance (O.) papers please copy.]

B. & B.

Sixty-four Departments doing business in a large way on a small profit basis.

The time to get choice things is when they first come out.

some lots o' cotton

you'll profit by attending to.

Yard wide double fold Printed Corded Madras neat printings — stripes and figures — 10c — money's worth as seldom seen on any counter, and if you want to spend little for Shirts or Shirt Waists, and get something nice and neat this is the chance.

Lot of fine 25c Satin Stripe Madras — choice, neat printings—Black, Blue, Red, etc.—Stripes, Polka Dots and neat figure effects—20c —fineness for the price the feature that makes this lot and proposition an important one.

Lot of Corded Mercerized Madras—all colored grounds, 20c

Plain color Cotton Twine Cloths—Black, Cardinal, Navy, Cadet, Reseda, Tan, Light Blue and Pink, 15c —great for separate Skirts or Shirt Waist Suits.

Lot of yard wide Colored Dress Linens, 18c—Navy, Cadet, Oxblood, Reseda, Oxford Grey and Natural Tan.

Giving all this shelf, counter and aisle room to Cottons, because the extent of the stock and the business done demands it.

You can't think of a choice thing in Cotton but what you'll find here, and a variety for selection.

Doing the Cotton Goods business in a large way on a small profit basis brings business extraordinary.

Look over the lines of Organdies and Fine Imported and other Dimities and Madras Ginghams and Novelties, and observe the generous scale upon which we plan for your preference.

Bought an Importer's surplus fine double width 42 inch Embroidered Swisses—colored grounds with White and Black Embroiderings, and White grounds embroidered in Colors—all choice, high-class effects—$1.25 ones, 75c.

choice indias, 50c

This lot of India Silks—on a center aisle table with a Fifty Cent price on, is well worth your consideration.

Fine quality—lustrous, soft finish.

Blue and White, Black and White, neat stripes, dots and figures.

Don't fail to see our new exclusive Novelty Silk for Shirt Waist Suits—Taffeta Rongeant—$1.25.

silk lined suits, $25.00

Two new numbers or styles out-classing all yet shown.

Black Voile, Blue or Black Cheviot.

Collarless Blouse, with standing collar effect braid trimmed.

Two cape collars.

Trim'd with fancy silk drop ornaments.

Silk piped.

Silk lined throughout.

The other is on the same order though distinctly different—one cape collar instead of two.

two skirts

that illustrate how splendidly we are accomplishing results.

Nine gore flare Skirt of Black Cheviot with silk drop skirt, $10.00

Black Voile Skirt with three circular ruffles edged with Taffeta Silk band, each finished above with effective fagotting—fine silk drop skirt — $15.00

children's new headwear

Stock larger and more exclusive than any we've ever shown—absolutely all the very latest designs. Priced to make this store headquarters.

Beautiful Washable Bonnets — hand-made—real lace trimmed, $1.00 to $8.50.

Infants' Washable Cream Silk Caps, 25c to $3.00.

Line Children's Mull Hats—edged with double lace edged Val. ruffles—medallion and ribbon trimmed—some of the most beautiful creations in this line ever made, $1.00 to $10.00.

Children's Washable P. K. Hats—brim buttons to crown—for seaside and every day, $1.00.

Peter Thompson Hats — cloth stitched brim, $1.50 to $4.00.

Peter Thompson Tam O'Shanters—very large top—very newest thing, $1.00 to $3.00.

Auto Caps for Boys, $1.00 to $2.50—sizes for Men included.

Boys' All Wool Cloth Golf Caps, 15c.

Fancy Mixes and Blue Serge Golf Caps—all wool—silk lined, 25c—others 50c and 75c.

Full top Golf Caps, 75c.

BOGGS & BUHL, ALLEGHENY.

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Is waiting for you here. No matter how particular you may be, or what personal ideas you may want produced, we promise we can please you perfectly, as we have many others during the past 16 years. URLING BROS.' DENTISTRY is perfection in fit, finish, wear and price.

Corrugated Suction Teeth $10 per set and Extracting.

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FILLING, 50c UP.

Painless Extracting by Air, Gas or applied to the gums.

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at "rainy days" if you have money in the bank—
Your savings keep you snug and dry—

Accounts may be opened by Mail. Write for the Booklet.

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Chas. H. West, 1817 Locust St., City.—Piles.
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For beauty of design—for superior finish—for lettering deep cut and lasting, our work forecels that of manufacturers who stick to old, worn out methods.

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Handsome booklet of designs free if you mention this paper.

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Pittsburgh, Pa.

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The choicest cut of the fish: oval cans. This week, 25c tin.

FRUITS IN GLASS

Peaches, Pears, Plums and Raspberries, 30c jar.

All kinds of fish for the Lenten Season.

Geo. K. Stevenson & Co.

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From 7 A. M. to 7 P. M.

Gazette Want Ads DO Bring Results. It Has Been Proven Time and Again. Try Them.

MICA AXLE GREASE

lightens the load—shortens the road.

Helps the team. Saves wear and expense. Sold everywhere.

MADE BY STANDARD OIL CO.

WANTED, BY THE LADY WITH the fever blister—Electrozone. Use it when the eruption first shows beneath the skin and there'll be no fever blister. Use it when the eruption has developed, it will cure the fever blister. Druggists. Small size 10c cents; large 50 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH ORCHESTRA
Victor Herbert, Conductor.
EVE. Mar. 6th. AFT. Mar. 7th.
HEARNAN VIOLIN SOLOIST.
Good Eve. Seats $1, $1.50 and $2. All Aft. Seats reserved at 50c. Tickets at Mellor's, 518 Fifth ave. Tel. Grant 1250.

ALVIN TONIGHT. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
CHARLES HAWTREY,
In "A MESSAGE FROM MARS."
Next Week—E. S. WILLARD in Repertoire.

GRAND—THE NEW STOCK CO.
This aft. at 2:15. Tonight at 8:15.
The Delightful Farce-Comedy.
"THE BRIXTON BURGLARY."
Next week: J. I. C. Clarke's "HEARTSEASE."

Bijou Bar Mats. Mon., Wed. and Sat. Best reserved seats 25c and 50c. This week:
New Melodrama.
THE PRICE OF HONOR.
Next week—A Desperate Chance—Biddie Plays.

EMPIRE—UP-TOWN COLLINS AVE. | Reached by all Street Car Lines
This Week.
THE MINISTER'S DAUGHTERS
Matinee Saturday.
Next Week—UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

DUQUESNE—Mat. Daily Except Mon.
ALL THIS WEEK
The Great LAFAYETTE

AVENUE FAMILY THEATER.
THIS WEEK | LYDIA YEAMANS TITUS | 15 BIG ACTS
Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

HARRY WILLIAMS' **ACADEMY**
Matinee Today 2, Evening 8.
ROSE HILL
ENGLISH FOLLY CO.

DUQUESNE GARDENS
SKATING AFT—EVE.
HOCKEY FRIDAY EVE. P. A. C. vs. VICS
Get Seats Early. Big Rush.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE AND ART.

Lecture by Dr. A. L. Day, Physical Geologist of the U. S. Geological Survey, on "The Measurement of Very High Temperatures." Lecture Hall, Carnegie Institute, this evening at 8:15. Illustrated by lantern slides. Admission free.

DOG SHOW.

Annual Bench Show, Duquesne Kennel Club. 500 Prize Winning Dogs. Old City Hall, March 4, 5, 6, 7. Performing Dogs Daily. Open from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Admission, Adults 25 cents; Children 10 cents.

HERBERT WILL WRITE NEW OPERA

To Be Departure from Popular Light Productions in Vogue Now.

HIGHER CLASS MUSIC

Pittsburgh Orchestra Conductor Has Contract from New York Firm — Glen MacDonough to Furnish Libretto.

Victor Herbert will begin at once on the composition of a brand new opera for which Glen MacDonough will write the libretto and lyrics. The opera will be produced in Chicago next summer by a company of stars under the management of Hamlin & Mitchell, who are now presenting the "Wizard of Oz" in New York. The music of the opera is to be of a higher class than heretofore known in the realms of light opera.

Julian Mitchell, the junior partner of the theatrical firm and who has staged most of Herbert's operas, together with Glen MacDonough came to Pittsburgh last Sunday and spent the day with Mr. Herbert. Arrangements for the opera were talked over informally, and the two will visit Mr. Herbert soon again. Mr. Herbert was given the contract for the new piece and is to have the music completed by next June.

With this opera Victor Herbert will celebrate his readvent into the field of opera composing. For the past four years no operas from his pen have been produced. His latest opera was "The Viceroy," produced in 1899 by the Bostonians. This piece was short-lived, owing to a particularly weak libretto. After this fiasco Mr. Herbert determined to stop writing operas unless he was given unlimited freedom in the class of music to write and unless the book was strong enough to carry good music.

Mr. Herbert was seen at Carnegie Music hall yesterday afternoon, shortly after he had finished a three hours' rehearsal of the Pittsburgh orchestra, of which he is conductor.

"The details of the new opera," he said, "have not yet been given me, and I have no idea what the name will be nor where the scene will be laid. It will be an opera of an entirely new class. It will be a sort of comic opera extravaganza, but the music will be of a much higher class than the regular comic opera.

"There will be a transformation scene in the opera which will give excellent opportunity for musical effects. Also, there will be some strong and dramatic finales, and lots of chance for the musical development of themes, such as are rare in the ordinary comic opera. I expect to meet with Mr. MacDonough and Mr. Mitchell in Pittsburgh soon, and the entire opera will be thoroughly discussed, and I will be given the data to write the music from.

"I am very well pleased with the arrangements that have been made, and am glad to have an opportunity to write a better class of music than any of my former efforts. I am sure the public will appreciate music of a higher character, and I look forward to the production of this opera as the establishment of a new era in the realms of light musical production."

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

Local Managers Tell of Interesting and Varied Assortment of Plays for Next Week.

E. S. Willard, after an absence of two years, comes back to Pittsburgh next week and will present a brilliant repertoire at the Alvin theater. "The Optimist" will be played on Monday and Tuesday nights and at the Wednesday matinee; Wednesday night, "The Middleman;" Thursday night, "The Professor's Love Story," Friday night, "The Cardinal;" Saturday matinee, "David Garrick," and on Saturday night, "Tom Pinch." Seat sale opens this morning at 9 o'clock.

One of the most delightful plays of the season at the Grand opera house will be Henry Miller's "Heartsease," which the stock company will present for the week beginning next Monday afternoon. This play is pleasantly remembered in Pittsburgh, where Mr. Miller has given it on two different occasions to crowded houses. William Ingersoll will sportray the part of Eric Temple, originally played with so much success by Mr. Miller. It is a role especially well suited to Mr. Ingersoll's quiet, forceful style. The sale of seats for "Heartsease" will open at the box office this morning at 9 o'clock.

Next week's bill at the Bijou will be the famous Biddie brothers' play, "A Desperate Chance," which will play a matinee every day. This play was written by Theodore Kremer around the criminal acts of the Biddie brothers and has a decided local interest. All the scenes have been specially prepared from photographs taken at the various points where the action of the play is laid.

Al. W. Martin's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" will appear at the Empire theater next week. No play ever written is better known in all parts of the United States, to all classes of people, than "Uncle Tom's Cabin," not even the plays of immortal Shakespeare. The production promised at the Empire next week is to be one of unusual scenic richness.

The phenomenal success of refined vaudeville at the Avenue family theater seems to have spurred Manager Harry Davis on to still greater effort, judging by the list of attractions he has secured for next week, when the bill will be headed by that famous comedienne, Johnstone Bennett, who will be supported by a company of clever comedians. As usual, Manager Davis has provided an attraction especially for the children by engaging Capt. Webb and his wonderful seals. Besides these, there will be the three Keatons, the Misses Browning, Al. Lawrence and others.

Next week's bill at the Duquesne theater is headed by the "Girl With the Auburn Hair" in her newest act, "A Sermon in Song." Others on the bill are Fields, Howard and Bland; Winchermann's performing bears, Johnnie Carroll, Louise Brehany, Lew Hawkins, Elizabeth Murray, Vera King, Flood brothers, Hayes and Healy and the kinetograph.

"One of the best shows that has ever appeared at the Academy of Music," was what The Gazette said last season in commenting upon the Trans-Atlantic Burlesquers when it was at this theater last year. The same funny burletta is still retained, and with such funny comedians as Bickel, Wrothe and Watson the play could be none other than funny.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were granted yesterday:

Martin A. Pascoe	Petersburg
Pearle Keefer	Petersburg
Joseph H. Taylor	Webster
Margaret Griffey	Webster
Fulton F. Fye	Leetsdale
Julia C. Hopkins	Sawickley
S. Caldwell	Allegheny
Lizzie Bothwell	Allegheny
Arthur H. Towner	New York
Margaret E. Shearer	Orbisonia, Pa.
Thomas Ackinclose	Dravosburg
Agnes Linn	Dravosburg
Louis Mandel	Pittsburgh
Sarah Bluestone	Pittsburgh
E. B. Coleman	Pittsburgh
Daisy D. Barnett	Wilkinsburg
W. H. Hughes	Esplen
Elizabeth Molsberger	Webster
Max M. Lewin	Pittsburgh
Sarah D. Teplitz	Pittsburgh
Douglas C. Foster	Pittsburgh
Olina B. Harns	Pittsburgh
August Schuck	Allegheny
Emma Kuntz	Allegheny
Thomas Bowman	Allegheny
Lizzie Reynolds	Pittsburgh
Lucas Schotsch	Homestead
Anna Roth	Homestead
Charles Wilson	Pittsburgh
Birdie Dyer	Pittsburgh

ALL OF THEM TO BE PROSECUTED

District Attorney Haymaker Says He Means Business in Slot Machine Cases.

DOCTORED MECHANISM

Most of the Gambling Appliances Were Arranged Especially So as to Fleece All the Gullible Players.

Haymaker Sees Signs of Human Degeneracy

"It sometimes seems to me that only about 10 people out of every 10,000 are honest," said District Attorney Haymaker yesterday in discussing the slot machine crusade. "Since we have brought the machines in here I have been importuned right and left by people to let them have them. You would be surprised if I mentioned the names of those who made the requests—lawyers, business men and others high in social and financial circles. They wanted them to use in their homes for amusement, to make cases for holding beer, to remodel for whisky cabinets, to be changed into bookcases and other purposes. When supposed law-abiding citizens of high character ask for gambling devices it is no wonder that I begin to have little faith in human nature, especially when I am in a position to see so much of criminals as I do here."

District Attorney John C. Haymaker said yesterday that he will not only continue to confiscate and destroy all of the gambling slot machines found in this county, but will prosecute the proprietors of places where the machines are found, the lessor and the manufacturers. Jesse Morganthal of Diamond street, who is reported to own nearly all the machines in this vicinity, will be a heavy loser because of the raids by the officers. Investigation among the captured machines at the court house yesterday showed that a man playing them had little prospects of winning—"no more chance than a rabbit," as one of the constables expressed it.

Two machines were brought in from Mifflin township yesterday, but they, as were several others captured after the first day of the raid, had been broken by the lessees and the money taken out, so that the county would not be able to profit.

OLD TIMERS LEFT IN THE REAR.

The "strong games" at Ross' grove and at the sunday picnics in the county out beyond Millvale, Etna and Sharpsburg were thrown in the shade by the slot machines recently captured around here. Those who sell and rent the machines claim they are so constructed that of every 10 nickels that go into them, eight remain and never go out as rewards, thereby giving a percentage of 80 per cent to the "house," of which the owner of the machine gets one-half and the proprietor of the place the other half.

In addition to this "shade" in favor of the "house," as the agent explained it, the machines could be, and in most cases were, made "stronger" by placing wax on the mechanism that controls the "rewards," thus preventing a player from ever getting anything from $1 and $2 slots. The 10-cent slots had not been trifled with. With a machine that ordinarily gave a player a chance of getting back only one-fifth of the money he put in it, there would be "prospects" of securing about one of every 10 nickels put in under the cheating arrangement.

INFORMATIONS TO BE MADE.

Mr. Haymaker said the informations he intended to make would not only be against the people in whose places the machines were located, but also against those who leased them out and against the New York concern that sent them to this city, all of whom profited by the fleecing of gullible citizens in this section.

Although the loss will be great to the lessor, he will be abundantly able to stand it, as it is claimed in gambling circles that he has the largest "graft" in the country since the Coney Run farm, roulette and horse race pool joint was closed up a few months ago. In the palmy days of gambling in this city, however, when Diamond street was lined with gambling houses, some places paid as much as $50,000 a year for "protection" out of the profits. One gambling house that ran on Mt. Washington several years ago gave each one of the proprietors $2,500 a month as his "bit" after they had "yielded up" for privilege to run.

HE HAS A NICE THING.

Morganthal owns the privileges for the slot machines from Altoona to the Ohio state line, and employs a corps of collectors who go around and open the machines at regular periods, generally monthly.

When asked about the final disposition of the machines captured here, Mr. Haymaker said they all would be destroyed and none will be given out to anybody, although many requests had been made for them. The county could make a good bit of money by selling the gambling appliances in several states where they are allowed to run, but as this would be abetting in other states what is considered a crime in Pennsylvania, it could not be done with propriety.

The several hundred slot machines that have flourished in McKeesport and other towns of the county for many months have disappeared like magic as a result of the action of the county court.

MARRIED IN GOTHAM.

Miss Hortense Lowenstein of New York Becomes Bride of Milton B. Klein.

NEW YORK, March 4.—(Special.)—A pretty wedding was solemnized at Delmonico's tonight when the Rev. Dr. Kohler of Bethel Temple tied the knot which made Milton B. Klein, son of Major Max Klein of Allegheny, and Hortense Lowenstein of New York, man and wife. The ceremony was performed in the red room. Relatives and friends of the bride and bridegroom numbering nearly 500 were present from New York and Pennsylvania.

Edgar Wertheimer of Allegheny, a close friend of the bridegroom, was best man, while Miss Edna Klein, sister of the bridegroom, was maid of honor. The flower girl was Beatrice Wilson, 6-year-old niece of the bride. The ushers were Herbert Wertheimer of Allegheny, Benjamin Hirsh of Philadelphia, Maurice Klein, Solomon Lowenstein and Milton Lyman of New York. Joseph Klein acted as master of ceremonies.

The bride wore a gown of crepe de chine and white satin, trimmed with duchesse lace. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and bridal roses.

Numerous speeches were made at the wedding supper and telegrams of congratulation were read from friends of the new Mr. and Mrs. Klein in this state and Pennsylvania. The couple will spend their honeymoon in Washington and at Old Point Comfort.

B. & B.

Mattresses.

Agents for the world's renowned Ostermoor Patent Elastic Felt Mattresses—all styles in stock—factory prices.

Sell all other kinds of mattresses. Box and oth springs, and charge somewhat less.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

The Death Roll.

Conrad S. Schlegel.

Conrad S. Schlegel, a pioneer in the retail grocery business in Pittsburgh, died yesterday morning at 8 o'clock of pneumonia after an illness of about one week. Mr. Schlegel was born in Prussia 70 years ago and came to the United States in 1849. He settled in Buffalo, where for several years he was employed as a tailor. Later he came to Pittsburgh and followed the same occupation till the civil war broke out, when he enlisted with Company B, Seventy-fourth Pennsylvania volunteers. At the close of the war he returned to Pittsburgh and embarked in the grocery business in Smithfield street. About 10 years later he removed his business to No. 439 Sixth avenue. Mr. Schlegel was well known among business men in this section. He was also prominent in fraternal organizations, having been a member of Hays post No. 3, G. A. R.; Union Veteran legion No. 1, Goetha lodge No. 56, A. O. U. W., the Red Men, Pontiac tribe, Central turnverein and the Lorely mannerchor. He was a member of the First German Evangelical Lutheran church, Pittsburgh. Mr. Schlegel in 1855 married Miss Henrietta Schmidt, who, with five children, Mrs. Mary Loos, Miss Nettie Schlegel, John, a deputy collector of internal revenue; Louis, who was in business with his father, and Attorney Charles Schlegel survive. Funeral services will be held at his home at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

David Swope.

David Swope, father of George and Barton Swope, members of the well-known theatrical firm of Barton & Rice, one of whose companies is playing at the Academy of Music in Pittsburgh this week, died last night at 8:15 o'clock at his home in Howard street, Millvale. Mr. Swope had been confined to his bed for the past five months and his death was not unexpected. Mr. Swope was born in Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, 76 years ago. He removed to Millvale in 1872 and became a contracting builder. Some years ago he retired from active business. When the civil war was declared Mr. Swope enlisted with the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteer infantry, and served through the war. He was a member of A. A. Humphrey post No. 545, Grand Army of the Republic; the Knights of Pythias and Hand-in-Hand council No. 88, Junior Order United American Mechanics. He was a Methodist and a member of the Allegheny Bible house, Arch street, Allegheny. Mr. Swope is survived by his wife and five sons, Theodore, Barton, George and John Swope. Barton Swope is in St. Paul, Minn., and was notified of his father's death last night by telegraph. George Swope is here with his company and is now at the family home in Millvale.

Miss Blanche S. Holman.

Miss Blanche S. Holman, 53 years old, a well-known musician and church worker, died Tuesday at the home of her mother, Mrs. S. C. Holman, No. 332 Mathilda street. She had been in failing health for the past two years. Miss Holman was a native of Pittsburgh and resided here all her life. When a child she assumed the position of Sunday school organist and later became an earnest worker in St. Luke's Episcopal church, being also a member of the church choir and assistant organist of the church at the time of her death. She was also a member of the Mozart club. Besides her mother one brother, E. B. Holman, and a sister, Miss Anna H. G. Holman, a teacher in the Sixteenth ward school, survive. Funeral services will be held at the family home this afternoon at 2 o'clock; interment later in Allegheny cemetery.

John McDonald.

John McDonald, 36 years old, died early yesterday morning at his home in South Seventeenth street. He was a well-known bartender in this city, and had been employed at J. H. Filson's in Grant street, near Third avenue, for many years. Mr. McDonald's death is the second to occur this week among employes at Filson's, Thomas Murphy, another bartender at that place, having died on Monday. Mr. McDonald's mother is at the point of death, and his remains had to be taken to the home of Patrick Doherty, at No. 1341 South Seventeenth street, where the funeral services will be held. He is survived by one brother.

Thomas McNamee Buried.

The remains of Thomas McNamee, the young engineer who died at the McKeesport hospital from an overdose of corrosive sublimate, taken at Clairton last week, were buried yesterday in Versailles cemetery. The funeral services were held in St. Peter's Roman Catholic church, McKeesport. McKeesport lodge No. 136, B. P. O. E., attended the funeral. Mr. and Mrs. McNamee, parents of the young man, who came here from their home in Birmingham, Ala., last week, also attended the funeral.

Funeral of E. S. Mason.

Funeral services over the remains of E. Scott Mason were held yesterday afternoon at the family home in West Third street, Beaver, Pa. The Rev. Appleton Bash and the Rev. John F. Drave of Beaver and the Rev. M. A. Rigg of Allegheny officiated. The Masonic fraternity finished the service. Masonic services were held at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon at St. James' lodge hall by Dr. N. G. L. Shillito of Pittsburgh, master of the lodge. Members of St. James' lodge and of sister lodges attended the funeral.

Albert Lawrence Magill.

Albert L. Magill of Grapeville died at his residence there yesterday, aged 70 years. Mr. Magill was widely known in Westmoreland county, where he had resided for 25 years. He was born at McVeytown, Mifflin county. He went into business at Altoona in his early manhood and was well known there. Mr. Magill is survived by his wife and one son, R. Ellis Magill, head clerk in Pittsburgh Union station ticket office. The funeral will take place Friday at 10 o'clock; interment later at old Brush Creek cemetery.

George M. Hickler.

George M. Hickler, 55 years old, a well-known mill worker of Sharpsburg, died yesterday morning at his home, No. 1207 Tenth street, of pneumonia. For the past 15 years he had been employed in the bar mill in Moorhead Bros.' plant. He is survived by his wife and two children. He was a member of Banner No. 258, Protected Home Circle, and of St. John's German Lutheran church.

Peter S. Hay.

Peter S. Hay, perhaps the oldest merchant in Somerset county, died at his home in Salisbury yesterday, aged 71 years. He was the grandson of Simon Hay, who was one of the first settlers of Brothers Valley township, and who died in 1842, aged 103 years. For more than 50 years the deceased was in the mercantile business in Salisbury.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. Jane Samuels, wife of David Samuels of New Castle, Pa., is dead, aged 38 years.

Elizabeth Singer, aged 13, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. J. Singer of Connellsville, Pa., died yesterday.

Joseph Henry Shorthouse, the author of "John Inglesante" and other novels, aged 68, is dead in London.

Thomas J. V. Kennedy, a native of Pittsburgh, is dead in Lisbon, O., aged 66. He went to Lisbon in 1867.

Col. Michael C. Murphy, commissioner of police of New York under the last Democratic administration, is dead.

Dr. Rafael Zaldivar, former president of Salvador and lately minister of that republic at Washington, is dead in Paris.

Capt. Joseph Philman, a veteran of the civil war, died in Denver, Col., aged 70, and his remains will arrive in Lisbon, O., today for burial.

Mrs. Margaret Craynor of No. 209 East Ohio street, Allegheny, died yesterday morning at the Allegheny city home from cancer of the stomach.

Mrs. Sarah Key, 61 years old, a former resident of Lawrenceville, is dead at her home at Hite station. Two sons and two daughters survive.

WESTINGHOUSE GETS SLICE OF CONTRACT

NEW YORK, March 4.—(Special.)—The Interborough Rapid Transit Company today awarded the contract for the electrical equipment of the trains on the underground railway. The General Electric Company received the order for all of the train control, which includes everything in the way of equipment except motors, which was divided equally between the General Electric Company and the Westinghouse Company. The total amount involved is about $2,000,000.

MRS. FRANK CAMPBELL was the guest of honor at a special gathering of the members of the Entre Nous club on Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Andrew Miller in Bellevue. Mrs. Campbell is one of the most popular members of the club, and leaves shortly for Philadelphia, where she will make her home. During the meeting on Monday a handsome painting from the brush of a Pittsburgh artist was presented to her by the members of the club.

The meetings of the Entre Nous club are marked by originality, each hostess entertaining in some new and novel way. On Monday Mrs. Miller arranged progressive games for her guests which were conducted with unique appointments.

The Entre Nous club is composed of a number of well-known women in Pittsburgh and Allegheny who in quiet ways accomplish a great deal of charitable work, providing food and clothing for cases which have come to their attention, securing employment for deserving people in whom they are interested and using their influence to find an opening in homes or hospitals for the crippled and sick. It has been in existence for a number of years. Mrs. J. S. Anderson, living in Fifth avenue, is its president, having held that position ever since the club was organized. The secretary and treasurer is Mrs. Frank Smith, these two offices being combined. The other members are Mrs. R. J. Cleland, who will entertain the club at its next meeting two weeks from today; Mrs. William Leatherman, Mrs. Lewis McClelland, Mrs. Robert Trimble, Mrs. R. L. Thompson, Mrs. James Taylor, Mrs. James R. Darragh, Mrs. Charles Shields, Mrs. Snyder, Mrs. William Fallansbee, Mrs. Robert Phillips, Mrs. Robert Morrison, Mrs. John Duer, Mrs. Frank Campbell and Mrs. Andrew Miller. The gatherings are held every two weeks from October to July, each member in turn acting as hostess and each providing some original entertainment to follow the business meeting.

Several of the members are at present away from home, among them being Mrs. James R. Darragh, who left yesterday for Atlantic City, and Mrs. Robert Phillips, who is in Redlands, Cal. Mrs. J. L. Anderson has just returned from the Ridgway sanitarium, near Titusville, where she has been for the past few weeks.

A Wedding in California.

A wedding of interest to many Pittsburgh people is one which will take place today in Pasadena, Cal., when Mrs. Grace Pettebone, a handsome young widow of Pasadena, will become the wife of Robert A. George of Evanston, formerly of Pittsburgh. The wedding will be quiet, with only a few intimate friends as witnesses. After the ceremony Mr. George and his bride will leave for a month's visit to Japan, afterward taking up their residence in Pasadena, where Mr. George is in business. He is the third son of the late John L. George of Sewickley, and until three years ago, when he moved to California, was in business here with his brothers, Archibald L., John S. and William D. George. His sister, Mrs. Joseph Rohrbacher, lives in Sewickley.

Stewart—Evans.

Mrs. Anna W. Stewart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Stewart, of North avenue, Wilkinsburg, and M. Ross Evans, a popular clerk in the Wilkinsburg postoffice, were quietly married yesterday afternoon in the parlors of the residence of the Rev. John M. Moore in North avenue, the Rev. Mr Moore officiating. There were no attendants, and the ceremony was witnessed by a few intimate friends and relatives. The bride formerly resided in Wheeling, W. Va., but moved to Wilkinsburg only a short time ago. Mr. and Mrs. Evans will reside at 821 North avenue, Wilkinsburg.

Hockey at the Garden.

The game between the P. A. C. and the Victorias tomorrow night at Duquesne garden will be one of the most important hockey events of the season. Skating parties are claiming a large share of attention from the younger set in society just at present and many of their number will witness the sport tomorrow night. They will not be alone, however, for the boxes will be occupied by the older people as well. The boxes will be filled with many large box parties and Duquesne garden will be filled with hockey enthusiasts.

Sewickley Card Party.

The Monday Afternoon club of Sewickley met yesterday at the home of Mrs. Alfred Harlow in Beaver street. About 24 members were present, and the prize winners were Mrs. Mansfield Cochran, Mrs. Eugene Murray and Mrs. Robert Wells. The next meeting will be at the home of Mrs. Eugene Murray at Shields.

Dance Arranged.

A Terpsichorean club, a reorganized social set of Allegheny, which has been holding dances the past year, will give a reception in Cyclorama parlors, Beech and Irwin avenues, Allegheny, tomorrow evening. The committee of arrangements include Oliver Mills, W. L. Copeland, James C. Sloss, John Nelson and W. C. Douglas.

A Novel Entertainment.

A handkerchief shower will be given this afternoon by Miss Amy Adams at her home in Broad street, Sewickley, to Miss Jane Irwin, who will be a bride of next week. Miss Irwin will be married on Wednesday, March 11, to W. J. McKeefrey of Leetonia, O.

Society Notes.

Mrs. William Harris of Ellsworth avenue entertained the members of her euchre club yesterday afternoon, and three pretty prizes were won by the guests. The affair was informal, owing to the recent death of a distant relative.

A musical Lenten service was conducted yesterday afternoon in the English Evangelical Lutheran church.

Tomorrow afternoon Mrs. Alexander R. Peacock will hold her regular weekly at home at her residence, "Rowanlea," in North Highland avenue, East End.

PERSONALS

Gen. William H. Koontz of Somerset county came to Pittsburgh last night and registered at the Monongahela house. He is considerably interested in a bill now pending in the state legislature providing for the formation of new counties. If the bill is passed an effort will be made to form a new county, which will include portions of Somerset, Cambria and Westmoreland, Washington and Fayette counties, with Charlerol as the county seat. "The people of Somerset county," said Gen. Koontz, "are up in arms over the attempt to form a new county by taking a portion of their territory. The bill is iniquitous because it is proposed to take away from Somerset some of its best cities and land that is most valuable to it minerally. The bill provides that a vote be taken of the people in the district affected and the other residents of the county have nothing whatever to say about it. A determined effort is being made by prominent men in these counties to secure the defeat of the bill."

Nathan Frank, former congressman and owner of the St. Louis Star, and Cyrus P. Walbridge, ex-mayor, both of St. Louis and directors of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, passed through Pittsburgh on their way to Washington last night. Their mission to the nation's capital is to arrange for a Philippine exhibit at the fair. The exhibit will consist of a village covering 40 acres, and is to be planned by a Filipino architect. A battalion of Filipino scouts and a Filipino band will also be secured.

H. P. Wilson, postmaster at Altoona, Pa., left for his home last night. He has been in Pittsburgh for the past two days. Before leaving Mr. Wilson told some interesting facts of the improvements being made by the Pennsylvania railroad in his city. "The Pennsylvania railroad," he said, "is expending a million and a half dollars in and about Altoona. It is building a new round house and will soon commence work on a new plant for the repairing and building of steel box cars. The Juniata shops are being enlarged for the purpose of building more locomotives. This will not take any of the work now from Baldwins in Philadelphia, but will simply accelerate the work now being done in Altoona. Locomotive building there is very much behind, and it is the intention of the railroad to make this shop the finest in the country and the biggest plant, next to Baldwins, in the world."

R. B. Owens, a capitalist of Elk Lick, Pa., was in Pittsburgh a short time last night on his way home from West Virginia. Mr. Owens was deeply impressed with the natural wealth of that state. "The mineral and lumber wealth of West Virginia," he said, "is greatly underestimated. In 25 years that state will be the richest in the country. It is almost entirely underlined with fine coal and other minerals."

United States Marshal Stone yesterday returned from Erie, where he had gone to appoint a deputy marshal for that place. He was unsuccessful in securing a man and will return next week for that purpose. At present there is no marshal or deputy marshal at Erie, and when one is needed the Pittsburgh office is telegraphed to. In admiralty cases, ship owners and captains with cargoes against them, have been able to leave port before the deputy arrives. An effort will be made to prevent this by the appointment of a deputy at Erie, who will be under the United States commissioner there. The deputy will be paid in fees.

W. B. Lewis, a commission merchant of Chicago spent yesterday in Pittsburgh and left for his home last night. "I am greatly gratified with the progress made in Pittsburgh," he said, "during the last few years. I notice some fine structures have been erected since I was here last. I was in New York recently and they have a building over there that is 29 stories high. Pittsburgh boasts of a 24-story building, and in time will have even larger buildings. In Chicago the Monadnock building is in the course of construction. When completed it will be 32 stories high."

R. A. L. Penrose, Jr., of Philadelphia, a brother of United States Senator Boies Penrose, was a passenger on the limited to Chicago last night. He was going to Arizona, where he owns some valuable silver mines.

John R. McKinley of Pittsburgh left last night for Chicago. He was on his way to Galveston, Tex., where he has business interests. From there Mr. McGinley will go to Hot Springs, Ark., for a month's rest.

Charles T. Shoen, president of the Pressed Steel Car Company, left Pittsburgh last night for New York. Mr. Shoen had been in the southwestern part of the country for a few weeks.

Prof. Threlfall, an eminent physicist and member of the Royal society of Great Britain, was the guest of J. H. Brashear during the last few days. This is his second visit to Mr. Brashear in 14 years. He has been one of the faculty of the University of Sydney, New South Wales, for 17 years, and is well known for his attainments in experimental physics. He is the author of works on experimental manipulations and apparatus for the laboratory, and has been of great service to the British navy for his researches into the cause of spontaneous combustion in the coal bunker of ships. Prof. Threlfall left for Niagara, where he is interested as the expert in the manufacture of one the many products of the electric energy so largely utilized at that great power plant.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

The following visitors from nearby towns were registered at the leading down-town hotels last night:

Monongahela—John W. Seaman, Washington; B. A. Madera and James A. Barthalow, Morgantown, Va.; A. P. Fisher, Greensburg; J. L. Mozier, Connellsville; F. L. Johnston, Uniontown; C. N. Savage, California, O.; Charles H. Steele, Charleroi; D. P. Fitch, Fairmont, W. Va.; S. W. Kingle, Butler; W. A. Luce, Erie; L. T. Peebles, Cleveland, O.; Geo. V. Adelman, Franklin; W. W. Keever, Morgantown, W. Va.; S. Sayer, Cincinnati, O.; J. J. Menefee, Monessen; Charles McLean, Cleveland, O.; J. A. Johnston, Woodsfield, O.

Henry—Charles B. Delany, Columbus, O.; M. L. Williams, Johnstown; R. C. Stiefel, Elkwood City; F. A. Pritchard, Mannington, W. Va.; F. Roetting, Huntington, W. Va.; S. Lee Tomlinson, Beaver; J. H. Atha, New Castle; John M. Seigfeld, Warren; O. P. Cassedy, Youngstown, O.; Edward E. Hughes, Franklin.

Seventh Avenue—J. M. Skiles, Connellsville; C. P. De Priest, Mt. Pleasant; W. Hieket, Wheeling, W. Va.; W. E. Ford, Mansfield, O.; W. V Hughes, Altoona; Robert Love, Steubenville, O.; John C. Francis, East Liverpool, O.; W. H. Bruce, Wellsville, O.; M. S. Silliman, New Bethlehem; F. M. Miller and P. M. Greene, Altoona; W. B. Patten, Delaware, O.; Leonard D. McCafferty, Parkersburg, W. Va.; H. R. Mattern, Franklin.

Griswold—Ed Campbell, Campton, W. Va.; H. Ulsom, Youngstown, O.; W. Downing, Erie; Randolph Grung, Cleveland, O.; J. P. Fisher, Wheeling, W. Va.; James A. Freed, F. B. Fowler and Charles Smith, Youngstown, O.; F. G. Henry, Marietta, O.; George H. Roberts, Stuiton; Harry Hopkins, Whitsett; W. H. David, Port Royal.

Duquesne—E. J. Bird, Jr., M. A. McLaughlin and B. L. Lautmann, Cincinnati, O.; J. N. McCloskey, Meadville, C. T. Cleaman, Zanesville, O.; T. G. McKell, Chillicothe, O.

Lincoln—F. P. Townsend, Elyria, O.; C. J. Wisteman, Chicora; G. D. Howell, L. J. McCrum and L. W. Fogg, Uniontown; Mrs. J. C. White, Morgantown, W. Va.

Victoria—E. E. Seaman, New Castle; Alfred Lotz, Monongahela City; Charles Walters, Greensburg.

Anderson—James D. Emery, Mercer; John Brennen, Altoona; D. S. Tinsman, Williamsport; W. C. Hunter, Fayetteville.

Newell's—W. H. Zahniser, Parkersburg, W. Va.; G. W. Barricklow, Connelsville.

Expects Wireless Telegrams.

CLEVELAND, March 4.—(Special.)—Aerograms will soon be flying back and forth between Cleveland and several other cities on the chain of lakes, according to the plans of L. De Forest, who was here today perfecting arrangements for the installation of a wireless telegraph station in this vicinity. The station will be located on the lake front and will connect with Buffalo and Detroit, it is promised, by May 1.

Bad Fire at Oil City.

OIL CITY, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—The entire stock of the W. B. James drygoods house was destroyed by fire tonight. The fire started in the basement of the building. James' loss is estimated at $50,000; insurance, $28,000.

FORCE
Satisfies
taste and appetite

WOMEN'S CLUBS

THE PITTSBURGH Daughters of the American Revolution are slowly returning home from Washington, D. C. The 12th national continental congress adjourned Saturday at midnight, the hands of the little French clock on the stand before Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, the president-general, having been judiciously turned back in order to permit the passage of a number of important measures which accumulated at the closing sessions before 12 o'clock.

Mrs. Samuel A. Ammon arrived in Pittsburgh last evening, having stopped over Tuesday in Harrisburg, where she was met by Mr. Ammon. Mrs. Ammon represented the Pittsburgh chapter there, urging the passage of the bill exempting historical sites and buildings from the right of eminent domain exercised by the railroads embodied in the Grady bill. The bill presented by the Pittsburgh chapter is now in the committee, having been returned to it, and will be brought up again new next week, when Mrs. Ammon will probably return to Harrisburg with several other members of the local chapter to speak for its adoption.

The Pittsburgh delegates speak with pride of the re-election of Mrs. James R. Mellon, vice president-general. Mrs. Mellon was unanimously elected, having previously tied with Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood of Washington, D. C., for the office of tenth vice president-general. Mrs. Lockwood withdrew and Mrs. Mellon's election was then made unanimous. On Tuesday Mrs. Mellon, with Mr. Mellon, who remained in Washington during a part of the congress, left for their winter home in Palatka, Fla. They were accompanied by Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks and her daughter, Miss Fairbanks, who will spend the month of March with the Mellons in the south.

Miss Kate Cassatt McKnight remained for a few days in Washington visiting her sister, Mrs. Gregg, and will also go to New York and Philadelphia before coming home to Pittsburgh. Miss Paulette Guffey will return in a day or two and Mrs. Oliver D. Thompson remained for a few days in the capital city after the congress, the guest of Mrs. Hawley, the wife of Senator Hawley.

India and Indian Women.

The regular monthly meeting of the Young Peoples branch of the Woman's Foreign Missionary societies was held yesterday afternoon in the chapel of the First Presbyterian church, Wood street. Miss Nannie J. Gillespie, president of the society, presided, and the devotional exercises were conducted by the Rev. Maitland Alexander. Dr. Bertha Caldwell, a missionary formerly connected with a mission hospital at Allahabad, India, delivered an address giving an account of her experiences at that point and of the work done among the Indian women.

Consumers' League Met.

A resolution to be forwarded to Harrisburg was passed yesterday morning at the regular monthly meeting of the Western Pennsylvania branch of the Consumers League commending the bill limiting the hours of service of children employed in mills and factories. The local branch, however, expressed a wish that the age limit when children can be employed be reduced to 14 years. Routine business occupied the greater part of the meeting. Miss Eliza D. Armstrong, the president, presided, with Miss Jane Robb Murdock, secretary.

Professional Women's Club.

The Professional Women's club held its monthly meeting last evening in Miss Lynne's school in Shadyside. The meeting was well attended and among the important business which was transacted was the adoption of a constitution and by-laws. Several new members were also admitted. After the business was concluded Miss Trimble, who is in charge of the cooking department at the Central Young Women's Christian association, gave an interesting talk on "Home Training for Girls."

Mendelssohn's St. Paul.

For the third concert of the season the Mozart club has selected Mendelssohn's oratorio "St. Paul," which the club will give at Carnegie Music hall in Tuesday evening, March 17. The Pittsburgh orchestra and an excellent quartet of soloists will assist. Beautiful solos and several grand choruses make this oratorio one of the most interesting.

An All-Day Sewing.

The meeting of the West Penn Hospital Cot club at the home of Miss Katherine Ellis in Rippey street was well attended yesterday, nearly all the members responding to the roll call. There was little business to be attended to and the afternoon was spent in a social manner. An all-day sewing is being considered and will be held some time this month.

Committee Appointed.

Arrangements are being made for the women's conference, which will be held Thursday, April 2. Yesterday the press committee was appointed, consisting of Mrs. W. F. Abel, chairman; Mrs. Henry B. Birch, Miss Marion Bonsall, Miss Roberts, Bradshaw and Miss Blanche Craighead.

RUSSIAN ENGINEER PUT UNDER ARREST

ADEN, ARABIA, March 4.—A Russian engineer has been arrested here for attempting to enter the British fortifications. Two Russian cruisers have arrived at Aden and other vessels of the Russian squadron are expected shortly, on their way to China.

Colima in Eruption.

COLIMA, MEXICO, March 4.—Another eruption of the volcano occurred yesterday. There was an overflow of lava, accompanied by lightning.

MORELIA, MEXICO, March 4.—Ashes are falling in Uruapam, in the coffee country, supposed to have come from the volcano of Colima.

Women's Suits—

New things are coming every day—
The Spring Novelties from the smartest tailors in the East—

Every detail perfect—Finish, fit, tailoring just as you want it—

J. G. BENNETT & CO.
Wood and Fifth.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of fifty-four years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'GOURAUD'S CREAM' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the United States, Canadas, and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

LUTHERAN MINISTERS OPPOSE OPEN SUNDAY

Resolutions Against the Repeal of Pennsylvania's Blue Laws Adopted by Synod.

Local Lutheran ministers of the joint synod of Ohio have adopted a resolution denouncing as false the reports that the Lutheran ministry favors the abolition of the Pennsylvania "blue laws," bringing an open Sunday.

The question was brought up at a meeting of the synod at the Coraopolis church, of which the Rev. Otto Mees

CANNON PROTESTS AGAINST HOLD-UPS

Declares Senate Is Enabled to Blackmail House Under Unanimous Consent Rule.

FORESHADOW CLOTURE

Will of People Is Overridden by Minority of Senators—Tillman's Success in Forcing House to Bow to Him.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The speech of Representative Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, delivered, after 8:29 o'clock this morning in the house, on the conference report on the general deficiency appropriation bill protesting against "legislative blackmail" and insisting on the right of a majority to rule in the senate, in view of the fact that he is to be the speaker of the next house, is regarded as foreshadowing a contest upon this question.

The scene when Mr. Cannon delivered this speech was the most remarkable of this congress in the house. Late as the hour was, the weary members were set on fire with enthusiasm, and they cheered his utterances until the great hall resounded with their shouts. Mr. Cannon said:

Gentlemen know that under the practice of the house and under the rules of the senate, the great money bills can contain nothing but appropriations in pursuance of existing laws, unless by unanimous consent of both bodies. If any of these bills contains legislation, it must be by unanimous consent of the two bodies; and the uniform practice has been—so far as I know—the invariable practice has been, with the exception of one amendment upon this bill, that when one body objected to legislation proposed by the other upon an appropriation bill, the body proposing the legislation recedes.

ALL CLUSTERS ABOUT TILLMAN.

In this case the trouble in arriving at an agreement all clustered about one amendment. There were many amendments of a legislative character proposed by the senate; there were many amendments covering hundreds of thousands of dollars of claims pure and simple proposed by the senate. One by one the legislative provisions and the claims disagreed upon by the senate receded, and it came to an amendment to pay the state of South Carolina $47,000.

A word as to that. In May last, on the omnibus claim bill, a basis was fixed for the adjustment of the accounts of Virginia and Baltimore, and South Carolina, with the United States, growing out of the war of 1812-15. The auditing officers of the treasury, in pursuant of that law, adjusted the accounts of Virginia. An indefinite appropriation was made to pay the amount the state whatever should be found due by the auditing officers. Upon that basis, and under that legislation, the sum of $100,000 in round numbers has been paid to the state of Virginia. Under the same law, which is the law today, the auditing officers in their adjustment of accounts of the war of 1812, found due to the state of South Carolina the sum of 34 cents. Now, the senate of the United States, notwithstanding the law, proposed legislation in an appropriation bill to the extent of granting to the state of South Carolina $47,000. The house conferees objected and the whole trouble has been over that one item.

WHERE THEY HAVE PULLS.

In the house of representatives, without criticising either side or any individual member, we have rules, sometimes invoked by our Democratic friends and sometimes by ourselves, each responsible to the people after all is said and done, by which a majority, right or wrong, mistaken or otherwise, can legislate. In another body there are no such rules. In another body legislation is had by unanimous consent. In another body an individual member of that body can rise in his place and talk for one hour, two hours, 10 hours, 15 hours. It is a matter of history that a senator on the Republican side, in a former congress, talked to death a river and harbor bill. Then there comes, constantly in the settling of bills when you must do so and go for so and so, else your bill cannot pass, and this with reference to the great money bills. In my opinion such condition existed as to this bill, and clustered about this one amendment.

There was also an amendment put on to the bill in another body which involved legislation to the extent of granting to the state of Vermont $150,000 in adjustment of her war claims. Without going into that your conferees were unable to get the senate to recede upon this gift from the treasury, against the law, to the state of South Carolina. By unanimous consent another body legislates, and in the expiring hours of the session we are powerless without that unanimous consent. "Help me, Cassius, or I sink." Unanimous consent comes to the center of the dome; unanimous consent comes through statutary hall and to the hall doors and comes practically to the house. We can have no legislation without the approval of both bodies, and one body, in my opinion, cannot legislate without unanimous consent.

IT IS LEGISLATIVE BLACKMAIL.

There was the alternative—in my opinion—this applied not only to the deficiency bill, but to the naval bill, or an agreement as to the naval bill. Your conferees had the alternative of submitting to legislative blackmail at the demand, in my opinion, of one individual—I shall not say where—or of letting these great money bills fail. Now, what are we going to do about it?

Now I have taken the house into my confidence touching this matter, as it is my duty to do. I am getting to be a somewhat aged man. I pray God that my life may be spared until an intelligent and a righteous sentiment, north and south, east and west, pervading both of the great parties, will lash anybody into obedience to the right of the majority to rule. Majorities and minorities shift back and forth. Ah, sir, somebody did that work in reference to the matter of statehood and did you believe in statehood? I did not believe in statehood, and I am putting now the strongest case against my own party, but a majority of the people, voiced in the senate and the house, had the right to have its will expressed.

Gentlemen, I have made my protest. I do it in sorrow and in humiliation, but there it is, and in my opinion another body and these methods must change its method of procedure or our body, backed up by the people, will compel the change, else this body, close to the people, shall become a mere tenderer, a mere bander of the pregnant hinges of the knee to submit to what any one member of another body may demand of this body, as a price for legislation. (Prolonged applause and cheers.)

ANOTHER WAGE ADVANCE.

Lake Shore Grants Increase to Men Who Have No Organization.

CLEVELAND, O., March 4.—(Special.)—All station agents and other employes of the Lake Shore railroad not heretofore granted wage concessions will soon receive an advance in pay. This was the announcement made today by W. C. Brown, vice president of the Lake Shore.

Some time ago the Pennsylvania railroad gave higher wages to all of its employes who were receiving $200 or less a month. The Lake Shore takes the initiative in a new movement for station agents and others neglected because they have no organization to press their claims.

The increases will vary according to the importance of the office and in some instances will amount to $15 a month. Not less than 500 men will be affected on the various lines of the Lake Shore.

Iron Workers' Unions Combine.

CINCINNATI, March 4.—The plan to amalgamate the Coremakers' International Union with the Iron Molders' Union of North America, recommended by the coremakers' convention last fall, has been ratified by a referendum vote by a large majority, according to President John R. O'Leary. The name of the combined organizations will be the Iron Molders' Union.

IT WILL CAUSE A CLATTER IN THE BASEMENT

An Event at Campbell's That Will Make a Noise.

All the tinware, ironware, woodenware, dishes, etc., that survive the liquidation of the housefurnishing department at The People's Store are scheduled to get out tomorrow piecemeal or go in a lump to a man who wants them badly a few days later.

So four cents have great purchasing power, 86 has ten cents and fifteen cents. See the advertisement of detail—especially if you're conducting a boarding house, a restaurant or a hotel.

COUNTY BUILDING NOW A BILLBOARD

Flaring Advertisements of the Biddle Play Plastered on Jail Walls.

FLIGHT OF FANCY STRONG

Commissioner Mercer Says It Ought Not to Be Allowed and Doesn't Know Why It Isn't Stopped.

When it comes to advertising something that was and still remains a lasting shame and discredit to a county, the limit appears to have been reached now in Pittsburgh. And a deplorable feature is that no one seems to know just where to place the responsibility.

Sensational posters, announcing the production in this city of an alleged drama based on the escape of the Biddle brothers from jail, with the assistance of Mrs. Kate Soffel, wife of Peter K. Soffel, the then warden, who went with the desperadoes and who is now serving a term in the Western penitentiary as punishment for the part she had in the affair, are plastered against the Fifth avenue side of the jail.

MRS. SOFFEL IN A SCARLET GOWN.

There are three of these pictures. One shows the Biddles and Mrs. Soffel in a sleigh, speeding along a Butler county highway in their vain endeavor to escape from the officers who are shown in the distance in another sleigh. "Ed" Biddle sits in the rear seat with Mrs. Soffel, directing "those soulful eyes" toward the audience. Mrs. Soffel, attired in a flaming scarlet costume and wearing a picture hat, is in a half standing position, emptying the contents of a big revolver at the pursuers. The other Biddle is plying a long whip on the galloping horse.

Another picture shows the capture. Everybody is shooting, including Mrs. Soffel. There has been a sudden change in the weather. In picture No. 1 it is an ideal day. In No. 2 is it snowing at the rate of an inch a minute. The third picture shows the death of the Biddles in the Butler county jail and a clerical looking individual holds the center of the stage.

BOARDS ORDERED DOWN, STILL THERE.

Beside the theater advertisement referred to, there are also on the walls of the jail the placards of another amusement house, a soap concern and a clothing company. As to who gets the revenue for this, nobody at the court house seems to know. Commissioner Mercer said that the right to put up the billboards was given before he went into office. He said further that not one cent reaches the county coffers for this valuable right, but that he is under the impression that there are a few theater tickets sent to somebody, but to whom he does not know.

Continuing, Mr. Mercer said: "At a recent meeting of the prison board the matter of the bill boards was brought up and they were ordered removed, but they are still there. Other unsightly boards have been taken away and the walls of the jail are now free of all obstructions behind which evil-disposed persons could lurk. The prison board's report was sent to the commissioners, but no action was taken."

OPPOSITION TO TRACKS.

Allegheny Property Owners Protest Against Privileges Asked by Trolley Company.

Determined opposition to the passage of the ordinance granting the Pittsburgh Railways Company rights of way on East and North Diamond streets, Allegheny, was presented yesterday at a meeting of the select branch of councils. The ordinance provides for a single track along North Diamond street to East Diamond, and from there to Ohio street, the purpose being to construct a loop that will in a measure relieve the congestion of traffic during the busy hours of the morning and evening.

The protests came from persons owning property on the two thoroughfares. A. B. Hay, Jr., representing the heirs of the Elliot estate, spoke against the passage of the ordinances, asserting that the laying of tracks would materially impair the value of property abutting on the two streets. It is the intention of the Elliot heirs, he said, to erect a six-story apartment house on North Diamond street, between Federal and East Diamond streets. The passage of the ordinances would not only interfere with the renting of the apartments, but would very likely result in the abandonment of the plan. The ordinance was referred back to the committee on corporations for reconsideration.

The ordinances authorizing the leasing of a portion of the wharf in the Eighth ward to the National Sand Company for five years at an annual rental of $300, and to the C. Jutte Company that portion of the wharf lying between Cherry and Walnut streets, were amended to the effect that the lease holders vacate the property upon 20 days' notice from the city. All measures passed by the common branch at its last meeting, with the exception of the street railway franchise, were passed finally.

HARDWARE MEN WIND UP.

Close Their Convention With the Election of Officers a Banquet and a Dance.

The annual convention of the Pennsylvania Retail Hardware Dealers' association, in convention at the Monongahela house, for the past two days, adjourned last night after a banquet and dance. In the afternoon a meeting was held at which the following officers were reelected for the ensuing year: President, G. L. Moore; vice president, G. J. Rudolph; secretary, J. E. Digby; treasurer, J. H. Bowers; delegates to national convention, S. Bryan and C. H. Miller.

At yesterday morning's session H. G. Cormick, president of the national association, delivered an address in which he urged harmony in all branches of the business. He said that the national association was represented in 18 different states. He stated that the hardware men throughout the country had entered a strong protest against the passage of the parcels post bill, not alone because it would injure the hardware business, but he contended that the people would under its provisions pay profits to a large number of mail order concerns.

At last night's banquet nearly 200 were present. Addresses were made by H. G. Cormick on "Our Association," T. James Fernley, secretary-treasurer of the national jobbers' association, on "The Jobber—His Relation to the Trade;" R. O. Williams of Iron Age, New York, "The Trade Journal, the Dealers' Guide;" George R. Wallace of Pittsburgh, who made a general talk, and J. H. Reed, who spoke on "The Salesman, the Dealer's Best Friend."

EXAMINATIONS FOR FEDERAL POSITIONS

A civil service examination will be held in Pittsburgh March 24 for the position of assistant engineer for the Federal building, Smithfield street. Next month examinations will be held for the position of a female librarian for the Carlisle Indian school, for seamstress in the Indian service and for a skilled mechanic for service at the weather bureau, Washington, D. C. Persons desiring to compete should at once apply to the secretary of the local board of examiners, James E. Cowna, superintendent of free delivery, Pittsburgh postoffice.

Sensational Posters on Walls of the Jail

The Round-Up, With Lots of Gun-Play.

PRICES FOR TIN PLATE HIGHER

The Manufacturers Expecting Much Stronger Iron and Steel Markets.

COKE CONTINUES HIGH

Transportation Troubles Unrelieved—Heavy Plates and Structural Shapes Have the Call—Hardware Active.

Decidedly the tendency of the market is a hardening one, and buyers are beginning to evidence a very commendable desire to seek cover before the arrival of an era of high prices which will give the early bird, who has protected himself by providing for his nest before the coming of increased quotations, a considerable advantage over his tardier competitor. Such is the impression of a traveler through the iron and steel markets of Pittsburgh, where there is a very strong predominance of the bull feeling, with a variety of logical arguments to support the position taken. Representatives of leading furnaces report rapid sales of iron up to capacity, no stock accumulating, while the requests daily received absorb any small lots which are available for market. Yesterday's business in tonnage aggregated about 5,000 tons, and this is but indicative of the prevailing condition every day for several weeks past. The product of all large producers is sold ahead and marketable stocks are not plentiful. There is no actual boom, but there is a steady growth in the volume of business, and a generally accepted belief that prices will be stronger during the last half of the year. Inquiry is good, and for larger amounts than formerly. Recent orders, which aggregate no large a total, have all been for comparatively small lots.

ADVANCE IN TIN PLATE.

The important feature of the week was the advance in tin plate, which occurred on Tuesday, quotations going forward 20 cents a box, or $4 the ton. This is a restoration of half the cut which was made last year, when a sweeping reduction brought prices down from the $4 per box, which had been ruling for so long, to $3 80. The advance of this week was not anticipated and is attributed to the increased cost of production, beginning with block tin and running through fuel, both of which important items are more expensive now than heretofore.

Now that it is understood ore prices will be higher during the coming season, manufacturers of pig iron do not hesitate to avow the expectation of firmer markets.

Transportation conditions continue as they were a week ago, except that the trouble is, if anything, increased. Shippers do not see how they can look for much relief before next winter, as many of the contemplated railroad improvements will not be completed by that time and with the added facilities expected soon there will not be a complete relief from the congested conditions. Railroads are suffering for lack of motive power and track room, together with limited terminal facilities, more than from shortage of cars, as under existing conditions cars started out, which should reach destination in a few days, are delayed for weeks, and sometimes for months.

COKE CONDITIONS UNRELIEVED.

For this reason coke remains high, orders for immediate delivery commanding $6 50 to $7 per ton, and eagerly snapped up at prices asked by consumers who cannot afford to risk being without it. The recent floods have aided in making conditions more stringent, transportation lines suffering severely in many places where tracks were inundated.

Much interest has centered during the past week in the announcements made that both the United States Steel Corporation and the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company would make extensive improvements and build large additions to their plants. The work contemplated will involve the investment of millions of dollars and largely increase the producing capacity of this district.

A statistician has estimated that the production of iron and steel in the United States, while it remained at a standstill during the 11 years, from 1887 to 1898, that in the five years since the latter date, increased so enormously that the total output, which in 1898 was 10,000,000 tons, will in 1903 amount to $19,500,000 tons, almost double. He goes further and says that while this is twice as much for the country, it means almost four times as much for the Pittsburgh territory, where the increase has been greatest. This gives some idea of the problem with which transportation companies are forced to wrestle, and accounts for part of the congestion.

MARKETS ALL ACTIVE.

Inflowing orders for average lots of Bessemer iron have been steady and reached an aggregate of from 10,000 to 15,000 tons for the week, as estimated by those handling large quantities. Quotations have held, and still rule, at $21 to $21 25 at furnace.

Activity in the forge iron market has been so great as to almost put producers out of business through inability to satisfy ever increasing demands, with $21 delivered at Pittsburgh, as the ruling figure.

Foundry iron is firm and in steady demand, with orders taken for immediate shipment at $23 25, while $22 25 has prevailed as the price in a number of transactions where deliveries will not be made until after July 1.

There have been a few recent sales of Lake Superior charcoal iron, which, while not individually large, have been sufficient to establish a market, which is steady at $28 50, Pittsburgh. Transactions have been for lots of 300 to 500 tons.

Ferro manganese is still quoted at $50 the ton for domestic, the price which has prevailed for several weeks. There is but a limited amount offering and the market is steady.

OPEN HEARTH STEEL STRONG.

Basic open hearth steel is strong and active and is held at $32 a ton at the mill. Billets are quoted at $31 to $31 50, Pittsburgh delivery, and at these figures tonnage amounting to from 6,000 to 8,000 tons has been booked.

Movement in steel rods continues steady with sales made at $36 per ton for Bessemer rods.

There is no change in the muck bar situation since last week, prices quoted ranging from $35 to $37, with eastern competition at lower figures still present.

Skelp is without special feature, but the market is fairly steady, and prices of last week continue. Iron skelp is worth from $1 90 to $2, and steel $1 95 per 100 pounds.

The steel rail situation has lost none of the strength noticed last week, while the scarcity of light medium and standard section rails still continues. Prices continue to rule as follows: Standard sections, $28 a ton for 200-ton and larger lots, $30 for carlots and $32 for less than carlots; $36 a ton for car and larger lots of section rails, 25 and 45 pounds to the yard; $37 for 16-pound, $41 for 12-pound and $53 for 8 pound.

BAR PRODUCERS SOLD AHEAD.

There is falling off in the demand for merchant steel bars, tonnage for the week amounting to about 10,000 tons. Manufacturers are hurried to keep wants of customers supplied, and mills are booked away into the future. Prices are unchanged, Pittsburgh mills quoting $1.40 per 100 pounds, at mills, with other manufacturers paying the freight rate from Pittsburgh to this price.

Business in structural shapes among Pittsburgh makers during the week aggregated 15,000 tons. Of this, by far the greater portion was for heavy material. Prices remain as follows: Beams and channels, 3 to 15-inch, $1 60 for 100 pounds; beams, 19 to 20-inch, $1 70 for 100 pounds; angles, 3 to 6-inch, $1 65 for 100 pounds.

Orders for new business in steel plates were freely given and amounted to a larger tonnage than for the preceding week. By Pittsburgh producers 15,000 tons were added to the bookings, and, as with structural shapes, the great demand was for heavy plates. Base prices remain at $1 60 per 100 pounds for tank plate; $1 70 for flange and firebox, and $1 80 for ordinary firebox.

CRUCIBLE STEEL UNCHANGED.

Crucible steel and the finer lines of merchant steel are steady, but without special feature. Mills of the leading producer are busy and sold ahead for at least six months. Prices are as follows: Tire steel, $2 15 to $2 25 for 100 pounds; spring steel, $2 25 to $2 35; toe calk, $2 30 to $2 40. On less than 2,000 tons of a size and not less than 1,000 these prices are subject to an additional 10 cents on the price for 100 pounds, and on less than 1,000 tons, 30 cents. Cold-rolled shafting quotations continue at 47 per cent, $2 30 in car and larger lots, and 42 per cent on less than carlots.

As noted above, there has been an advance of 20 cents a box in tin plate, which makes the price to recognized jobbers buying 500-box and larger lots of $3 80 at the mill, to which is added a minimum freight rate of 10 cents a hundred for Pittsburgh delivery.

The sheet iron and steel situation is firm, with producers slower in making shipments. While prices are no higher, there is a stronger undertone to the market, indicating a hardening of quotations. Price ranges from $2 75 the 100 pounds on the No. 28 gauge, black sheets, bought in 500-bundle and larger lots by recognized jobbers, while the galvanized product ranges from $3 85 on the No. 28 gauge.

Nothing to call for special comment occurred in the scrap iron market, and quotations are allowed to remain as they were a week ago. Heavy melting stock is held at $21 50 a ton, and No. 1 cast iron scrap at $20 to $20 50 to the amount of 4,000 tons. No. 1 wrought iron scrap is worth from $21 to $22; borings, $12 50; old steel rails, $22; steel rails for rerolling, $24 to $25; old iron rails, $25 to $26.

PIPE MARKET SATISFACTORY.

Leading producers of wrought iron and steel pipe express themselves as particularly well satisfied with conditions. While no notably large contracts have been placed, there is a steady run of orders, which swells the total tonnage to important figures. Discounts to jobbers buying in car and larger lots remain as follows:

MERCHANT PIPE.

Steel.	Black. Pc.	Galv. Pc.
⅛, ¼ and ⅜ inch	68	58
½-inch	70	60
⅝ to 6 inch	75	65
7 to 12 inch	73	63
Wrought Iron.	**Black. Pc.**	**Galv. Pc.**
⅛, ¼ and ⅜ inch	65	55
½-inch	67	57
⅝ to 6 inch	72	62
7 to 12 inch	70	60

For short lengths, extra strong plain, ends, threads and couplings, the prices are higher.

BOILER TUBES.

	Steel. Pc.	Steel Pc.
1 to 1½ inches	45	36½
2½ to 3 inches	62½	35½
1⅞ to 2½ and 6 to 13 inches	52½	30½

CASING.

	Pc.
2 to 8 inches	55
8½ to 4 inches	60
4¼ to 12½ inches	65

HEAVY HARDWARE TRADE.

The coming of bright weather is stirring the hardware dealers to thoughts of what they are going to do in the near future, and, judging from preparations they are making, business is going to move along in great shape. We judge also, from preparations they have been making, in which they have been stocking up very freely on all lines and putting their stocks in shape to sell large quantities, that they expect a tremendous business. Nails and wire continue to move very freely, and we presume for the reason that dealers are looking for further advances, which are even now talked of, manufacturers still claiming that prices are too low to afford a reasonable margin on the present cost of billets and rods, claiming that values are low at a price 20 cents a keg higher than present prices. The demand promises to be unparalleled, and it looks now as though the mills would neither be able to fill the orders nor the transportation companies to carry the goods, so that dealers who are stocking up heavily for their wants for spring trade are doing a wise thing. Builders' hardware is moving along in about the same volume as heretofore, the character of goods being better than for some time past, and judging from statements made by builders' hardware manufacturers, the character and class of hardware being used is advancing very high, the days of cheap hardware for almost any fair kind of a dwelling having almost passed. Albion tools continue to go out in good volume, the prospect being that there will be a large demand for these when the weather opens up finally.

PRICES GENERALLY FIRM.

We note a continued growing interest in the bicycle business, the hardware trade generally having been in the bicycle and sundry business for years past coming again into the market with their orders, making preparations for the business they feel is coming. Prospects look very favorable for a large business in this line. Goods in the housefurnishing line are moving freely for spring wants, a few season goods for winter needs moving as the demands come from customers, the stocks in the hands of retailers being pretty well exhausted. Masury goods in paints, colors and varnishes are going into the hands of the trade and into the hands of users very freely, the prospects seeming to indicate there will be a very large quantity of these goods used this season. Prices in a general way are firm, manufacturers still insisting that they are somewhat behind in their orders, and this condition existing, we do not feel that there will be any weakening in the prices. Indications seem excellent for a very large business.

The Bindley Hardware Company furnishes the following quotations: Wire nails, $2 05 in carlots, $2 15 in less than carlots; cut nails, steel, $2 05 in carlots; $2 20 base, in less than carlots; cut nails, iron, $2 30 in carlots; $2 40 base, in less than carlots; plain galvanized wire, $2 25 in car lots; $2 35 base, in less than carlots; galvanized barbed wire, $2 65 in carlots; $2 75 base, in less than carlots. Other sizes at usual advances. Columbia pocket knives, discount 35 per cent; Alton hatchets, discount 50 per cent; Stevens shotguns and rifles, discount 25 per cent; Bindley canal shovels, $6 50 a dozen; Great Western flies, discount 70 and 10 per cent; window glass, discount 90 and 10 per cent less than carlots, and 90, 20 and 2½ in carlots; sheet iron, base No. 28, $3 per 100 pounds; galvanized sheet iron, discount 70 per cent.

ADVENT OF MARCH BRINGS IMPROVEMENT IN TRADE

Inquiries for Iron and Steel Increases and Larger Business Is Noted.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 4.—The Iron Age will say tomorrow:

The advent of March brings with it numerous indications of improving trade. Inquiries are increasing, and a larger volume of business is noted in almost every branch of the iron trade, from old material to the most highly finished products. A special feature of the week was the large business in steel rails. Orders have been placed at Pittsburgh for about 100,000 tons, which includes considerable tonnage from suburban electric lines, an element now becoming an important factor in the rail trade. Both Pittsburgh and Chicago report sales of round lots of Bessemer pig iron to the malleable ironmakers. Billets are wanted in large quantities, but consumers have difficulty in finding steelmakers to handle the business thus offered them.

Sheet iron and tank advance of $2 per ton was noted in wire products. This week the American Tin Plate Company follows in the partial restoration of prices reduced last fall, announcing an advance of 20 cents per box, or $4 per ton. The stiffening of prices seen at Pittsburgh seems to foreshadow an upward movement in merchant pipe, and it is even intimated that light sheets may advance under the stimulus of the encouraging spring demand. It is of interest to note that the advance in wire products was well received by the trade at large, and that the demand has not been checked.

Quite a good tonnage has been done in foreign basic Bessemer billets. The demand for steel has been steadily increasing, and as domestic makers are unable to supply the full requirements of the trade, consumers are still turning to foreign sources of supply. The foreign market is strengthening, partly because of the good demand from this country, but also on account of the steadily improving conditions abroad. It is difficult to shade $28 50 for ordinary Bessemer billets. Quite a good demand is also experienced for special open-hearth billets for importation.

A continued flow of orders for structural material is also reported by importing interests. Practically all American sections can now be purchased from foreign manufacturers.

A great deal more business could be done in foreign pig iron if prices were as low as some time since, but the market abroad has stiffened quite considerably and foreign foundry irons are up from $1 to $1 50 per ton above the lowest price recently quoted.

The metal market has attracted more interest than usual this week by reason of the advanced prices on copper and tin. Copper is up to 15¾ cents and tin to 30 5-8 cents per pound, New York. Spot tin in London has advanced over £4.50 per ton during the week. The movement in each case is asserted to be speculative, consumers holding aloof from the market.

ENGINE TURNS TURTLE.

Engineer and Cook of Seaboard Limited Likely to Die from Injuries.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., March 4.—(Special.)—The New York Seaboard Limited, leaving here at 1:20 this afternoon, was derailed six miles north of Yulee at 2:25 by an open switch, and the entire train wrecked.

The engine turned turtle and was demolished. The baggage car was swung off to one side, while the dining car was thrown almost across the right of way and into the ditch. The sleeper was derailed, but the observation car at the end of the train kept on the rails.

Engineer Pierce and George Hopkins, cook of the dining car, will die of their injuries. Six others were hurt, but only two of those seriously.

COST HIM ONLY $5 TO HANG HIMSELF

Pittsburgh police place a low valuation on the lives of men from Salem, O. John Cavanaugh, 25 years old, who says he is a merchant in Salem, was arrested at noon yesterday for drunkenness. He hanged himself with his suspenders in a Central station cell a little later. He was cut down, and when he recovered his breath, released on a $5 forfeit.

FORCE
Satisfies taste and appetite

HALF A DOZEN FIRES.

Two Plants Sustain Severe Loss. Lack of Water Causes Considerable Trouble.

Fire destroyed the plant and a large pile of lumber of the Union Column Company, in Hill avenue, Wilkinsburg, yesterday morning. Only papers in the safe, two horses and a wagon were saved. The loss is estimated at $80,000, partly covered by insurance. During the fire a gasoline tank exploded.

The plant of the Island Petroleum Company, on Neville island, was damaged several thousand dollars yesterday morning. The officials believe the fire was caused by fumes from benzine and naphtha tanks being ignited by the fire under the boilers at the plant.

Slater's livery stable, in Virginia avenue, near Kearsarge street, Mt. Washington, was damaged several thousand dollars yesterday afternoon. William Slater, Sr., who conducts the livery business, was slightly burned while taking horses and vehicles from the building.

When the firemen arrived there was no water, as the mains were dry. Chemical engines Nos. 1, 2 and 12 were called out and saved the building, which was an old one and formerly used as a roller skating ring, from being burned to the ground.

The first floor of the building at No. 418 Wood street was damaged $1,500 by fire yesterday afternoon, caused by an explosion of brass polish in Foster's dyeing establishment. Charles Johnson, a colored porter, attempted to find the polish with a lighted match. Many fine waists and other garments which had been left to be cleaned were ruined by the smoke. About 250 members of the Painters and Decorators' lodge No. 6 were in session on an upper floor of the building when the fire broke out. The building is owned by H. C. Frick.

Fire did $60 damage to George Kunze's stable, No. 44 Salvania avenue, last night.

The Eagle Power Company's plant, foot of Sandusky street, Allegheny, was damaged $20 worth by fire last evening.

TRUSTEES MEET TODAY.

Vacancies in the Board Will Be Filled and Questions Concerning W. U. P. Decided.

The spring meeting of the board of trustees of the Western University of Pennsylvania will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the city recorder's office. Routine business will be taken up, as also the question of changing the number of terms in the year. The standard of entrance to the university has been raised, and it may be found advantageous to change the number to two instead of four. A committee will be appointed for the purpose of suggesting names to fill vacancies in the board of trustees for the coming year.

The subject of changing the location of the university will not, likely, be taken up, because this matter has not as yet been reported back from the committee to whom it has been referred. The board, however, is anxious that an early solution of this problem may be reached, and earnest efforts are being made toward that end.

John A. Brashear, chancellor of the university, last night said there is a pressing demand for a larger development in the higher technical branches of university training in Pittsburgh. He said it is to be hoped that with the development of the great secondary technical school the university will be given a helping hand, so that it will be able to give to the young men of this community in the lines of higher technology all they can get in any other institution in the land.

ESCAPE FROM BRIG.

Deep Mystery of Disappearance of Sailors from New York Navy Yard.

NEW YORK, March 4.—(Special.)—Shackeled hand and foot and locked within the brig of the Hancock, which was also bolted, Daniel Collins, James Smith and Oliver Murphy, insubordinate sailors, escaped on Monday from the New York navy yard. They had been visited by the master-at-arms at 7:50 o'clock that evening. At 8 o'clock they were gone.

Murphy was found in the brig Tuesday morning, shackeled as before. His lips are sealed, and threats of a court-martial have not made him tell the story of the escape.

AN INTERESTING HISTORY.

Covering Half a Century Vouched For By Reliable Indorsements.

In 1848 the Rev. Father John O'Brien, a noble man, came to Lowell, Mass., to do the Master's work in St. Patrick's Parish.

In 1854, Father John as he was fondly known to his people, was attacked with a serious cold which, developing into a stubborn cough and affliction of the lungs, caused the greatest alarm for the health of the beloved clergyman.

Medical skill seemed unable to stay the progress of the disease. Finally, an Eminent Specialist was consulted, who gave Father John a prescription to cure the cold and remove the lung trouble, as well as to build up and strengthen the body. The Clergyman took the prescription to the old drug store of Carleton & Hovey, Lowell, Mass., the firm by whom Father John's Medicine is prepared. The cough soon disappeared and his people rejoiced when he declared that he had been made as well and strong as ever.

Father John recommended the medicine to his parishioners and friends, and thousands were made well and strong by taking it. In getting this prescription they always called for "Father John's Medicine," and so it was named by the people, and advertised—all with the approval and sanction of Reverend Father O'Brien, because he knew of its merit and desired that all who were ailing might benefit by its power to cure.

This old-fashioned, wholesome remedy is unequaled as a body builder and tonic. It restores health and strength to all run down systems. Its gentle laxative effect strengthens the stomach and corrects the digestion. It drives out all impurities. It is a food medicine and contains only pure nourishment. It is not a patent medicine, but it is free from opium, morphine or poisonous drugs in any form, which are found in the majority of patent preparations.

While it is not a "cough syrup" or "balsam," nothing equals this prescription for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, consumption, and all throat and lung troubles. It has a most soothing and healing effect, and at the same time builds up the body and makes strength.

We have permission to refer to the Sisters Superior at the following Homes and Hospitals where Father John's Medicine is in use: Sisters of Charity, St. John's Hospital, Lowell, Mass., Notre Dame de Lourdes Hospital, Manchester, N. H.; Sisters of Mercy, St. Patrick's Orphanage, Manchester, N. H.; and many others, the names of which we shall be pleased to furnish upon application.—Carleton and Hovey Co., Lowell, Mass.

Heart Disease

may be cured by strengthening the heart nerves, enriching the blood and improving the circulation with Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. Safe and sure. Sold on guarantee. Send postal for free book on diseases of the heart and nerves today. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

UNHEALTHY KIDNEYS

Cause More Sickness and Serious Complication Than Anyone Knows.

Thousands of Men and Women Have Kidney Disease and Do Not Know Until It Has Developed Into Bladder Trouble, Rheumatism, Diabetes or Bright's Disease, Which Will Prove Fatal If Not Attended To At Once.

PAINS IN THE SMALL OF THE BACK,

painful passing of urine, inflammation of the bladder, torpid liver, cloudy urine, pains in the back of the head and neck, rheumatic pains, and swellings all over the body, eczema and jaundice tell you your kidneys are diseased and are not able to do their work properly. If you have any of these symptoms great care should be taken to stop the progress of the disease and prevent it becoming chronic and impregnating the entire system.

Thousands of unsolicited letters are received daily from grateful men and women who have been cured by Warner's Safe Cure.

DOCTORS GAVE HIM UP.

Dear Sirs: I feel it my duty to thank you. Eighteen years ago was suffering from kidney complaint, and for two years was very low. The doctors had given me up unless I went through an operation. At that time I heard of Warner's Safe Cure and immediately stopped all doctoring and commenced using your remedy. For the last fifteen years and a half have enjoyed perfect health.

I advertise it to all sick people I come in contact with, and with a great many it had effected a cure. Very respectfully, JOHN C. PELZER, Denham, Ind., Dec. 14, 1902.

COULD NOT SLEEP. "SAFE CURE" CURED HIM.

Dear Sirs: I received yours of the 3d inst. I got your trial bottle of Warner's Safe Cure and used it. Since I have taken two large and two small bottles, which I can gladly say have cured me of kidney trouble, for which I had to be up from two to three times a night; now I can rest without getting up. I had severe pains in kidneys and back, but I have no more pain, and am glad to state that it was through your Warner's Safe Cure that I now enjoy good health. You are at liberty to use the above statement. I return hearty thanks to you.

Signed, J. F. SAUNDERS, Long Beach, Cal., Dec. 11, 1902.

After your morning urine stands 24 hours, if you find a reddish brick dust sediment in it, or particles floating in the urine, or if it is cloudy, you will know your kidneys are in a diseased condition and are unable to perform their work. The result will be the bladder and urinary organs will become inflamed, uric acid will poison the blood, the stomach will become affected and unable to digest the food, the system will become weak and the result will be a break-down of the general health, with Bright's disease or diabetes, which will prove fatal if not treated with promptness and great care.

ANALYSIS FREE

If, after you have made this test, you have any doubt in your mind as to the development of the disease in your system, send a sample of your urine to the Medical Department, Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y., and our doctors will analyze it and send you a report with advice free of charge to you, together with a valuable book describing all diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder and blood and treatment for each disease.

All letters from women read and answered by a woman doctor. All correspondence in strictest confidence.

"SAFE CURE" CURES WEAK KIDNEYS

It purifies and strengthens the kidneys and enables them to do their work; it will cure rheumatism, rheumatic gout, diabetes, Bright's disease, uric acid poison, inflammation of the bladder and urinary organs, and restore the patient's health and vigor.

Safe Cure is purely vegetable and contains no narcotic or harmful drugs. It is free from sediment and is pleasant to take. You can buy Safe Cure at any drug store or direct, 50 CENTS AND $1 A BOTTLE.

Beware of so-called kidney cures which are full of sediment and of bad odor—they are positively harmful and do not cure.

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure.

HORNE-STEWART CO

DRY GOODS

Thursday, 5 March, 1903

Topcoats

TAILORED to the topnotch of perfection and not beyond it—prices within reason and scarce half the best tailors would have to charge.

Homespuns and homespun effects and the new all-wool crashes, the color you want and in fancy mix—never a better coat and never less to criticise.

18.50

15.00 For an elegant worsted and the unusual in a short undressed worsted that you would expect to pay twice as much for..... **22.50**

233-235 Fifth Avenue

CHAMBERLAIN'S ABSENCE MAKES PARLIAMENT DULL

Colonial Secretary Is the Only Government Minister Who Is Popular.

OPPOSITION IS WEAK

Cause for Impeachment of Cabinet Officials Would Be Shown If Light Were Turned on London and Globe Defalcations.

By ARNOLD WHITE.

(Special Correspondence to The Gazette.)

LONDON, Feb 28.—The new session of parliament has begun. The country continues to think deeply on many matters of administration, but listlessness was the dominant note in the assembling of the house. On the opening day of parliament the benches were thinly occupied. In both houses the dreary drip of dilatory declamation reminded the observer how completely parliament is out of touch with the nation. The opposition, like an anaemic girl, was too languid to propose an amendment to the address.

The dullness of the opening of parliament was largely due to the absence of Mr. Chamberlain. The presence of the secretary of state for the colonies in the cabinet is sufficient to sustain the present government in office for an indefinite period of time. Mr. Chamberlain is the only minister who has steadily increased his reputation and his popularity after eight years of office. Ten years ago half England hated Mr. Chamberlain, and most of the remainder distrusted him. Today, if a plebiscite were taken by ballot as to who should be prime minister of England, Mr. Chamberlain would be preferred to any other candidate.

The apathy that prevails in parliament is largely due to the weakness of the opposition. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, with his "methods of barbarism," his pro-Boerism and his taste for coquetting with the school of the "Little Englanders," has done more to keep the present government unrepentant and unreformed than any other outside influence.

CAUSE FOR IMPEACHMENT.

Any strength that exists in parliament today is not derived from either of the political parties, but from the independent judgment of members of both sides of the house, who prefer their country to their party. The number of these members is not very large, but their influence has been exhibited in the debate which took place on Thursday night on the subject of the London and Globe defalcations. The secret history of this company cannot be divulged.

Facts are known to me and to others in relation to the London and Globe matter which was perfunctorily discussed in parliament, which would justify the impeachment of ministers, if the days of impeachment had not long gone by.

There is no such trade union in England as the Bar. The attorney general draws a salary of about £16,000 a year. Whitaker Wright defrauded shareholders and creditors of seven and a half millions of money. He issued fraudulent balance sheets, supported by fraudulent transactions, which led to the deception and ruin of a large number of honorable firms and the impoverishment and distress of tens of thousands of shareholders.

I may say that Whitaker Wright, if that be his real name (I am informed he was known by another name in America), snaps his fingers at the criminal law. He is said to consider himself intrenched behind illustrious people. The name of the king is freely mentioned. It is said that the king, when prince of Wales, received Whitaker Wright at Marlborough house, and visited Whitaker Wright on his yacht, the White Heather. It is stated that the duke of Connaught made a large sum of money in connection with the London and Globe business.

The London and Globe case is of world-wide interest, not because seven and a half millions of money have been stolen, but because it raises the whole question of the integrity of English justice.

This is not fair to the king, and it is not fair to the people of England. The children of Queen Victoria, without exception, are efficient and honorable members of society. The king is no more capable of acting as he is alleged to have acted by Whitaker Wright's friends than of robbing a hen roost. The duke of Connaught is a high-minded, chivalrous soldier, who is incapable of a mean act.

The real reason why no prosecution is instituted is not made public. When the truth comes to light, and it will come to light, society will be convulsed at the revelations. The knife and the hot iron are required. The ulcer must be treated with the actual cautery. Nothing else can save us.

EVIL RESULTS IN COLONIES.

During the past week I have been in communication with one of the most illustrious of our public men—a man whose consummate knowledge of the inside of the empire is exceeded by no one's. He tells me that, speaking with this inside knowledge of the empire and its affairs, "the gross incompetence of our administration has become a grave imperial matter, and that in the colonies the distrust and suspicion with which English administration is regarded is producing most evil results." My informant tells me that "individual change, in the war office, for example, however sound, cannot permanently benefit a system so radically rotten as ours."

I have seen two remarkable plays this week. Tolstoy's "Resurrection," produced by Mr. Tree at His Majesty's, is a gloomy piece, based on a theme of unspeakable foulness and revolting detail. Although adorned with the genius and saturated with the spirit of Tolstoy, it is not a play the average man would like his daughter to see, but the acting of Miss Lena Ashwell as the heroine is one of the most brilliant pieces of work we have had on the London stage since Miss Ellen Terry was in her prime.

The other play, "The Light that Failed," is founded on Rudyard Kipling's book. Anything that Rudyard Kiplin writes is run after by thousands. The theater was filled by the name of Rudyard Kipling, and one of the principal actresses, Miss Margaret Halstan, whose impersonation of the red-haired girl is quite remarkable, tells me that it is expected that the piece will run for a very long time.

PARENTS TRY TO ANNUL VISCOUNT'S MARRIAGE

Alleged to Have Married New York Widow While Under Age.

PARIS, March 4.—The civil tribunal of the Seine today took up the case of the Count de Keratry, a former prefect of police, and the Countess de Keratry, who asked the court to annul the marriage of their son, the Viscount Hilarion de Keratry and the Viscountess de Keratry. The parents allege that the marriage was contracted in the United States while the son was a minor, and without their consent.

The preliminary pleadings showed that the marriage took place in New York in 1898; that the bride's maiden name was Baugan; that she was first married to John Mullins of New York, a contractor, and that she was a widow at the time she met the viscount. The hearing was not finished and was adjourned until March 18.

TRAVELING SCHOOLS FOR COUNTRY DOCTORS

Scheme to Teach the Latest Ideas in Medical Science.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

BERLIN, March 4.—The country medical practitioner in Germany is to have an opportunity to learn the latest developments in surgery and general medicine from a traveling university that will bring post-graduate instruction to the nearest large town in his vicinity free of charge. Emperor William gave his signature Monday to the plans for this work, which will be paid for by the government and by small contributions from medical societies.

Great specialists, such as Prof. Lassar, Bergmann and Rumpf, will charge small fees for their services. Prof. Lassar has already contributed 1,000 specimens of skin diseases to the museum which will be carried from place to place with laboratory appliances.

The country doctor can thus come to his neighboring city for a week or two once a year and hear the leaders of his profession explain the latest processes for treatment or see celebrated surgeons operate. The idea of the traveling university appears to have originated with the late Empress Frederick, who used to talk to Prof. Renvers about it. The Bavarian government already has already made a limited use of the suggestion.

GERMANY WILL HAVE AN IMPOSING EXHIBIT

Display at St. Louis Fair Will Far Exceed Expectations.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

BERLIN, March 4.—Germany's exhibit at the St. Louis fair will be far more comprehensive than the ministry of the interior first designed. Dr. Lewald, the German commissioner, who has been pretty thoroughly all over Germany, in summing up the results today, said that the porcelain manufacturers of Berlin and Dresden would send comprehensive exhibits as also would the glass industry of Ehrenfeld. There will be a very complete display of bronze, gold, silver and iron industrial art objects.

The management of the St. Louis exhibition has given education the foremost place, with its own building, hence Germany intends to make the most interesting display possible in this department.

Dr. Lewald also referred to a long list of the industries of Germany which would be represented.

The action of the Stuttgart publishers in declining to exhibit is not supported by the publishers at other centers, so that the most admirable examples of the artistic bookbinding art will be seen at St. Louis. The government printing office will send an imposing exhibit.

Among the agricultural exhibits will be a horse show at which the best German breeds will be represented. The German commissioner has obtained satisfactory assurances from the wine growers, manufacturers of cutlery and arms, and from the chocolate manufacturers.

BRUSSELS, March 4.—The Belgin committee for the St. Louis exposition, numbering 60 persons, was appointed today under a royal decree by Minister of industry Francotte. M. Simanos, one of the vice presidents of the senate, is the chairman of the committee.

MADRID, March 4.—D. R. Francis, the president of the St. Louis exposition, arrived here this afternoon. He was met at the station by United States Minister Hardy. After a short conference with Minister Hardy, Mr. Francis called on the minister of agriculture, accompanied by Secretary Sickles of the United States legation. Mr. Francis will meet the premier and other members of the Spanish cabinet by appointment.

INCREASE IN OLD AGE; PENSIONS FOR MINERS

French Chamber of Deputies Adopted Annual Appropriation of $200,000.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

PARIS, March 4.—The chamber of deputies, continuing the debate on the budget for the ministry of finance, adopted tonight an appropriation of $200,000 annually for increasing the old age pensions paid by the mining companies to their miners and employes. The measure was passed practically without discussion and without a division. A test vote showed that the measure was supported by a majority of 130.

This appropriation was one of the principal promises that the government made to the miners at the time of the recent strikes. It is expected that today's appropriation will bring the pensions, to which a miner is entitled on reaching the superannuation age, from 50 francs to 380 francs per annum. The measure was a part of the Socialist program and is avowedly the first step in the direction of providing old age pensions for all the working classes.

PRETENDER DEFEATS SULTAN'S TROOPS

Government Army Is Said to Have Been Victorious in Another Engagement.

MADRID, March 4.—A dispatch from Tangier, Morocco, announces that the pretender has defeated the imperial troops commanded by Mohammed Sherqui and forced them to retreat, after hard fighting.

TANGIER, MOROCCO, March 4.—Notwithstanding the contradictory rumors circulated here, the governor of Tangier has received a letter from Fez announcing that the column of the sultan's troops commanded by Minister of War El Menebhi has completely routed the Senjay tribe, the most fanatical of the pretender's adherents.

FORCE
Satisfies
taste and appetite

WOMAN INSPECTOR HAS SERIOUS FALL

Attempt to Climb Steamer's Ladder from Goverment Tug Proves Failure.

SHE SAYS IT SLIPPED

Men Declare New Officials Never Will Learn to Be Good Sailors, but They Are Not at All Disheartened.

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, March 4.

Miss Helen Taylor, custom house inspector, took a header from a ladder while climbing to the deck of the Ward line steamship Morro Castle, some 20 feet above the water, this morning. It was a hard bump she got, but it only sprained her ankle. It might have broken her neck.

She was going up the steep side of the steamship from the revenue cutter, out in New York bay, in a seaman-like way, with her personal rigging closely and decorously furled, when, about half-way up, she slipped or became dizzy, and turned a somersault to the deck of the cutter. The other women inspectors screamed, and one of them threatened to faint.

"If you do, you'll fall overboard," growled one of the crew, and the lady recovered.

Meanwhile Miss Taylor was lying helpless on the deck, and the cutter made all haste back to the Battery, where Dr. Tappen of the United States marine hospital attended her. The sprain was bandaged and the sufferer taken home. She will be compelled to remain there for a week or two.

The other women inspectors returned to the Morro Castle, and with the help of the men on the cutter and officers of the steamship managed to scramble aboard, flustered and not in love with their jobs.

Special significance is attached to this tumble of Miss Taylor, because there has been some heated discussion as to whether women can be expected to make the long climb up the side of a big steamer, from the deck of a wobbly little boat, particularly when the sea runs high, as it often does even in the harbor. Some of the inspectors declare that the same Providence which has equipped women with a shoulder adapted to the carrying of babies, but which interferes with her throwing a ball, never intended her to climb ladders.

Miss Taylor is the chief of the corps of women inspectors, and was a matron at Ellis island for some time. She is of the strenuous type of femininity, and has already had one or two sharp disputes with passengers of her own sex. One woman on a trans-Atlantic liner a few days ago declared that she had been treated shamefully by Miss Taylor.

While it is understood that the employment of women inspectors is in the experimental stage, the opinion of unbiased persons—who, of course, are not men inspectors—is that the women will learn to go up the ladders with as sure a foot as the men. That it is infinitely pleasanter for women coming over on ocean vessels to deal with customs officials of their own sex than to be compelled to answer intimate questions from men is conceded on all sides.

Miss Taylor says the ladder slipped, and that may have been the case, after all. GEORGE C. JENKS.

ROBBERY A MYSTERY.

Cash Register Looted and Three Men Are Under Arrest.

The cash register in the Palace restaurant, No. 1105 Carson street, was broken open yesterday morning and robbed of $380. Later Dr. A. M. Duncan, owner of the restaurant; A. Thompson and Joseph Hersberger were arrested charged with complicity and held in $1,000 bail. Duncan sold the restaurant Sunday to C. S. Diety for $1,000, of which he had received $300, but Deitz had assumed charge.

After midnight John Lumbert, a Pole, entered the restaurant and asked Joseph Hersberger, the waiter, for a room. He was accommodated and gave Hersberger $380 to keep for him over night. The money was placed in the register.

Dr. Duncan and Thompson went into the restaurant at 5 o'clock. They invited Dietz and Hersberger into the kitchen to have a drink. While the men were out of the restaurant the register bell was heard. Dietz started out, but says was stopped by the men in the kitchen. He broke away in time to see the burglar leaving the restaurant with the money.

DEPUTY CORONERS HAVE BEEN SUSPENDED

Coroner Jesse M. McGeary yesterday suspended Deputies James Loughrey and John Kerr for 15 days for neglect of duty. They attended a gathering at Deputy Louis Huchel's home in Allegheny on Sunday and failed to report for duty in the afternoon. Coroner McGeary is considering the dismissal of both men from the service, as he is likely to impose some penalty on Deputy Huchel also. It is said there is considerable trouble in the coroner's office. The men have not worked in harmony for over a year.

WIDOW M'CLOY TAKEN TO MARSHALSEA

Mrs. Sarah Ella McCloy was taken from the Central police station yesterday morning to Marshalsea. She was accompanied by her brother and Attorney Charles F. McKenna. The woman will be temporarily placed in the insane department until the lunacy proceedings instituted by her brother and son are determined.

COLDS--COUGHS
Grip
RELIEVED IN 5 MINUTES.
CURED IN 6 HOURS.
DR. FENNER'S
Golden Relief
and Cough Honey
have not failed in 30 years. 1 tablespoonful of the "Relief" in 2 of water and one of sugar hourly till sweat, then 1 of "Cough Honey." A bath completes the cure. 3 doses generally sufficient. Death will never result from LUNG or THROAT diseases when these two Remedies are PROMPTLY used.
By Druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1. sizes.
ST. VITUS'DANCE Sure Cure. Circular, Dr Fonner, Fredonia, N.Y.

"I Can't Go
I've such a terrible headache," need never be said again. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills quickly cure and positively prevent headache and all bodily pain. No opiates, non-laxative, never sold in bulk. Guaranteed. All druggists. 25 doses 25 cents. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

BIG SHIPMENTS CROSSING OCEAN

Pipe, Wire and Wire Nails Are Exported from Pittsburgh District.

EUROPE HAS BIG SHARE

Some of Product Goes as Far as Australia, China and Japan. Total for Last Month More Than 7,500 Tons.

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, March 4.

More than 7,500 tons of wire, wire nails and pipe were exported through New York and other eastern seaboard ports last month from Pittsburgh and other Pennsylvania plants of the American Steel and Wire Company and the National Tube Company, branches of the United States Steel Corporation.

The shipments of wire and wire nails make up a total of more than 6,000 tons. The shipments of wire alone aggregated 4,040 tons. The principal exports went to South America and Australia, 1,442 tons going to Argentine, while the balance was about equally divided between Brazil and Chili. To the Antipodes 1,366 tons were shipped; 602 tons represented the total exports to Europe, about half going to the continent and the balance to Great Britain. Holland took 214 tons. Other ports on the continent where wire was exported in February were Bergen, Copenhagen, Rotterdam, Barcelona and Christiania.

The shipments to Great Britain went to Liverpool, Manchester, Glasgow, London, Bristol, Leith, New Castle and Hull. Two hundred and nine tons went to South Africa. China took 154 tons. About a similar quantity went to Colon.

The wire nail exports in February amounted to 2,607 tons. China and South America were the chief buyers. Five hundred and four tons went to China. To South America was exported 472 tons, 347 tons of which went to Chili and the balance to the Argentine republic. Four hundred tons were shipped to ports in the United Kingdom, London taking 151 tons and Liverpool 113 tons, while shipments were also made to Glasgow, Leith, Bristol, New Castle and Manchester. Only one shipment of wire nails went to continental Europe last month, a minor lot going to Copenhagen. One hundred and forty-three tons went to South Africa. Shipments were also made to Singapore and Manila.

The chief exports of pipe went to the far east and to continental Europe. To China and Japan 511 tons were forwarded. Small shipments also went to Singapore and Manila. To ports in continental Europe 310 tons were sent, 430 tons going to Antwerp. Lots also went to Marcellies, Barcelonia and Copenhagen.

The exports to Great Britain were much lighter than usual, less than 100 tons in all having been forwarded to Manchester and London. One hundred and sixty-six tons went to Colon. Smaller shipments were made to Australia and South Africa.

At last!
To take the place of coffee, a really inviting healthful beverage with a fragrant aroma and exquisite flavor
Excel Blend
(English Formula)
Of your grocer 25c

STIEFF PIANOS

Delight the Performer—They are as good as can be—Sold by the maker—Easy Terms.
Write for catalogue
STIEFF, 618 Penn Ave.
E. S. WALLOVER, Mgr.
Factory—Baltimore. Established 1842.

NOTICE TO BOYS AND GIRLS
Subscription Books for The Gazette's Educational Contest are now ready.

MOST TALKED OF WOMAN, COMING WOMAN OF WORLD

Oratorical Boquet Thrown at Feet of President of Dressmakers' Association.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 4.—Amid a rustle of silk petticoats, a scraping of chairs and an enthusiasm which made every member show a decided inclination to talk at once, the convention of the Dressmakers' Protective Association of America was opened today at 10 o'clock in the hall of the Masonic temple at Twenty-third street and Sixth avenue.

Of the 8,000 members of the association more than 500 were present to rapturously applaud their president, Mrs. Elizabeth White, when she took the chair.

Miss White shared the large platform with one of the vice presidents, Mrs. Linda Wade of Mattoon, Ill., who in her official capacity, proceeded to throw bouquets in the most approved official manner.

"Worthy of the member of a hundred clubs," was her introduction of the president, who she presented to her audience as "Miss White, ladies, the foremost woman, the most talked-of woman, the coming woman of the world."

EAST END TO HAVE FINE NEW CHURCH

The Hamilton avenue United Presbyterian congregation has decided to build a new church at an approximate cost of $40,000. A committee has been appointed to examine plans and get the work under way as soon as possible. The congregation is 10 years old and is now under the charge of the Rev. William E. McCullough.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

KAUFMANN'S
"THE BIG STORE"

Sale Peter Thompson style girls' garments

THE question, "What shall my girls wear this spring?" is now puzzling many a mother's brain. Come and see what they SHOULD wear: these Peter Thompson style coats and dresses. 1,350 of the newest styles bought away under the maker's quotations on sale today. Just look at the low prices.

Girls' Peter Thompson style suits—large sailor collar with stars, emblems on sleeve, made of nice all-wool cheviot in blue, brown and dark red, nicely trimmed and finished, all sizes up to 14 years—the regular $5.00 coats in this sale at 3.98

Girls' Peter Thompson style coats—in three different lengths, with regulation emblems on sleeves and collar, reversible cuffs, coats nicely lined throughout with nice satin of contrasting color—regular $7.00 coats, sale price 5.98

Misses' Peter Thompson style coats—made of fine cheviots, light weight meltons, etc.—hand embroidered emblems on sleeves and small stars on collar—handsomely tailored and lined with silk—regular $14.00 coats in this sale for 10.00

Girls' Peter Thompson style suits—with emblems on sleeve and shield—large collar trimmed with four rows narrow white braid, silk tie to match—good full skirt with extra deep hem and made of superior all-wool serge or cheviot—regular $5.00 suits, special at 3.98

Girls' Peter Thompson style suits—most attractive cadet and sailor effects, with or without regulation emblems, also the one-piece French blouse style, in splendid serges, cheviots and mixtures—$8.50 suits, sale price 6.50

Peter Thompson style suits for the larger girls and misses, beautiful naval emblems on sleeves and shield, the materials are finest serges and cheviots, the skirts full plaited or straight gored with flare, also trimmed with stitched silk and braid—suits worth $12.50, special at 9.98

Peter Thompson style tailor-mades for misses and young ladies, nobby blouse effect with new full sleeves, emblems in gilt, graceful hanging walking length skirts—jackets splendidly lined with fine silk, very nobby suits for particular young ladies, worth $18.00, special price 14.00

Peter Thompson style coats for the little tots, plain box or large collar effect, various materials, trimmed with emblems and gold braid, some with belt, coats worth $7.00, sale price 5.00

Today's specials in new silks and dress goods

New black goods—250 pieces of 42 to 46 in. all-wool French voile, canvas etamine, French prunella, crepe granite, mistral etamine, French poplin and heavy mesh sicilian—imported to sell at $1.00 yd., special price 69c

Colored dress goods—new mixtures and plain materials, including all-wool sail cloth, knub yarn suitings, spring shades in plain and vigoreaux venetians, extra wide pure worsted cheviot and neat flaked yarn suitings in blue, brown and black, sold everywhere for 69c, here today for, yard, 49c

New black goods—great number of pieces of our regular $1.50 to $2.00 dress goods, reduced on account of rebuilding operations—there are many different kinds of new materials, including lace striped voiles and etamines, at, yard, 98c

Colored dress goods—pure wool medium weight, plain and fancy skirtings, in stripes, checks and mottled effects, all shades, just the thing for unlined skirts and jacket suits, 50 to 56 in. wide, regular $1.00 material, today for only, yard, 69c

36-in. wide taffeta—deep lustrous black, either soft or stiff rustling finish, equal to $1.25 and $1.35 qualities, elsewhere, yd., 98c

Corded black silks for waists and dresses—beautiful soft light weight fabrics—special today at, yard, 39c

Black ground foulards with single and cluster effects, also novelty dots — a very desirable material made doubly so by this low price, yd. 38c

27-in. Lyons dye India silks—guaranteed fast black, will wash perfectly, desirable weight—usually sold for 75c yd., for today, yd., 49c

Figured Indias—small figures and dot effects, deep lustrous black, satin finished, broche figured, yd., 49c

Crepe de chine—24-in. wide, sold in lengths of 12 yds. or more, same quality sold elsewhere at $1.00, per yard, 72½c

The March furniture sale means much

IT'S founded on fact, and wins on principle. It's not a spasmodic offering of poorly built furniture made to sell cheap, but an enterprise requiring months of preparation and such resources and facilities as "The Big Store" alone can command. The quick disposal of $125,000 worth of artistically designed, substantially constructed modern furniture—that's the object of this sale. Here are some of the "quick movers" which shrewd people are profiting 25 to 50 per cent by.

This box saddle seat dining room chair — quartered golden oak, piano polish — regular price $4.50, March sale price 2.49

Pillar extension tables—like above and several other splendid styles — made of selected golden oak, 6 ft. extension — regular price $20, March sale price 12.98

Solid oak extension tables—several styles to choose from, round or square—6 ft. extension—regular price $11.00, March sale price 6.75

Cobbler seat diners—solid golden oak, high back, brace arm—regular price $1.75, March sale price 98c

This elegant sideboard — carefully selected quartered golden oak, beautifully hand carved — also several other styles—regular price $45.00, March sale price 28.75

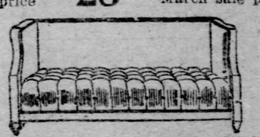
This elegant china closet — full bent end glass, French bevel mirror—regular price $45, March sale price 28.75

3-piece bedroom suites—made of quartered golden oak, hand carved, piano polish, full roll—regular price $65.00, March sale price 39.75

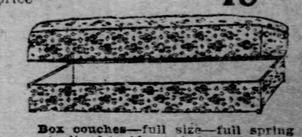
Solid golden oak bedroom suites—3 pieces — well made, regular price $25.00, March sale price 16.75

This claw foot couch—golden oak frame, 30 in. wide—upholstered in corduroys, velours and leatherettes, 8 rows of deep tufting, never-wear out springs, regular price $16.50, March sale price 9.75

This handsome leather couch — all hair filled, 32 in. wide, 6½ ft. long — artistic hand carving—regular price $75.00, March sale price 46.75

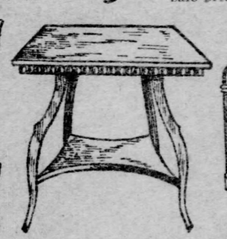


Mahogany finish davenports—6¼ ft. long, full spring seat, upholstered in fine corduroys, regular price $45.00, March sale price 24.75



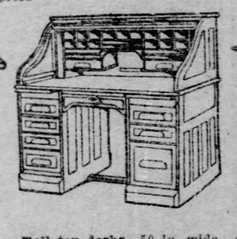
Box couches—full size—full spring seat—lined inside—upholstered in imported denim—worth $15, March sale price 9.75

Quartered golden oak parlor rockers, like above and other choice styles—cobbler or saddle seat — regular price $4.50, March sale price 2.49



Parlor tables—like illustration, mahogany finish or quartered golden oak, 24x24 in. top—regular price $3, March sale price 1.49

Library tables — guaranteed golden oak, 28x48 in. top—large drawers — regular price $15.00, March sale price 8.75



Roll top desks—50 in. wide, made of selected oak—regular price $25.00, March sale price 16.75

Women's sewing rockers—solid golden oak, high back, cane seat, braced arm, regular price $1.50, March sale price 89c

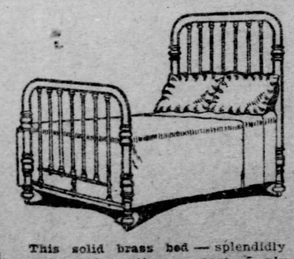
Splendid chiffoniers—made of solid golden oak, 5 large and roomy drawers, brass trimmed — regular price $6.50, March sale price 3.98

Selected golden oak dressers—like above and several other styles — 24x30 in. French bevel mirror—regular price $20, March sale price 12.98

This nice dresser, solid golden oak, three large drawers, French bevel mirror — regular price $10.50, March price sale 6.75

Nice kitchen cupboards — double glass doors, made of selected golden oak, carved—regular price $14.00, March sale price 8.75

This handsome solid brass bed—5-ply lacquer—fancy scroll design — regular price $75.00, March sale price 49.75



This solid brass bed — splendidly constructed, continuous post, 5 ply lacquer — regular price $55.00, March sale price 36.75

Women's writing desks—in mahogany finish or selected quartered golden oak—highly polished, neatly arranged interior—regular price $5.50, March sale price $4.98

Brass scroll top beds—bow extension foot, all colors, all sizes—regular price $9.50, March sale price 6.75

Brass trimmed beds — like above illustration, 1 1-16 in. post, all sizes—regular price $4.00, March sale price 2.49

Read the Sunday Gazette.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Pittsburgh's Best Newspaper.

SECOND SECTION PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 5, 1903. PAGES 9 TO 14

REFUSED TO SHUT DOWN FACTORIES

Independents Won Temporary Victory Over Window Glass Combine.

NO TRUST NOW FEARED

Attorney General Sheets of Ohio Attended Meetings and Is Satisfied That No Agreement on Prices Will Be Made.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

COLUMBUS, O., March 4.—The conference of window glass manufacturers ended today in a temporary victory for the "outside men," who steadfastly refused to enter into any agreement to close their factories as desired by the representatives of the three associations. No date for another meeting was set and the situation is exactly as it was Monday, except that committees apointed at an executive session this morning will attempt to persuade the independent men to yield to the wishes of the associations.

Attorney General Sheets, who recently threatened to prosecute the glass manufacturers under the Ohio trust law, and who, at the invitation of Leopold Mambourg, secretary of the Federation Window Glass Company, attended two of this week's conferences, said tonight that he believes the manufacturers contemplate the formation of no trust. He added, however, that he will keep close watch upon their movements. In discussing the session he said:

"There appeared to be such a division of opinion among the glass men that I do not believe they will ever be able to get together. The only talk of an agreement was that of an arrangement to close the factories long enough to work off the surplus stock on hand. Nothing was said about agreeing to prices."

It was intimated that if the outside manufacturers shall continue to hold aloof, there may be a reduction in the price of glass, probably as much as 40 per cent.

RATE WAR LIKELY IN THE GLASS BUSINESS

Conference of Manufacturers Failed to Come to an Amicable Agreement.

A ruinous rate war over the price of window glass will probably result owing to the inharmonious ending of the glass manufacturers' conference at Columbus. The main question considered was the decision of the American Window Glass Company to advance prices and maintain rates for another year, provided the outside firms closed their plants on April 15. It was expected that 95 per cent of the manufacturers would consent, but the proposition fell flat.

When this conclusion was reached President James A. Chambers and Vice President William Loeffler of the American Company left the meeting and returned to Pittsburgh.

Mr. Chambers yesterday declined to talk about the conference. A conference took place in the company's office during the afternoon, which will have an important bearing on the situation. M. K. McMullin, of the American Company, last evening said:

"The conference, I understand, resulted in a disagreement. The American Company, however, will go right ahead making glass and do as it pleases. We have the glass-blowing machines, which are a commercial success, and if we put them into general use at our factories they will enable us to hold our own, if not more."

The American Company, it is claimed, offered to close down its plant one month earlier than the rest if all would shut down April 15. By the refusal of the independent companies, many of the factories will be in operation as late as June 15.

SPECIALTY IN TEETH

Ian Amuck in Duluth Extracts Molars of His Victims and Says He's a Dentist

NEW YORK, March 5.—(Special.)—A special from Duluth, Minn., to the World says: A man named Johnson today ran amuck in the streets. He started in by pulling the teeth of four men who were found intoxicated in a saloon.

An hour later he accosted an old man on the street, knocked him down and pulled two teeth.

Fifteen minutes later he entered the residence of Mrs. Ellison, knocked her down and extracted two teeth.

The police in the meantime had been called and arrested the man, who said he was a dentist. When he was asked to show his license he produced a contract to saw wood.

CALL BUSINESS NUISANCE.

Beverly's Wealthy Summer Residents Object to Guffey Oil Station.

BEVERLY, MASS., March 4.—(Special.)—Opposition by Beverly's wealthy summer residents to the establishment by the Guffey Petroleum Company of a big plant and tank station is developing more strongly every day.

A hearing on the matter will be held Thursday night, when the rich property owners will be represented by counsel.

The Guffey people wish to build a $200,000 plant, and the summer residents have signed articles guaranteeing the town taxes on double that amount if the oil plant scheme is turned down.

POPE REPLIES TO GIBBONS.

His Holiness Sends Message to Cardinal at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, March 4.—Cardinal Gibbons received today a cablegram from Pope Leo XIII., acknowledging receipt of his eminence's wireless telegram of congratulation. In effect the reply was as follows:

"The holy father thanks your eminence for the kind felicitation you sent on the occasion of his jubilee in the name of the clergy and people of the United States."

The message was signed by the pope's secretary of state, Cardinal Mariano Rampolla.

Miss Roosevelt Starts North.

NEW ORLEANS, March 4.—Miss Alice Roosevelt and Miss Root, who have been visiting New Orleans for two weeks, left today for Washington. A number of society people bade the young ladies farewell at the depot.

An Oak Is Not Felled By One Stroke.

It takes constant pegging to do anything, little and often fill the purse and the bank ... We loan you our little metal "... Bank"—you keep it and drop ... in. We pay you 4 per cent ... your savings accounts. Allegheny Trust Company, 413 Federal street, Allegheny, Pa.

CERTAINLY DIGGIN' DEEP.

FLORIDA IS NOW MECCA FOR PENNSYLVANIANS

Quay, Penrose, Dalzell and Graham Are Destined for Southern Clime.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4

Pennsylvania statesmen are preparing to leave the national capital, some for their homes, others for Florida for brief vacations, now that congress has adjourned. Senator Quay and family will start for San Lucie tomorrow in a special car. The senator will spend most of the time there until summer, and then probably will seek cooler quarters in the mountains of Maine. He will be in Florida until after the state convention on May 27.

Senator Penrose will stay through the extra session of the senate, after which, with his secretary, Col. W. R. Andrews, he will go to Florida as the guest of Senator Quay for a week or so, when he will return to Philadelphia and remain there until after the state convention. He has a long trip planned for the summer through the Rocky mountains.

Representative Dalzell and family are ready for Florida tomorrow and will enjoy a few weeks' rest. Mr. Dalzell has worked hard this season, particularly in the closing days. He was in his seat every day from the time the house met until adjournment, with the exception of a few days detained at home through illness.

Representative Graham's term expired at noon today. He and Mrs. Graham will leave tonight for Florida. Their daughters are at school here and will not accompany them. Mr. and Mrs. Graham will stay two weeks in Florida.

Representative and Mrs. Acheson will arrive home in Washington, Pa., tomorrow. There daughter is at school in Boston.

Representative Sibley will remain here a month more attending to business before the departments. He has a summer home on Lake Champlain, and during the hot months he will be there and at his home in Franklin.

L. W. STRAYER.

COULTER ACQUITTED.

Policeman's Connection With the Greenwood Club Was Not Proved.

Officer Cyrus Coulter of the Allegheny police force, charged with operating a speakeasy at the foot of Greenwood street, was acquitted by Alderman Walter Wadsworth last evening, the testimony proving nothing more than that a club known as the Greenwood club was located at the foot of Greenwood street.

Mrs. Margaret Farthing, who brought the suit, tried to prove that Coulter had sold beer to her husband, William Farthing, both on Sundays and week days. She failed in this and could not show that Coulter was even a member of the club. The existence of the Greenwood club was not questioned.

TO SEE CARNEGIE ON PALACE OF PEACE PLAN

THE HAGUE, March 4.—A representative of the financial syndicate which controls the estate near here which formerly belonged to the grand ducal family, will start shortly for the United States to negotiate with Andrew Carnegie for the sale of the estate on which the latter proposes to erect a "Palace of Peace" in commemoration of the establishment of the international court of arbitration.

SIBLEY DENIES HIS AMBITION

WASHINGTON, March 4.—(Special.)—Representative Joseph C. Sibley, who, it has been rumored, had ambitions to succeed Senator Quay in the United States senate, when asked about the matter today, said: "It is a subject which I have given no consideration. If Senator Quay wants another term, he is certainly entitled to it. No man in Pennsylvania is deserving of more honor than Mr. Quay."

Welsh Chorus Formed.

COLUMBUS, O., March 4.—(Special.)—Men and women prominent in Welsh singing circles tonight decided definitely to send a mixed chorus of at least 125 voices to the National eisteddfod, to be held in Pittsburgh May 30. Seventy-five musicians tonight signified their intention of trying for places in the chorus.

Pittsburgher Is Runner Up.

PALM BEACH, FLA., March 4.—(Special.)—J. S. Remsen of Brooklyn, who shoots from scratch in the Florida Gun club contests, won the loving cup presented by Charles Goodwin Emery of New York in today's shoot with a score of 19 out of 20. Thomas McKee Cook of Pittsburgh was the runner up.

DEATH OVERTOOK HIM WITHIN 400 YARDS

Brakeman John Chapman was fatally injured before he had gone 400 yards on a new run yesterday. He was swept off the top of a freight car by a United Traction trolley wire at the Fleet street crossing of the Baltimore & Ohio at Rankin, his scalp torn off and his skull fractured. He is dying in the McKeesport hospital. Although an old railroader it was his first trip on this division, and he was not familiar with its dangerous features. Chapman is 38 years old, and lived with his family in West Braddock avenue, Braddock.

MAY ARREST A WOMAN.

Buffalo Police Still Hard at Work on the Burdick Murder Mystery.

BUFFALO, March 4.—District Attorney Coatsworth's office in the city hall was again the place around which interest in the Burdick murder mystery centered today. Unknown men and women were admitted at the private entrance to the office and later hurried away from the city hall in closed carriages.

While Superintendent Bull is quoted as saying an arrest—the arrest of a woman—may occur at any moment, the authorities are working as hard on the case today as they did the first day after the tragedy was discovered.

Superintendent Bull, Chief Cusackand and Assistant District Attorney Abbott concur in saying the murderer was a woman.

"We think we could make an arrest now in safety," said Superintendent Bull, "but we prefer to wait as we believe that certain evidence which we wish to gather will lead to successful results."

BONILLA ENTERS CAPITAL.

President-Elect at Government Seat of Honduras and Opponents Retreat With Armies.

SAN JOSE, COSTA RICA, March 4.—Advices received here from Honduras say that Gen. Bonilla, the president-elect, to whom Gen. Sierra refused to surrender the presidency, has entered Tegucigalpa, the capital of Honduras, and that Gen. Sierra and Gen. Arias, who was appointed president by Sierra when the latter took the field against Bonilla, have retreated to a stronghold in one of the northern departments, accompanied by their best fighting men. It is not believed here that Gen. Bonilla will succeed in retaining power at Tegucigalpa.

GOV. NASH GOES TO CAMBRIDGE SPRINGS

COLUMBUS, O., March 4.—(Special.)—Gov. Nash, Attorney General Sheets, State Auditor Guilbert, State Treasurer Cameron and Secretary of State Laylin left this evening for Cambridge Springs, the guests of the Erie Railroad Company. They will spend several days at the Pennsylvania resort.

Trust Company Bill Defeated.

TRENTON, N. J., March 4.—In the house today a bill requiring trust companies to make a public statement four times a year of their assets and liabilities was defeated, after being opposed by Mr. Fielder of Hudson. What was wanted, he said, was a more rigid inspection of these companies by the banking and insurance department.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Turning gray? Why not have the early, dark, rich color restored? It's easily done with Ayer's Hair Vigor. A splendid dressing, too.

J. C. Ayer Co. Lowell, Mass.

OLD INTERESTS WILL OPPOSE REMOVAL

Stockholders of Sharon Steel Company Object to Dismantling Plant.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

SHARON, PA., March 4.—Determined opposition on the part of the old interests in the Sharon Steel Company and Union Steel Company as purchaser of the Sharon company, will arise if any attempt is made to dismantle any part of the old Sharon steel works.

It was reported here today that the tube mill of the Sharon works will be razed and the machinery sent to Lorain, O., where $8,000,000 is to be spent, according to the official statement yesterday. Clause 5 of the Union Steel Corporation agreement is said to forbid any plan of this sort. There are reports also that while the Sharon works were not mentioned in the list on which money is to be spent, that large plans are now being perfected for early announcement by which this plant will be doubled in size.

TOO MANY APPLICANTS.

Wilmerding School Board Will Hold Secret Meeting to Elect Principal.

The Wilmerding school board will hold a secret meeting tomorrow, Saturday or Monday evening to elect a principal to succeed Prof. Grant Norris, who resigned two weeks ago to become superintendent of the Braddock schools. Prof. Norris took charge at Braddock last Monday.

When the meeting for last Tuesday evening was called to elect a principal there were but 11 applicants, but when the board met it found that 27 had accumulated, and the majority of them were at the board meeting. Then it was decided to act upon the applications at a secret meeting. The position pays $1,500 per year, although Prof. Norris was offered $1,800 to remain.

GET YOUR HANDS IN THESE GLOVES

Twelve Hundred Matchless Chances at Campbell's Tomorrow.

Prepare for Easter.

What if Easter is more than a month away?

Will you have another chance to get a creditable pair of gloves for 59c? You say you don't want 59c gloves for Easter wear.

Of course not.

But if you can get $1.50 gloves and only pay 59c for them that's quite another matter.

That is what twelve hundred people will do at Campbell's tomorrow—no, not twelve hundred, for many women will take three or four pairs when they see what a few cents more than half a dollar will buy.

The advertisement gives details.

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)

A Superb Library Table

The Library Table shown in the above illustration is a distinctly modern product. It epitomizes convenience, and yet it is especially pleasing in design and finish.

Made of golden oak or mahogany; top is 56 by 36 inches, height 30 inches, rounded corners.

You will observe that this Table is of such size as to be suitable for a library large or small.

Price is always an inducement at

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)

525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CEILING MEN ARE NOW COMBINING

Another Constituent Interest of the Steel Corporation Being Formed.

WHEELING'S NEW WORKS

Will Have a Capital of $5,000,000 and Employ 1,500 Workmen in Place of 6,000 Now Employed.

Another manufacturing combination is in progress of formation, the purpose being to make it one of the constituent interests of the United States Steel Corporation, and thereby furnish another outlet for a distribution of the corporation's products.

At a meeting of manufacturers in the metal ceiling line, held at the Hotel Henry, in this city, last evening, it was definitely arranged to erect at Wheeling, W. Va., a large plant at which is to be concentrated the great bulk of the metal ceiling interests of this country. The plant will cost $500,000, and will employ about 1,500 men. The capital stock of the new combination will be $5,000,000.

At present there are 12 concerns in this country engaged in the manufacture of metal ceilings. Among them are the following named concerns, being six of the thirty-one associated companies embraced by the National Roofing and Corrugating Company, the principal office of which is at Wheeling: Cambridge (O.) Roofing Company; Canton (O.) Steel Roofing Company, J. H. Eller & Co. of Canton, O.; Milwaukee (Wis.) Corrugating Company, Penn Metal Ceiling and Roofing Company, limited, of Philadelphia, and the West Virginia Steel Company of Wheeling, W. Va. These concerns, in addition to their roofing and corrugating business, do a large line of manufacturing in the way of metal ceilings, and it is proposed to separate this branch of their industry and merge it in the new combination, the principal office of which will be in Pittsburgh.

The other concerns which it is proposed to combine in the new United States Steel Corporation interest, are smaller than those named, and most of them are located in the east. The 12 concerns now employ about 6,000 workmen. The new works at Wheeling will be so fitted up with the latest improved machinery and appliances that 1,500 workmen will be able to turn out a greater product than the 6,000 do now. The new works will mean a material addition to Wheeling's population for the force now employed by the West Virginia Steel Company in the manufacture of metal ceiling numbers only 150.

Receiver for Turf Concern.

ST. LOUIS, March 4.—Judge Foster in the circuit court today appointed John R. Laughlin receiver for the National Securities Company. The appointment was made upon the petition of a score or more investors in the turf concern.

A FLESH FORMING FOOD.

When you buy a package of Mi-o-na, the great flesh-forming food and dyspepsia cure, weigh yourself and see how much you gain in the first week's use.

Druggists May's and Schilling Bros. Co. will tell you of many of their customers who a month or so ago were thin, pale, haggard and dyspeptic, but who are now, through the use of Mi-o-na, plump, strong and happy, with perfect health and good digestion. They have seen so many instances of the wonderful power of Mi-o-na to restore the sick to health and to make good, natural flesh that they give their personal guarantee with every package of Mi-o-na they sell to refund the money if the remedy does not prove satisfactory.

Mi-o-na is a purely vegetable preparation that can be used with absolute confidence by the most delicate. It gives remarkable results with children who are weak, run down and without appetite. It builds up the thin, pale, puny girl and woman to perfect plumpness and health. It is the only flesh-forming food of its kind, and in addition it strengthens the digestive organs, aids the food to digest, and makes complete and permanent cures of the worst cases of dyspepsia.

HAVE A CARE DON'T DIE OF CONSUMPTION.

The cry of help has gone up from millions of pallid-faced, feeble-blooded, dispairing consumptives for many, many years. Yet science, always slow to reveal her secrets, waited until the close of the nineteenth century to answer the call for help and give us the means of curing consumption.

About fifteen years ago Prof. Robt. Koch of Berlin discovered the cause of consumption, viz.: a microbe or bacilli, that rapidly destroys the tissues of the lungs. These tuberculous bacilli are floating in the air and enter the system when we eat, drink or breathe. An absolutely sound body repels the bacilli, but when weakened by coughs, cold and bronchial or catarral affections, the bacilli speedily fastens upon the lungs, multiply with incredible speed and produce consumption.

You may have consumption in the incipient stage without realizing your danger. A bad cold, followed with a soreness in the chest or an "irritating cough." Have a care! The Tuberculosis bacilli are at work.

Prof. Robt. Koch discovered a tuberculin or lymph which when vaporized and breathed by inhalation over the bronchial tubes into every corner of the lungs, attacks and destroys the bacilli which are preying upon the lungs, makes them innocuous at once and finally eradicates them completely from the system. Stops the cough and expectoration, restores the wasted tissues to health, builds up the entire system and brings back perfect strength and vigor and a permanent cure. It does the work slowly, but surely.

The Pittsburgh Koch Lung Cure possesses a resident specialist in Nose, Throat and Lung diseases and carefully trained nurses. A careful diagnosis of your case and one treatment given free. 401, 403, 405 Penn avenue, corner Fourth street. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily; 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. Sundays. Illustrated pamphlet sent free to any address on application.

OUT-OF-TOWN PATIENTS CAN BE TREATED AT HOME WITH OUR HOME TREATMENT APPARATUS WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

KOCH LUNG CURE

REUNION AFTER MANY YEARS OF SEPARATION

Jimmy Kain of This City Hears of His Foster-Daughter, Now in Illinois--Were Apart 16 Years.

After a separation of 16 years James Kain of this city is to be reunited with a young woman he had taken to raise when she was an infant six months old. All along the child had thought that Kain was her father, and probably does not know the difference yet, but when they get together there will be come fond embraces and some explanations made that will make all clear to both.

The police department received a letter yesterday from a woman in Salem, Ill., asking the address of her father, James Kain, who kept a saloon in this city over 15 years ago. She said she had not seen or heard of her father since she was 6 years old old. At that time she went west to live with what she supposed were relatives, who told her little about her father outside of the fact that he had kept a saloon in Pittsburgh, but had left the city on account of some family troubles, after which she was gaven to relatives to care for in the west.

Kain was located yesterday in Diamond street, where he lives, and was overjoyed to hear of his long-lost foster daughter, in the search for whom he had spent much time and money without being able to locate her. Finally he came to the conclusion that she was dead. He says now he will communicate with her and then go to visit her at Salem, Ill., where the former child lives with her husband, her name now being Mrs. Annie Smith, and her age 22.

"Jimmy" Kain was well-known in Pittsburgh about 15 years ago. He and his brother "Micky" had a saloon in Fourth avenue in the early 80's.

LUMBER DEALERS MEET.

Number of Pittsburgh Men Attend Annual Session in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4.—(Special.)—The Wholesale Lumber Dealers' association of the United States met in annual session this morning at the New Willard hotel. Delegates to the number of 200 are in attendance, the following from Pittsburgh: E. V. Babcock, F. R. Babcock, A. C. Opperman, R. D. Baker, J. F. Baisley, Alex. Willson, J. M. Hastings, J. W. Ruskuff, W. D. Johnston, M. E. McMillan, D. B. Curll and J. A. Cheyne.

They passed a resolution today asking their senators and representatives in congress to favor the forestry legislation which has been advocated for several years.

Tomorrow night the association will banquet at the Willard. President Roosevelt promised to attend if his duties will permit. Senator Hanna will be one of the speakers.

REPORTED CONSOLIDATION.

Control of Pipe Conduit, Earth, Tile and Fireproof Business Said to Be Wanted.

It was reported yesterday that the American Sewer Pipe Company is about to be consolidated under the same interests which now control the National Fire Proofing Company, and the George A. Fuller Company. The reported purpose is the control of the pipe conduit, earth tile and fireproof construction business throughout the county. The Fuller company is now a large holder of Fire Proofing stock. The report met denial at the office of the American Sewer Pipe Company. For the Fuller company it was said that no one outside of New York would know of the matter.

President Henry of the National Fire Proofing Company has gone to St. Petersburg in connection with a contract with the Russian government, and no one at the office knows anything of the matter.

Crushed by Reel of Wire.

WASHINGTON, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—Harry Smith White, aged 17, and Charles Norris, colored, aged 28, met a horrible death here tonight, being crushed beneath a heavy reel of wire. The men were on a wagon when the reel started to roll off. Both were carried with it and thrown to the ground under it.

HEARTBURN AND BELCHING ALL GONE.

"I am aware that the afflicted are somewhat dubious about buying medicines, so I think it my duty to the sick and ailing to let them know of the success I have had with Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

"For eight years I have been afflicted with constipation, stomach, kidney and liver trouble.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy has given me relief I found in no other medicine.

"The movements of the bowels are regular, do not have any more heartburn or belching of gas after eating, in fact I think I can eat almost anything now."

THOMAS TAYLOR.

Manager Daily News, Pottstown, Pa.

"Favorite Remedy" is a vegetable help to the stomach and bowels in performing their duties properly. It overcomes and permanently cures dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness and rheumatism. It is absolutely harmless and purely vegetable. It contains no narcotics or minerals in any form, no dangerous stimulants, no mercury or poisons, and is the only kidney medicine that does not constipate.

Druggists sell it in New 50-Cent Size and the regular $1.00 size bottles.

Sample bottle—enough for trial, free by mail.

Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. David Kennedy's Worm Syrup most effective medicine of the kind known. 25c. Druggists.

"The May Drug Co., Druggists, sell and recommend Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy."

"Geo. A. Kelly Co., wholesale distributors."

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Rain. Thursday, March 5, 1903.

Special Sale Today—Popular Dress Voiles, Colors and Black.

75 Cents a Yard.

Where does the special come in? Several places: first, the voile is a regular $1 grade; second, it is 46 in. wide; third, it is an all-wool French voile.

Seems to us this is an extraordinary special. For colors you will have choice of blue, tan, gray and black.

Seems to us, again, that a saving of 22c a yard on an attractive, stylish and altogether worthy new dress goods for Spring and Summer, is rather unusual just at the edge of the incoming season. But this is an unusual store.

Hair Mattresses.

In these days when the felt mattress receives so great laudation it is well enough to draw attention to the practical hair mattress.

Felt, which is a coined word as applied to the filling of mattresses, is simply a new way of inserting the cotton. That the felt mattress is extraordinarily good no one will gainsay. We sell a great many of them—a great many more than we do of hair. We are not going to disparage felt mattresses by any means. But we are ready, always, to stand up for the hair mattress. It is best in the long run, by many odds. It is cheapest in the long run, by many odds. It is cleanest in the long run, by many odds.

While the mattress of hair costs more than any other kind, it is infinitely the cheapest, because it has greater durability. As a matter of fact, it never wears out. The hair mattress can be covered and re-covered and re-covered again, and it possesses the same elasticity that it did when it first came from the workshop, no matter how many years after it is fixed over.

We make hair mattresses in our own workroom, under our own supervision, giving the most scrupulous attention to the selection of the materials, both hair and covering. We built a room purposely for this class of work, built it so the materials could be kept free from dust and dirt. The hair we use is absolutely pure and free from all animal matter, it being thoroughly cured and baked. We use only four grades, the cheapest being far better than some so-called best hair. The covers we use are also carefully selected both in the cotton ticking, which is made especially for us, and linen damask, this latter wide enough for a full-sized bed without a seam.

As to prices. We have a range of five different prices for full sized mattresses, 4 ft. 6 in. wide by 6 ft. 4 in. long, as follows:

J. H. gray hair—40 lbs.—$20 each.

J. H. second—40 lbs.—$28 each.

Extra super—40 lbs.—$35 each.

Imperial—45 lbs.—$39.50 each.

Gilt edge—45 lbs.—$45 each.

Smaller sizes at proportionate rates. With the exception of the cheapest mattress given above, the others are all laid, and ticking is put on and sewed by hand. To anyone who would like to see the progress of this work we would be glad to give practical illustrations by showing them through our workroom.

Box Springs. We also make in our own workroom box springs that are dependable in every way. Our word is given for the best of work, and we also stand back of the materials we use. Full size, 4 ft. 6 in., for either wood or metal bedsteads, $20 each.

Venise Lace Galloons.

Beautiful. Nothing so admirable for the waist—for smart trimming, of course. Just the right colors, white and butter.

One of those too-far-between occasions, so much so as to be called a rare opportunity. We bought them cheap—you buy them cheap.

Worth 25c to 75c a yard—today we measure them off for you at 12½c and up to 40c a yard.

Dolly Varden Ribbons.

The revival of the Dolly Varden fad has gotten to the ribbons women will wear this Spring and Summer. It wouldn't be a bad idea with those unacquainted with Dolly to read about her. Hers was a delightful character, somewhat perverse at times, but as vivacious a young miss as anyone would care to know. Her hobby was bright colors. Thus you have a hint as to the Dolly Varden revival.

New Dolly Varden ribbons, one-half yard wide, were 45c, now 25c a yard.

Dresden ribbons, 4 in. wide, were 40c a yard, now 25c a yard.

Plain taffeta ribbons, with corded edge, 4½ in. wide, were 35c a yard, now 25c a yard.

Plain Liberty satin ribbon, 4½ in. wide, were 35c a yard, now 25c a yard.

Five-inch fancy striped ribbons, 55c a yard, now 35c a yard.

The reductions in the price of ribbons, about one-third, is a pretty good offer for this time of the year, we take it.

Women's New Neckwear.

A rush of business necessarily makes some eddies, and these eddies caught some of the good things that we must get rid of. They are good goods, but newer ideas take their place. We'll say half for the following:

Beautiful printed liberty scarfs that were $2.75, $3.75, $4.50, $6, $7.50, $8—you can have them for just half of those prices.

Dainty and sheer and embroidered twice-around mull ties, were $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2—you can have them for just half of those prices.

Then there are several boas in black, white and black, black and white, and all white. The prices will cause a double-quick movement—the boas are marked less than half.

$1.20 Each.

200 Umbrellas for Women.

Many women who paid $1.75 for this same umbrella thought they were getting good value. So they were.

But we have sold the lot down to where we have but 200 left, and we want them out of the way—no other reason for giving them to you for 55c less than regular prices.

Silk gloria, long oxidized handles, several styles of them.

New Reefers for Tots.

A little bit for some of them, others will cost mothers quite a tidy sum. Just a smattering of detail.

Cloth reefers for 2 and 3 year old children, latest style and colors for spring, made of the newest materials, cardinal, cadet and tan, trimmings of fancy braid, some of the reefers with separate collars, lined with silk, $2.25, $2.50 and $4.75 each.

New pique reefers for one, two and three year old children. White. Collars trimmed with insertion and embroidery. $1, $1.50 and $1.75 each.

PENN AND FIFTH.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE'S NEW PLAYING SCHEDULE.

CLUBS.	PITTSBURGH.	BOSTON.	BROOKLYN.	NEW YORK.	PHILADELPHIA.	CHICAGO.	CINCINNATI.	ST. LOUIS.
AT PITTSBURGH	READ	June 4-5-6. July 11-13-14. September 15-16-17-18.	June 11-12-13. July 7-8-9-10. September 19-21-22.	June 1-2-3. July 15-16-17-18. September 23-24-26.	June 8-9-10. July 3-4-4-6. September 11-12-14.	May 2-4-5-6. June 15-16. September 7-7-8-9.	May 7-8-9-11-30-30. September 2-3-4-5.	April 21-22-23-25. July 24-25. August 10-27-28-29.
AT BOSTON	May 26-27-28. June 18-19-22-22. August 15-17-18.	THE	June 16-17-17. June 22-23-24-25. August 5-6-7.	May 2-4-5. July 31. August 1-3-4-26-27-28.	April 20-20-21-22. July 29-21. September 5-7-7-8.	May 16-18-19-20. June 26-27-29. August 12-13-14	May 21-22-23-25. June 30. July 1-2. August 19-20-21.	May 12-13-14-15. June 23-24-25. August 22-24-25.
AT BROOKLYN	May 21-22-23-25. June 30. July 1-2. Aug. 12-13-14.	April 26-29-30. May 1-7-8-9. August 29-31. Sept. 1.	GAZETTE	April 21-22. May 6. July 26-27-30. Aug. 19-11. September 5-7. A. M.	April 23-24-25-27. May 28-29-30. July 27-28-29.	May 12-13-14-15. June 23-24-25. August 19-20-21.	May 16-18-19-20. June 26-27-29. August 22-24-25.	May 26-27-28. June 18-19-20-22. August 15-17-18.
AT NEW YORK	May 16-18-19-20. June 26-27-29. August 13-20-27.	April 23-24-25-27. May 29-30-30. July 27-28-29.	April 16-17-18-20. May 11. August 8. September 1-2-4-7. P. M.	FOR	April 28-29. May 7-8-9. August 5-6-7-29-31.	May 26-27-28. June 18-19-20-22. August 22-24-25.	May 12-13-14-15. June 23-24-25. August 15-17-18.	May 21-22-23-25. June 30. July 1-2. August 12-13-14.
AT PHILADELPHIA	May 12-13-14-15. June 22-24-25. August 22-24-25.	April 13-16-17-18. August 30-31. September 2-3-4.	May 2-4-5. July 31. August 1-3-4-26-27-28.	ALL	May 21-22-23-25. June 30. July 1-2. August 15-17-18.	May 26-27-28. June 18-19-20-22. August 12-13-14.	May 16-18-19-20. June 26-27-29. August 19-20-21.	May 16-18-19-20. June 26-27-29. August 13-20-27.
AT CHICAGO	April 26. May 3. July 19-20-21. Aug. 4-5-8-9. Sept. 6.	June 8-9-10. July 15-16-17-18. September 24-26-27.	June 1-2-3. July 11-12-13-14. September 12-13-14.	June 4-5-6-7. July 4-4-5. September 10-22-22.	June 11-12-13-14. July 7-8-9. September 15-16-17.	THE	April 21-22-23-25. July 23-24-25. August 28-29-30.	May 30-31. July 26-27-28-29. September 2-3-4-5.
AT CINCINNATI	April 16-17-18-19. May 10-31. July 26-27-28-29.	June 1-2-3. July 7-8-9-10. September 12-13-14.	June 8-9-10. July 4-4-5-6. September 24-26-27.	June 11-12-13-14. July 11-12-14. September 15-16-17.	June 4-5-6-7. July 16-18-19. September 19-20-22.	April 27-28-29-30. July 30-31. August 1-2-26-27.	SPORTING	April 26. May 2-3-4-5. June 15. August 9. September 6-7-7.
AT ST. LOUIS	April 27-28-29-30. July 30-31. August 1-2-30-31.	June 11-12-13-14. July 4-4-6. September 19-20-22.	June 4-5-6-7. July 19-18-19. September 15-16-17.	June 8-9-10. July 7-8-9-10. September 12-13-14.	June 1-2-3. July 11-12-13-14. September 24-26-27.	April 15-16-17-18-19. May 7-8-9-10. September 2.	July 20-21-22. August 5-6-7-8. September 9-10-11.	NEWS

CLUB OWNERS DO QUICK WORK

Warm Welcome Extended the New Owners of Quakers.

TO PUNISH PLAYERS

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 4.—Never was a more rousing welcome extended to a new member of the National League of Baseball clubs than that to the young society men of Philadelphia who now control the splendid ground in that city. Greeting was given them at the annual spring meeting of the organization of this city today, at which Col. John I. Rogers and A. J. Reach graciously bowed themselves out, the latter after many years of hard service.

Possibly no baseball club ever was organized with capital behind it like that now in Philadelphia. At the first annual meeting of the new club $160,000,000 were represented among the young men who sat down to choose a president and secretary.

Col. Rogers and Mr. Reach were toasted and cheered after they announced formally their resignations, and no sooner had they made the proposition than they were unanimously elected life members of the organization.

The delegates present were A. H. Soden, W. H. Conant and J. B. Billings, Boston; Col. Rogers, A. J. Reach, James E. Potter and Edwin Tyson, Philadelphia; James A. Hart, Chicago; Barney Dreyfuss and W. H. Locke, Pittsburgh; Frank DeH. Robison, St. Louis; Charles H. Ebbetts and Edward Hanlon, Brooklyn; Julius Fleischmann, Cincinnati; John T. Brush and E. M. Knowles, New York.

Col. Rogers resigned from the committee on constitution and was succeeded by James R. Potter, the new president of the Philadelphia club. The committee on rules that had been in conference with the American league men at Chicago made a report which was quickly adopted and the changes at the conference are now embodied in National league playing rules.

President Pulliam asked the league to make such changes in the constitution as would give him power to discipline players if it be the pleasure of the club owners to place in his hands the matter of the full control of the field.

Owing to the fact that a peace settlement has been reached between the warring leagues, it was necessary to rearrange the schedule adopted last December. The new schedule introduces many changes. New York begins a day later than some of the clubs, Brooklyn being the opening attraction. On Decoration Day Boston plays in this city and Philadelphia in Brooklyn.

On the Fourth of July New York is in Chicago and Brooklyn in Cincinnati, and on Labor Day New York plays in Brooklyn in the morning and Brooklyn in New York in the afternoon. New York and Brooklyn have six Sunday games in the west.

The playing season will, as usual, open on April 15, with Boston in Philadelphia and Chicago in St. Louis, and will close on September 27, a week earlier than last year, with the eastern clubs in the west. The east opens in the west on June 1, with New York at Pittsburgh, Brooklyn at Chicago, Boston at Cincinnati and Philadelphia at St. Louis.

There are comparatively few conflicting dates between the American and National league clubs. Boston has no conflicting games. New York two, Philadelphia five, Chicago 14 and St. Louis six.

The first annual meeting of the American league ever held in this city will begin tomorrow. Of the American league there were present in this city tonight Ban Johnson, Charles Comiskey of Chicago and Benjamin Shibe of Philadelphia.

PIRATES' FINE PLUMS IN THE NEW SCHEDULE

Pittsburgh Team Has Both Holidays at Home—Donovan to Help Raise Pennant.

The newly revised schedule of the National league, which was adopted by the magnates at their New York session yesterday, is printed below. This is the schedule prepared since the peace meeting and it takes the place of the one adopted at the December meeting of the league.

In this new schedule the Pittsburgh team does not lose any of the plums handed out to it in the old arrangement of games. The season opens in this city on April 27, and the St. Louis team will be the attraction. The Pirates have both holidays at home, Cincinnati playing here on Decoration Day and Philadelphia on the 4th of July.

The champions open the season in Cincinnati on April 16 and play four games there, then the team comes home and plays St. Louis the opening games here. This will give Patsy Donovan and his Cardinal crew an opportunity to take part in the Pirates' second pennant raising and nothing could suit Pittsburgh fans better than to have such a popular old Pirate commander as Donovan here on an occasion of that kind.

CAUSE OF CLARKE'S DELAY.

Death of His Father-in-Law Kept Him in Chicago.

The failure of Fred Clarke, manager of Pirates, to arrive here on Monday last, as was originally intended, was explained yesterday when Deacon Phillippe received a letter from Manager Clarke in which it was stated that James Grey, father-in-law of the Pirate's manager, had died after a short illness, and this forced Clarke to remain over in Chicago to attend the funeral.

Mr. Grey was a glassworker and had charge of a large glass plant at Bellaire, O. He spent some time with Manager Clarke in this town and made many friends in this city. It was Mr. Grey who blew the big glass ball which adorns the top of the pennant pole at Exposition park. Two of his daughters married ball players, one being the wife of Manager Clarke, and the other the wife of Chief Fraser, pitcher for the Philadelphia team.

Fighting for First Place.

There will be two hot games of basketball in the Lyceum hall tonight. The Manchester team, the leader of the race for the championship, will be the star attraction. The Manchester boys will certainly work hard to win this game, for if they lose they will drop out of the league. The Lyceum boys are also confident of winning the contest, as they are playing a star game at the present time. Following will be the lineup for the big game:

Lyceum.		Manchester.
Thompson	F.	Rosenbloom or Hay
Kramer	F.	Koch
Randall or Geisler	Center	Metzger
Cashdollar or Dillon	R. G.	Graham
Leslie or Baker	L. G.	Burry

Referee—Little.

HIGH SCHOOL FIVE WON FROM SHADYSIDE

Game Was Hard Fought All the Way and There Were Some Exciting Scenes.

In one of the fiercest, roughest and best basketball games ever played in the interscholastic league, the Pittsburgh High school team lowered the proud yellow-and-black of the Shadyside academy team on their own floor. The first half was well played and ended 10 to 4, in favor of Shadyside, High school scoring but two goals, which were made by Ralston and Nickel.

At the end of this half it looked gloomy for High school and their few rooters were despondent; but in the second half was where the fun commenced. After about five minutes of play Shadyside made another goal, making the score 12 to 4. Then Nickel for High school pushed in another one, followed quickly by two by Ralston and one by Orbin. Another foul goal by Ralston put the score 17 to 14. Nickel threw another with one hand, from the middle of the floor. Score, Shadyside academy 17, High school 16.

When there was only about two minutes to play a foul was called on Shadyside. Nickel missed this, but a minute later tied the score by another foul. A second later another foul was called on Shadyside, and it was thrown in by Nickel. The noise had now become deafening and both teams were playing as if their lives depended on the outcome. Just before time was called Ralston pushed in another one, making the score 20 to 17, in High school's favor.

The High school team played a great uphill game, never losing heart. "Big" Scritchfield played a forward but did not try for the ball, as he had been set to watch Nickel. Ralston and Nickel excelled in goal shooting and seemed to be all over the floor, while Fischer and Orbin constituted a fair share to the victory. Summary and line-up:

High School—20.		Shadyside—17.
Orr	R. F.	Scritchfield
Ralston	L. F.	Clehrave
Orbin	C.	Fischer
Fischer	R. G.	Christie
Nickel	L. G.	Pierce

Goals—Ralston 5, Nickel 3, Orgin 1, Clehrave 4, Fischer 2, Christie 1. Fouls—Nickel 2, Scritchfield 3.

MUST BE A FIGHT.

Cambria County Burgess Who Won't Stand for Fakes.

JOHNSTOWN, PA., March 4.—(Special.)—Dan M. Harper, the new burgess of Patton, has signalized his advent in office by issuing a permit for a prize fight with a string to it.

Jack O'Brien of Morristown, and James McAvoy of Patton, have signed an agreement for a 15-round battle at Patton Saturday night for a purse of $200 and the gate receipts over $300. Burgess Harper would give his consent to the contest the managers were obliged to sign an agreement to allow the burgess to appoint three reputable citizens to sell tickets and hold the cash until the fight is over. At the first sign or intimation that the scrap is a fake, the spectators will receive their money back. The burgess states that the license was given for a fight and not for a game of pingpong.

THE SHAMROCK'S MAST.

Said to Be Most Remarkable Achievement in Yacht Construction.

LONDON, March 4.—The hollow steel mast which has been made for Shamrock III. is declared to be the most remarkable achievement in yacht construction in the United Kingdom. The workmen who built the spars for all three challengers say that the mast for the new boat is 1,500 weight lighter than that of Shamrock II., while the whole spar is eighteen hundredweight lighter than the lower mast of Shamrock I.

The workmen declare that they do not see how the steel shell is to withstand the enormous strain of a high wind, but they admit that the designer is apparently satisfied with the result, since there is no talk of building an extra spar for an emergency. The gaff and boom are about the same weight as previous spars.

TIGERS' HARD BLOW.

Their Mile Champion Dropped from Rolls of Princeton.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 4.—The Princeton university track team received a severe blow today, when the faculty announced that R. E. Williams, '04, the winner of the mile run in the intercollegiate meet last year, had been dropped from the university on account of failure to pass in his required studies at the mid-year examinations.

Williams was one of the best athletes on the team and his absence will be greatly felt in the intercollegiate meet, as he was counted to win at least five points. He was the only prominent athlete among the 53 students dropped from the rolls.

Amateur Sevens Will Meet.

There is great interest manifested in the hockey game to be played between the Guarantee Title and Trust Company team and the Lawrenceville Hockey club, members of the Pittsburgh Amateur Hockey league, at Duquesne garden tonight. The teams will lineup as follows:

Guarantee.		Lawrenceville.
Engstrom	Goal	E. Skeehan
Borchers	Point	M. O'Donnell or J. Skeehan
Truschel	Cover Point	Thomas
Brown	Forward	Coll
Groves	Center	McKinnie
Johns	Right Wing	Slsk
Hilands	Left Wing	O'Donnell

Referee—Mr. Taylor of Keystone.

Basketball League Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the Allegheny County Major league at J. Will Luckhart's place, Virgin, near Smithfield, on Friday evening, March 6, at 7:30 o'clock. Every manager is requested to be present; also Referees Little and Kelly, as business of importance demands their presence. The Bellevue-South Side game has been called off on account of Bellevue losing its ball.

Would Rather Drive Cresceus.

TOLEDO, O., March 4.—George H. Ketcham, owner of the champion trotter Cresceus, today declined the Republican mayoralty nomination.

AMONG THE AMATEURS.

The South Side A. C. held its raffle last evening, ticket No. 1865 taking the chamber.

The Monarch A. C. would like to hear from all 15 or 14 year old teams of Western or Central Pennsylvania. Address E. B. Kimberly, Jr., No. 715 North Lang avenue, city.

All 16 or 17 year old teams in or out of town wishing to fill their schedule with wood games send a postal to the manager of the Casmis elbu team, J. S. Batch, No. 7312 Tioga street, Homewood, or N. Waters, No. 1929 Irwin avenue, Allegheny.

The Humboldt A. C. is ready to book games with all first-class 11-year-old teams in Western Pennsylvania for Saturdays, such as Lynnhurst, Keystone, Industry A. C., Bridgeville and Our Boys, of Natrona. Address Louis Curnet, room 66, Schmidt building, city.

SMATHERS WON HIS FIRST STAKE

Dick Bernard Carried the New Colors to a Victory.

RACE AN EASY THING

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, March 4.—E. E. Smathers, who has invested nearly $40,000 in thoroughbreds in the last few days, tasted the first fruits of victory on the running turf today, when Dick Bernard, his most recent purchase, galloped home eight lengths in front in the Premier stakes. The Smathers color, brown, was carried for the first time by a runner.

Dick Bernard went to the front on the first turn and then made a show of his field. He was eased up all through the last sixteenth and came home in a romp. Petunia, who was second, was generally supposed to be the best 2-year-old shown here this season. The stake was worth $1,045 to the winner. Witful was the only other winning favorite. Weather clear; track muddy. Summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—Versifier, 107, Foley, 9 to 1, won; Barnelmore, 112, Robertson, 9 to 2, second; Sunset Handicap, 110, Mentry, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 4-5. Double O. War Cry, Little Adel, Handspinner, Prince Eugene, King Dodo, Carpet Knight and Lexington Boss also ran.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Mollie T., 106, Lindsey, 6 to 1, won; Allyar, 115, Winkfield, 4 to 5, second; Lady Brockway, 99, Fuller, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:04. Alpeo, Our Lady, Kate Gibbons, Miss Hume, Little Chico, Hanzie Russellton, Latoka and Hopedale also ran.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Right and True, 93, McCafferty, 9 to 2, won; Mrs. Frank Foster, 5, Dinkins, 6 to 1, second; Sir Scipio, 122, Odom, 9 to 10, third. Time, 1:18. Bummer II., Mattie Spencer, Shoofly and Tenderloin also ran.

Fourth race, Premier stakes, 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs—Dick Bernard, 108, Helgerson, 3 to 5, won; Petunia, 118, Odom, 13 to 5, second; May Holladay, 105, Gannon, 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:05. Transmigration and Dr. Loder also ran.

Fifth race, handicap, 1 mile—Witful, 102, Fuller, 2 to 5, won; Benchance, 107, Munro, 9 to 2, second; Jessie Jarboe, 98, Hauck, 8 to 1, third. Time, 2:00 1-5. Hanover Queen, Standard Bearer and Falcon also ran.

Sixth race, selling, 1 1-16 miles—Peat, 103, Lindsey, 3 to 2, won; Compass, 96, Hauck, 30 to 1, second; Moront, 101, Robbins, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:48. Georgia Gardner, Uterpe and Pay the Fiddler also ran.

Entries for Thursday:

First race, purse, 7 furlongs—Senator Bush, 8; Benefit, 101; Fair Lass, 97; Ways Ring Dove, 105; Orpheum, Right and True, Brookton, 110.

Second race, selling, 6 furlongs—Ermack, Lady Brockway, Cinch, 98; Macie Marie, Miss Stanley, 100; Mr. Dingle, Polaris, 107; Henry of Franstamar, 108; Wunderlich, Tom Collins, 110; Moderator, 112; Antonious, 113.

Third race, selling, 6 furlongs—The Caxton, 105; Malster, 112; Censor, 113; Russellton, Allyar, 115.

Fourth race, handicap, mile—Star and Garter, 90; De Reszke, 98; Thane, 102; Potente, 112; Lamplighter, 114.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Bill Logan, 92; Deloraine, 94; Blue Ridge, Dougherty, 95; Thurles, Mary Moore, 99; Rastur, False Lead, 101; Banish, 102; Ogba, 105; Azim, 108.

Sixth race, selling, 1 1-16 miles—Moran, 92; Sue Johnston, 94; Whitmore, 96; Simoon, 97; Denny Duffy, Locust Blossom, 99; Dodie S., 100; Moroni, 103; Inspector Shea, 107.

THE OAKLAND RACES.

The Weather Was Bad and Horses Had Tough Going.

OAKLAND, CAL., March 4.—Showery and sloppy. Summaries:

First race, Futurity course, selling—Gibraltar, 118, Donnelly, 5 to 1, won; Educate, 109, J. Daly, 7 to 1, second; The Miller, 115, Kelly, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:14. Straight Mason, Mistrive, Parasite, Lakes Rice, Belle Street and Myrtle L. also ran.

Second race, 7 furlongs, selling—I. O. U., 102, Minder, 4 to 1, won; El Piloto, 110, Frawley, 5 to 1, second; Marineuze, 110, Kelly, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:31. Rossetti, Rud Hyncka, Ohio Girl, Leafroyd, Dora L., Fred Atterbury, All About, Ural, Darua, Rimrock, Nat Goodwin and Hutch Miller also ran.

Third race, handicap, selling—Sea Lion, 110, J. Daly, 2½ to 1, won; Hipponax, 110, Boland, 4 to 1, second; Filibuster, 102, Bonner, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:44. Decoy, Jim Gore, Lodestar and Light Ball also ran.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Tower of Candles, 107, Birkenruth, 2 to 1, won; Muresca, 99, Reed, 10 to 1, second; Mexicana, 88, L. Wilson, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:15. Matt Hogan, Quiz II., Rag Tag and Miss Remsen also ran.

Fifth race, Futurity course, selling—Lansdowne, 106, Bentley, 3½ to 1, won; Alice Grey, 97, Reed, 7 to 5, second; Little Margaret, 112, Birkenruth, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:12. Mission Formero, Derendos and Priestlike also ran.

Sixth race, mile and 50 yards, selling—Constellator, 97, McGovern, 4 to 1, won; Rose of May, 96, Bonner, 8 to 1, second; Barkelyte, 107, Boland, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:45¼. Diderot, Lady Kent and Forest King also ran.

Entries for Thursday:

First race, 6 furlongs, selling—Flamero, The Singer, John Boggs, Momoreux, 107; Virtue II., Evanado, Monsieur, 102; Golden Cottage, 113; Tulare, Lou Cleveden, Erema, 95.

Second race, 5 furlongs, selling, 3-year-old maidens—Zeforsado, Punchbuck, Tom Gratiot, Sparta, Mendocino, Alta da Corona, 100; Greg, 111; Penance, Anvil, Creedmore, Brennus, 106; Bee Rosewater, Lady Rowell, Indina, Banone, 104.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles, selling—Baffled, Senor Caesar, 105; Colballantyne, 114; Tufts, 103; Milgar, Dance Along, Grand Sachem, Man of Honor, 107; Assessment, Star Cotton, 111.

Fourth race, mile, selling, 3-year-olds—Jamesday, Jno. Hopkins, 99; Clausus, 107; Dupont, 104; Stunts, 112.

Fifth race, Futurity course, selling—Mr. Farnum, Cinquisi, Ben Ledi, 109; Mission, 104; Cassie W., Tyranny, 111; Mr. Dingle, Tommie Knight, 102; Stella Perkins, 94; Ace of Spades, 103; Pupil, 106.

Sixth race, 5 furlongs, selling—Canejo, Lady Kent, 110; Eonic, 102; Dooran, 105; Sterling Towers, 105.

Fine Trotters for the Block.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Announcement was made today that by reason of the death of Henry Bleecker, proprietor of the Santa Rosa stock farm, California, all of his fast trotters will be placed on sale at the Pasig-Tipton Company auction at Cleveland in May. The stable includes Trotters Angelia, 2:06¾; Dolly Dillon, 2:07; Lou Dillon, 2:08, and the pacer Sir Albert S., 2:03¾.

Cantilon After Some Old Stars.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., March 4.—Manager Cantillon of the Milwaukee American Association baseball team has put in claim for Ed Baseman George LaChance of last year's Boston Americans and Outfielder Tommy Dowd, manager of a team in the Connecticut league last season and formerly of the Boston American association team.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

Rambler Midgets want games from all 9 and 10 year old teams. Address H. Caplan, No. 3605 Perrysville avenue, Allegheny. C. D. & P. 182 N

On account of the Fosters dropping out of the league the Nationals did not play last night, but all players are requested to report at the store Friday night ready to play the champion Sterlings at Bohemian hall.

The Ramblers defeated the Manhattans 101 to 22. They have now won 15 and lost two games. Would like to hear from all 13 to 16 year old teams, D. C. A. C. preferred. Address M. Robin, No. 3605 Perrysville avenue, C. D. & P. 182 North.

The Riverview Reserves have now won 20 and lost three games. They will play Kingsley this evening and National Tube Friday of this week. Would like to hear from all 11 to 13 year old teams. Address I. Kalisch, No. 3605 Perrysville avenue, Allegheny. C. D. & P. 182 N.

LOCAL DOGS WINNING MANY OF THE HONORS

Bench Show Opened Yesterday and There Is Sharp Competition for the Prizes.

The annual bench show of the Duquesne Kennel club opened yesterday in Old City hall and nearly 500 valuable canines were in their places, ready to receive the large crowd of visitors. The judging at the show was late in starting, because of the non-arrival of the judges, who were detained en route by freight wrecks between Harrisburg and this city. The rings were surrounded by interested spectators when they finally got ready for work and the awards were speedily made.

The Pittsburgh entries did not disappoint their admirers as far as the judging went and other entries in other classes will be heard from before all the ribbons are handed out. Perhaps the leading wins were those of the Vancroft kennels and Louis Walther, in the sporting and St. Bernard classes respectively. The Vancroft dogs won in the setter classes and won the special premium for the best kennel. In the St. Bernard competition Louis Walther's champion Sir Bernhorf, recently purchased from Frank Jay Gould, was first in his class. His champion Columbia's Hope is expected to be an easy first in her classes.

Prof. Frederick S. Webster of Carnegie museum took first prize in the novice class with his Lady Jane, a puppy of promise. Lady Jane was second in the limit class under more severe competition. W. H. Boyd, also of this city, was second in the setter puppy class, with his Dewey Rodgers II. Yesterday's awards were:

English setters, puppies, dogs—Dick Newell's Knight Heatherbloom, first; W. H. Boyd's Dewey Rodgers II., second; James Curl's Fred E., third. Bitches—Canton Setter Kennels—Dick Pings, first; Vancroft Kennel's Lady Jane, second; S. S. Scott's Count's Bell, third. Novice dogs—Mrs. B. F. Lewis' Imp, Lansdowne, Sir Bentick, first; W. L. McConnell's Knight, Lansdowne, second; Withey & Byrne's Donald Bayne I., third. Limit dogs—Imp, Lansdowne Sir Bentick, first; Vancroft Kennel's Bracken O'Leck, second; Withey & Byrne's Donald Bane II., third. Open dogs—Imp, Lansdowne, Sir Bentick, first; Bracken O'Leck, second; Donald Bayne I., third. Imp, Lansdowne, Sir Bentick, first in winners' class.

English setters, novice bitches—Dick Newell's Lady Barbara, first; Dr. Turner's Spot, second; G. O. Smith's Count's Tug, third. Limit bitches—Vancroft Kennel's Queen's Paragon, first; P. A. Valentine's Lady Clair IV., second; Vancroft Kennel's Queen's Flora, third. Bitches, open—Queen's Paragon, first; Lady Clair IV., second. Queen's Paragon first in winners' class.

Irish setters, novice dogs and bitches—W. B. Corbett's Bonnie Boy, first; H. C. Daly's Isolde, second; J. M. Nichols' Dan, third. Limit dogs and bitches—Dr. F. W. Birkwell's St. Elvin, first; Bonnie Boy, second; William J. Stewart Lacock's Barracks Finecino, third.

St. Bernards, novice dogs and bitches—William Pugh's Rose of Sharon, first; Alta Kennel's Bellwood, second; J. and A. McConahey's Sylvia King, third. Limit dogs and bitches—Alta Kennel's Alta Bruce, first; Rose of Shannon, second; Alta Kennel's Alta Prudence, third. Dogs and bitches, open—Louis Walther's Champion Sir Wilford, first; Alta Kennel's Champion Lady Bryn Mawr, second; C. J. Burg's Shelby, third.

Great Danes, novice dogs and bitches—George Hill's Apollo, first; Apollo Harras, first; Charles H. Blume's Charles B., second; Fred Kleb & Waddell's Belladonna, third. Limit dogs and bitches—Monebello Kennel's Monte-bello Apollo, first; same Kennel's Capitol Queen, second; Fordham Arnholt, third. Montebello Apollo was first in winner's class.

Pointers, novice dogs—R. L. Edmonston's Doctor Max, first; Henry Christ's Dairy Steen Jingo, second; Dr. Smith's Rowdy Boy, third. Limit dogs under 55 pounds—Floyd Courtright's Hawkeye, first; Alonsita Kennel's Top Notch Staghorn, second; Canton Setter Kennels' Count Dick, third. Over 55 pounds—Frank P. Bole's Ben, first; Doctor Max, second. Dogs, open—Canadian Dexter, first; Dr. James S. Howe's Young Lyon, second; Hawkeye, third. Canadian Dexter, first in winners' class.

Novice bitches—Prof. Frederick S. Webster's Lady Jane, first; Alonsita Kennel's Queen Pointer, second; John R. Daniels' Rap's Vesta, third. Limit bitches, under 50 pounds—Dr. James S. Howe's Bessie Bang II., first; Prof. Webster's Lady Jane, second; J. S. Wardell's Wardell's Beauty, third. Over 50 pounds—Charles F. Randolph's Lexington Girl, first; John R. Daniels' Rap's Vesta, second; Welty Bros.' Ightfield Tod, third. Bitches, open—Bessie Bang II., first; Jared C. Williams' Daisy Steen, second; Charles Gibbs' Carlor's Stylish Nellie, third. Bessie Bang I. was first in winners' class.

The Garden Boys Won.

The Duquesne garden employes' hockey team played an exciting game of hockey with the Silver Lakes of the Duquesne league just before the evening skating session last night. They won by a score of 4 to 0. The Silver Lakes lead their league and had four members of the High school team on their side in the interscholastic procession playing with them. Koch was the star performer, shooting three of the four goals, the other being made by Gallagher. The defensive work of the garden players was fine, especially the playing of Murray at goal. The employes want to play any amateur team in any of the local amateur leagues. The line-up was:

Silver Lake—0.		Duquesne—4.
Simpson	Goal	Murray
Wilson	Point	Lewis
Booth	Cover point	Trimbur
Searle	Forward	Hopper
Robinson	Center	Koch
H. Smith	Right wing	J. Smith and Guenther
Mohler	Left wing	Ramsey

Goals—First half 0, second half 4, Koch 3, Guenther 1. Referee—Longmore. Goal judges—Bauer and Cook.

Lyceum Beat Iroquois.

The Lyceum five went to McKeesport last night, where they defeated the Iroquois team in a league game by the score of 34 to 22. The first half was close and exciting, ending 13 to 10, in Lyceum's favor. Iroquois seemed weak in the second half and Lyceum scored at will. Cashdollar was the star, scoring five field goals and keeping his man from scoring any. For Iroquois Stewart and Myers played good. Line-up:

Lyceum.		Iroquois.
Thompson	Forward	Seehrist
Cshdollar	Forward	Mullholland
Randall	Center	Myers
Geisler	Guard	English
Barker	Guard	Stewart

Goals—Thompson 5, Cashdollar 5, Randall 3, Geisler 1, Seehrist 2, Mullholland 2, Myers 4, Stewart 1, Foals—Thompson 6, Stewart 4. Referee—Little.

COAL FOR THE SOUTH.

Large Shipments Yesterday and More Going Out Today.

The large shipment of 2,000,000 bushels of coal yesterday will more than be equaled today. The Monongahela Consolidated Coal & Coke Company will ship 2,000,000 today and the Flint Coal Company will send 300,000 bushels to down river ports. Large consignments will continue for a few days.

The river is falling at Point Pleasant and below, and the packet lines have been hampered. Several would-be passengers on the Hudson, which was due to leave today at 4, went to the office of the Cincinnati line only to learn of no boats departing. The Monongahela river is slowly falling and measured 11.3 feet at the Smithfield street bridge at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Rain is promised by the weather bureau and it is not likely that the river will fall below coal stage for at least a few days.

Nearly all the boats of the Monongahela Coal & Coke Company are taking two model barges loaded with steel rails and other merchandise in addition to their tow of coal.

IN THE OIL FIELDS.

Developments in the lower southwest fields were light yesterday and much on the routine order. No test wells of any importance as to location were drilled in and none was above the average in size.

Northeast of the producers on Fallen Timber run, on the Francis farm, the South Penn Oil Company has shot its test on the S. Cummings farm in the Big Injun sand and has a better producer than was first indicated. The well produced 50 barrels in the first 24 hours after it was given a dose of the high explosive fluid. While small, the well shows an extension of the Big Injun sand development.

In the Pine Grove extension the Linden Oil Company has completed its No. 1 on the Yeater-Pile farm and has a 50-barrel producer.

In the same district the South Penn Oil Company has completed its test on the J. A. Lemasters farm and No. 1 on the Mary E. Moore farm. Each is good for 80 barrels a day.

In the Folsom district, Wetzel county, the South Penn Company's No. 1 on the Fairfield Peterson farm is holding up at 150 barrels; No. 1, S. D. Starkley, at 155 barrels, and No. 1, Peterson-Price, at 105 barrels a day, respectively. In the lower end of the district the same company's No. 1, P. Starkey is holding up at 200 barrels; No. 2, Haghurst, 250 barrels; No. 29, Genine Robinson, 145, and No. 2, Rachel Talkington, 150 barrels a day, respectively.

In the Salem district, Harrison county, the United States Oil Company's No. 1 on the G. W. Williams farm is producing 60 barrels a day natural and is expected to increase its production when shot.

In this district the South Penn Company has drilled in its No. 2 on the Peterson-McIntyre farm and the well produced 65 barrels the first hours.

In the "Little Germany" district, Marshall county, the Eclipse Oil Company has drilled in its No. 3 on the John Bricker farm and has a show for a 75-barrel producer.

In Ashley district, the South Penn Oil Company has drilled in its No. 2 on the William Mason farm and has a fair gasser. Deeper drilling may find a second pay streak. The same company has shot its No. 2 on the Jerry Way farm, and the well produced 50 barrels the first 24 hours.

On the Hawkins tract, north of Cairo, Ritchie county, S. S. Griffin has shot his No. 3 and increased its production to 185 barrels a day.

In the Spring Springs district, Wirt county, the Hay Oil Company has completed its test on the Matilda Willett farm and has a duster.

In the Wolf creek district, on the Ohio side in Morgan county, the Kee-Wan-nee Oil Company has completed No. 1 on the Ezra Chapman farm and has a show for a five-barrel pumper.

In the same district, in Washington county, Charles S. Cameron has drilled in his No. 3 on the Frank Ford farm and has a show for a good producer.

In the Sand Hill district, Trapp & Co. have completed their test on the Lorenz farm and have a show for a 30-barrel pumper.

In the Cow run sand district, in the same county, the Owens Oil and Gas Company has completed its test on the James Needs farm and has a duster. In the same district J. W. Gray has completed his No. 6 on the J. D. Lehmer farm and will have a 10-barrel producer in the first Cow run sand.

In the Turkey foot section, Beaver county, Pa., Murray & Co. have completed a test on the Doe Nickle farm and have a four-barrel pumper.

In the Congo field A. B. Smith has completed No. 2 on his own farm and has a duster.

The Congo Oil Company has completed No. 2 on the Hamilton Bros. farm and has a 15-barrel pumper.

An oil operator who left Pittsburgh a few months for a trip through the west visited the Beaumont (Texas) field on his return. He stated that the gushers there are not as big as oil to sell, was greatly encouraged at the outlook. At Spindle Top, he said, oil is now selling at 60 cents a barrel and was expected to go higher.

The wells on Spindle Top keep up their erratic actions. Some that were thrown out and had been abandoned had been again put to pumping and the output was found to be not at all diminished and they were fair oil producers. In his opinion Spindle Top is producing about 25,000 barrels a day, but some claimed that it is more. Notwithstanding that the Spindle Top district has been defined and had more than 400 wells on less than 200 acres, there are at the present time more wells drilling.

Sour Lake and Welsh, La., are now the leading new attractions. In the first he thought there was a production of possibly 2,000 barrels a day, but the wells were troubled with sand and much accumulated in the hole and it was hard to keep them producing. If this trouble could be overcome the production would be more regular and could be greatly increased. In this locality he found a number of wells drilling.

The J. M. Guffey Petroleum Company has a pipe line from Sour Lake to Beaumont and handles all of the production. The Texas company has contracted to build a line and George A. Burt has the same kind of a project under consideration.

The excitement at Welch, La., is at high tide and as much as $5,000 an acre was being paid for leases. The wells in this development have the same trouble, sand and mud, to contend with, as at Sour Lake.

At Port Arthur the Gulf Refining Company has about 50 stills, each of 800 barrels capacity, in operation, and by the first of May or April will have 50 more of the same size going.

SHIPMENTS AND RUNS.

Shipments and runs of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana fields, up to and including March 3:

PENNSYLVANIA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
March 3	94,735	March 2	71,772
Previously	183,068	Previously	28,801
Total	277,800	Total	100,663
Daily average	92,600	Daily average	50,331

LIMA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
March 3	39,788	March 2	47,042
Previously	135,207	Previously	11,823
Total	174,997	Total	59,765
Daily average	58,332	Daily average	29,883

The Oil Market.

Following are the Standard's credit balance prices for the various fields: Pennsylvania, $1 50; Tiona, $1 50; Corning, $1 30; New Castle, $1 07; North Lima, $1 06; South Lima, $1 06; Indiana, $1 06; White House, $1 20; Somerset, 95c; Barbourville light, 95c; Barbourville heavy, 55c. The Producers and Refiners Oil Company also quote $1 50 for Pennsylvania crude.

OIL CITY, PA., March 4.—Credit balances, $1 50; certificates, no sales. Shipments, 93,732 barrels; average, 92,238 barrels; runs, 71,773 barrels; average, 50,332 barrels.

MOVEMENTS IN TRADE.

NEW YORK, March 4.—A definite statement showing how some $13,000,000 of the authorized $30,000,000 of new Louisville & Nashville 4 per cent collateral trust bonds are to be used was obtained today. Between $12,000,000 and $13,000,000 will be used to refund other issues and the balance will be

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CENTER AVE., 1801—T. F. Moore.
CENTER AVE., 2101—C. F. Neurne.
CENTER AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—The Bell Pharmacy.
COLLINS AVE., 113—William Lindeman.
CONGRESS ST., COR. WILIE AVE.—C. F. McIntyre.
DALLAS AVE., COR. KELLY ST., McCabe's.
FIFTH AVE., 1221—Robin Drug Company.
FIFTH AVE., 1401, COR. STEVENSON—Chas. L. Young.
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FIFTH AVE., 2400—Hite's Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 3705—Central Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 1450—Thumm Bros. Stationers.
FORBES ST., 2705—John M. Hohman.
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FORTY-FOURTH ST., COR. BUTLER—A. W. Covert.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., COR. PENN—Schilling Bros. Company.

WANTED.

Agents.

BIG MONEY—AGENTS, NEWEST, FASTEST selling household necessities on the market; 100 brings sample latest kitchen article and agents' catalogue free. Home Mfg. Co., box 180, Fairbury, Ill.

Male Help.

ARCHITECTS—Several first-class architects for factory construction. Apply 135 First ave.

BLACKSMITHS—At once, who understand ornamental iron work. Taylor & Dean, 203 Market st.

BOY—Bright industrious boy to run errands and do light work around factory. Address D 66, The Gazette.

BOY—Bright office boy in Carnegie building; apply stating experience and wages. P. O. box 663.

BOYS—Standard Broom Co., 642 Grant st., city.

CARPENTERS—Apply with tools. Berg ave., near Eleanor st., Twenty-seventh ward.

CHECKERS—Experienced checkers. Apply at Brace Bros., West Wilkinsburg.

COOK and waiter at once; wages $8 and $15. Kennington, 209 W. Ohio st., Allegheny.

COMPOSITORS—Job compositors at Duncan & Co., 1009 Penn ave.

GARDENER—Experienced gardener; white or colored. Chas. Porter, Shousetown, Pa.

MARINE Corps, U. S. Navy—Recruits wanted; able-bodied men between ages 21 and 35 in all parts of the world and on land in the United States and colonial possessions when required. Apply Recruiting Office, Rooms 314-315 City Hall building.

OFFICE MEN, FROM PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO TOWNS, TO MANAGE OFFICE IN HOME TERRITORY; $20 PER WEEK GUARANTEED ON YEARLY CONTRACTS; REFERENCE AND SPECIAL INVESTMENT REQUIRED; ADDRESS STATING AGE AND FORMER OCCUPATION; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. D. C. COTTER, 728 PARK BUILDING.

SALESMEN — City and traveling salesmen; good chance for young men wishing to learn; experience not necessary; good pay; steady work.

EMPIRE BUREAU,
425 Diamond st., Pittsburgh.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced male stenographer for railroad office; state experience and salary expected. Address W 392, The Gazette.

SIGN PAINTERS—Inside work. Jas. Warren & Son, 624 Rebecca st., Allegheny.

TAILOR—First-class merchant tailor; cutter. Will Groves, 413 Fifth ave.

WANTED—Young man not over 25 years for collection; for first time; must be strictly good hand and be willing to work. Chance advancement. Address L 75, The Gazette.

YOUNG man, 16 to 18 years to learn the real estate business. Salary $6 per week to start. Good chance for advancement. Address A 75, The Gazette.

Female Help.

APPRENTICES wanted; millinery. Jordan, 64 Penn ave., city.

COOK and chambermaid; wages $4 and $15. Mrs. Kennington, 209 W. Ohio st., Allegheny.

GIRL—For general housework, in family of two; references required. Apply No. 417 Winebiddle ave., East End.

GIRLS—15 cash girls; steady work. Apply fifth floor office, Kaufmann's.

GIRL—For housework. 1241 Page st., Allegheny.

NURSE GIRL—Good pay and pleasant surroundings for young girl of refinement. Call today after 11. Room 3, 204 Fifth ave.

TWO bright young women for newspaper work. Apply at The Gazette, 6:30 p. m.

WOMAN—Young educated woman as instructor and companion, who can speak both German and English correctly; state terms. Address N 75, The Gazette.

Male and Female Help.

RELIABLE male and female help supplied. NATIONAL, 463 Federal st., Allegheny.

Situations—Male.

A YOUNG man from New York would like position with private family as butler or valet; with experience and ample references. Write L. O. Berry, 104 Washington st., city.

POSITION as bookkeeper by accurate and reliable young man of 3 years' experience, can furnish A1 references; will accept moderate salary with reliable firm and work for advance. Address M 66, The Gazette.

POSITION as gardener by married man; can furnish references; desire place with private family; three good hands can be secured; state wages and nature of work. Address Peter Bohun, Box 476, Duquesne, Pa.

Situations—Male and Female.

STENOGRAPHERS—Experienced or students, sent on short notice; have large list and can please; no charge. Remington Typewriter, 428 Wood.

Partners.

WANTED—Man with $1,000 and services to take interest in good paying, well established manufacturing business. It will pay you to investigate this. Corner Chartiers and Taylorstown sts., Allegheny.

PARTNER—Will invest $3,000 to $5,000 for half interest in established manufacturing business; cigars and stogies preferred. Address D 67, The Gazette.

PARTNER for a good paying and established business; $2,500 required. Address C 69, The Gazette.

Pupils.

PUPILS—RENO SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP SCHOOL, 423 Wood st., prepares students for expert reporting and positions requiring high speed and accuracy. Postgraduate course. Ask for catalogue.

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL ALL YEAR for young and middle-aged men and women. Actual Business College, 31st Fifth ave., Pittsburgh. Established 1889. Big Ten-Cent Store building. Positions secured.

Real Estate.

WANTED—We have several buyers for desirable residence properties in Wilkinsburg and Edgewood, ranging from $3,500 to $7,500. See A. C. M'COMB & CO., 326 Fourth ave.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Every room in your home should have the new Universal Welsbach Burner. We install them without charge upon the payment of $1.00 each. They sell fast for us.
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H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

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2 FRAME HOUSES of 3 rooms and cellar; gas, water, etc.; houses are all sewered and near car line; papered and grained; chandeliers, fenders and range; they will be sold to desirable property; terms same as rent.

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Rooms 826 and 827 Park Building.

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Only One
Warehouse 30x120,
Seventh Ave. Near Smithfield St.,
now occupied by James Houston & Co., second door from Geo. A. Kelly & Co., Drug House.
Samuel W. Black & Co.,
307 Fourth Ave.
After March 15th, Farmers Bank Bldg.

Offices.

TO LET
Office in Chronicle Telegraph Building 347-349 5th Avenue.

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Single or en-suite, new annex to Lewis Building, Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street. Large, sunny and centrally located.
H. L. WASS,
544 Sixth ave.

TO LET.
Warehouse,
Second ave., 2 doors from Smithfield st.; 3-story bldg.; 40x80 ft.; elevator; rent low.
SAM'L W. BLACK & CO.,
307 Fourth ave.
After March 15, Farmers' Bank bldg.

Desk Room.

FOR RENT—Desk room, use of telephone, typewriter, light and heat; between Smithfield and Wood, on Fourth ave. Address B 69, The Gazette.

Farms.

FOR RENT—160-acre farm; ½ mile from Manor, 23 miles from Pittsburgh, on Penna. railroad; good springs; running stream; fine site for dairy. C. L. McCutcheon, 301 Arrott building, Pittsburgh.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

For Rent.

FOURTH AVENUE.
Have several rooms for rent to a strictly first-class tenant or tenants in the building at No. 428 Fourth ave., which we are remodeling and will be ready for occupancy April 1; no applications considered except from responsible persons.
B. R. FAULKNER & CO., INC'D.,
432 Fourth ave.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

For Rent.

PARTIES desiring tenants for rooms immediately can secure same at little cost by placing in our hands; we have more inquiries than rooms; call at offices and give us description of them. Phones: Bell 3690 Court. F. & A. 2328 Main.
BARKER REALTY CO.,
Room 416, Ferguson bldg.,
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PARTIES desiring rooms in refined home can secure full description of what we have by calling at our offices.
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SHARP BREAK IN WINDOW GLASS

Trade Conditions Reported Unsatisfactory--Local Bank Stocks Less Active--Rally in the Eastern Market--Money Outlook.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

The dealings and fluctuations in the local stock market yesterday were relatively more important than those in Wall street. American Window Glass was the active feature, and its movements were accompanied by considerable manipulation. The stock opened lower at 50½, late in the day broke to 46¼, and closed at 47. The weakness was due to the unsatisfactory trade outlook. The window glass trade seems to be peculiar, supply and demand cutting a smaller figure in fixing prices than agreements between manufacturers to maintain an arbitrary price. Evidently this price has been too high, for since the organization of the American Window Glass Company enough competition has entered the field to bring about a condition of overproduction and the necessity on the part of the manufacturers to hold frequent conferences to agree upon prices and shut-downs. The report early in the day from the conference at Columbus, where the various interests had assembled, was that no agreement had been reached as to the date for the closing of the factories, and that a price war was impending. Just before the close of the market a dispatch was received stating that an agreement would be reached and that prices would be maintained. This dispatch was not official, but it may have had something to do with causing the final rally, although on the surface it looked more like shorts covering. The sharp rally in National Fire Proofing common suggested that the break on the previous day was due to a raid. The stock started at 28¾, but late in the day became quite strong and the final sale was at 28¼. There was nothing new relating to the affairs of the company except the formal announcement calling a special meeting of stockholders for May 7 to vote upon the recommendation of the board that the preferred stock be increased $2,000,000 and the common stock $1,000,000. According to the recommendation of the board, this increase, if authorized, will not all be immediately issued, but will be used from time to time in making improvements as the business of the company requires. The steel stocks were slightly lower, but remained dull. The coal stocks were also quiet and nominally unchanged. Manufacturers Light and Heat was strong and higher, advancing to 89 bid at the close. There was nothing doing in Philadelphia Company shares.

There were fewer pyrotechnics in the bank and trust company group than usual of late. American Trust recovered to 400, and closed at 390 bid, 400 asked. A 10 or 20-point fluctuation in this stock, however, has ceased to be a novelty. Equitable Trust did not hold its previous advance, selling down to 278 and closing at that price bid. Federal National bank made a new high record by selling at 154½, and was fairly active, but toward the close it reacted 1 per cent. Merchants Savings and Trust, South Side Trust and Iron City Trust were all slightly lower. There was a better demand for bonds than for some days past, but there were no dealings in the listed issues.

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In Wall street the market opened firmer, in response to higher London prices and some buying for foreign account, but from the opening until about 2 p. m. the dealings were extremely light and the tone of the market barely steady. The Gould stocks appeared to be the only ones that received support from inside sources, and toward the close of the session the strength in Manhattan, which rose to and closed at 155⅝, was the leading feature. Impending labor troubles on the Wabash, which it was thought might possibly extend to Missouri Pacific, were ignored by the market. Brooklyn Rapid Transit was one of the firmest stocks on the list all day, and inasmuch as it loaned at a high premium, it was inferred that the short interest in it was becoming unwieldy. Union Pacific sold off on the statement of earnings for January, showing a decrease in gross of $41,946, and a decrease in net of $402,000. The standard stocks like St. Paul, Pennsylvania and New York Central moved within narrow limits.

The fluctuations in United States Steel were too sluggish to indicate any expression of opinion on the action of the directors in determining to carry out the original proposition for the conversion of $200,000,000 preferred stock into a like amount of bonds and the sale of $50,000,000 additional second mortgage 5s for the purpose of raising the capital required for modernizing the plants and building additions. The subject has been discussed in all its phases, and seems to be dead as a market factor. Amalgamated Copper was a strong feature and advanced to and closed at 73⅛. There were gains in the entire list in the final dealings, and the market closed firm. The transactions for the day were 425,000 shares, about half the previous day's total.

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The adjournment of congress had no perceptible effect in financial circles. The public had given up hope of legislation on the money question, and the street is inclined to assume the attitude of the fox and the grapes, so far as the Aldrich bill is concerned. There was a report near the close of the day that arrangements were being made for the negotiation of a $25,000,000 sterling loan, which may have had some effect in stimulating the late rally in the stock market. The sub-treasury was again a creditor in the clearing house, and so far this week has gained about $4,500,000 from the banks. If sterling loans are made, the effect may be a reduction in loans in bank to such an extent as to offset the loss in cash. The general feeling, however, is that call money rates will rule comparatively firm throughout the spring. The circulation statement issued by the government yesterday shows the smallest net changes for many months. The amount of all kinds of money in circulation on the 1st inst. was $2,855,906,330, a decrease of $1,742,504 as compared with February 1, and an increase of only $27,071 compared with the corresponding date one year ago.

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Within the past few weeks the financial authorities have had much to say in accounting for the fluctuations in the exchange market at Paris, the relatively close money market in London, and what all this portended as to our own money market. Like the problem of standing an egg on end, the whole thing is rather simple when you know. The other day English consols sold at the lowest price since the close of the Boer war, and that fact was referred to as portentous, because English consols are looked upon as a barometer not only of foreign money market conditions, but also of foreign political conditions. Now for the explanation, which may be read between the lines of the following from the London investors' Review: "A prominent recent cause of the depression in the consol market has been French selling, provoked by difficulties about the French 1 per cent stamp on imported bonds to bearer. After the April coupon—the last at 2½ per cent—on consol bearer bonds has been deducted the Bank of England, in April next, acting for our exchequer, has decided to call in the old bonds, instead of merely issuing fresh 2½ per cent coupon sheets. This decision compels foreign holders of consols, nearly all of whom possess bonds, not registered stock, to send their old bonds here and get new ones to replace them. But here comes the difficulty so far as French holders are concerned. The bonds they now hold bear a 1 per cent French stamp, representing an import duty of that amount paid by the French holder. In exchanging the old bond for new this stamp is not transferred, and, as the new bonds cannot circulate unstamped on French bourses, the question comes to be: 'Will the stamp have to be paid for over again by French holders?' Probably it will, the answer is; and, anyhow, all that the Bank of England does is to attach a notice to the new bonds handed out by it in exchange for the old, to the effect that the old, now canceled, were duly and properly stamped, leaving the holder to make the best bargain they can with their own government. Should that government demand its 1 per cent over again, as is likely enough in these hard-up days for governments, French selling may continue, and reach proportions threatening not merely the solvability of our already overburdened consol market, but our slender gold reserve."

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Transactions on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday aggregated 9,207 shares. Sales:

10 a. m. to 10:30 a. m.

10 Amer. Trust	380	20-5 do.	145
20 Federal N. B.	152	25 Crucible pfd.	85¾
20-20-10 do.	153½	5 do.	85⅞
10 do.	154	20 do.	86
5 Fireproof pfd.	38	40 Safe D. & T.	109
10 M. L. & H.	87	10 S. W. Ref. com.	161½
20 do.	87½	300 do.	161½
100-50-35-15 do.	88	25 Equit. Trust	178
50 do.	88¼	20-10 do.	178
5 Iron C. Trust	144½	20 do.	45½

10:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.

60 Fireproof com	26⅜	20 Fireproof pfd.	88
10-50 do.	26⅝	2 Brewing pfd.	47½
30 do.	26⅝	50 H.W.Ref. com	18⅝
20 do.	27¼	200-50-10 do.	18¾
10-100 do.	28	25 Pgh. Coal pfd.	91
100-50 do.	28½	40-10 do.	90⅞
10-50 do.	28	50 Cons. Ice com.	12
10 Federal N. B.	154	10-50 do.	12
20-10-20-10-20	155	5 do.	12½
10 do.	154	60 Riv. Coal pfd.	30⅝
10-10-10-10 do.	154	10 do.	80
10-10 do.	154½	10 Amer. Trust	390
50-10-10-10-10-10		10 do.	398
50 do.	154	5 do.	395
50 M. L. & H.	80	5 do.	398
50-50 do.	89	10 Iron C. Trust	144½
25 do.	89½	10-5 do.	144½
10 W. Glass com	50	15 Mer. T. & T.	73
10-50 do.	50	5 do.	73
30-20-30 do.	49¾	10 R. E. Trust	308
35 do.	49¾	10 Equit. Trust	180
50-10 do.	49¾	25 W. Glass pfd.	90
50-50-25 do.	49½	50 Crucible com.	19⅝
50 do.	49¾	50 Riv. Coal com.	11⅝
50-100-100-10-50		50 Electric 2nds	104½
50 do.	49	5 U.S Steel com.	37⅝
10 do.	49	20 Brewing com.	31⅝
2 W. Airbrake	173	50 do.	31¾
15 Crucible pfd.	85¾		

12:30 p. m. to 2 p. m.

10 W. Glass com	49	10 Equit. Trust	178
10 do.	48½	10-14 do.	178
100-100-100-100-		10 Amer. Trust	400
50 do.	48	10-20 do.	400
500-65 do.	48	50 Pgh. Coal pfd.	90¾
5 do.	48½	22 do.	90¾
40 do.	48¾	3 Western Ins.	50
100-35-10-25-30-		50 Electric 2nds	104
48 do.	48	50-24 do.	104
100-50-50-50-50-50-		10 R. E. Trust	264
20 do.	47	5 Federal N. B.	154
35-14 do.	46¾	25 Mer. T. & T.	73
50-50 do.	46⅞	10 Crucible com.	19⅝
50-41 do.	46¾	10 W. Glass pfd.	90
9 do.	46½	5 Crucible pfd.	85⅞

2 p. m. to 3 p. m.

25 W. Glass com	46½	5 R. E. Trust	307
50-5 do.	46¾	50 Fireproof pfd.	38
100-50-50 do.	46¾	100-20 do.	38
10 do.	46½	100 Brewing pfd.	47½
200-50-100-25-25-		10 do.	47½
50 do.	46¼	20 Crucible pfd.	86
25 do.	46⅜	50 do.	86
5 do.	46⅝	50 U. S. Steel com.	38
5 do.	46¾	10 do.	38
50 do.	46⅝	10 Federal N. B.	153½
120-150-50 do.	46¾	30-20 do.	153½
300-50 do.	46⅝	10-10-10 do.	153
200 do.	46¼	10 Safe D. & T.	159
50-50-50-10-10 do.	46⅜	10 M. L. & H.	87½
50 do.	46⅞	5 Mer. T. & T.	73
100 do.	47	5 do.	73
10 Crucible com.	19⅝	15 Iron C. Trust	144
5 do.	19½	50 Pgh. Coal com.	28½
50-50-25 do.	19⅜	50 Electric 2nds	104½
5 do.	20	30-10-10 do.	104⅜
50 Fireproof com	28	50 Brewing com.	31⅝
50-10-100 do.	28	20 P. S. Car pfd.	84
100-100 do.	28½	50 P. P. Glass	140

Summary.

Shares.		High.	Low.	Last Sale.	C'ge.
120	Brewing com.	31¼	31⅛	31⅛	-⅛
112	Do preferred.	47½	47⅛	47½	0
114	Cons. Ice com.	*12⅜	12	*12⅜	+¼
178	Crue. Stl. com.	*20	*19¾	*20	+¼
130	Do preferred.	88	88¼	88	0
880	Fireproof. com.	28½	26⅝	28½	+1⅝
195	Do preferred.	38	38	38	0
620	H. W. R. com.	16⅜	16¼	16⅜	-⅛
445	M. L. & H.	87½	87	87½	+2⅝
20	Phila. Co. com.	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	+⅛
50	Pgh. Coal com.	28⅜	28⅛	28⅜	+⅛
147	Do preferred.	91	90½	90½	-⅝
50	Pgh. Pl. Glass	140	140	140	0
20	P. S. Car pfd.	94	94	94	-½
50	River Coal com.	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	-⅜
40	Do preferred.	40	39⅞	40	+⅛
65	U. S. Steel com.	38	*37⅝	38	+¼
12	Wash. Airbrake	177	177	177	0
270	Do 5-ac. 2ds.	104½	104	104½	-⅛
4785	Win. Gl. com.	50½	46¼	47	-4
25	Do preferred.	90	90	90	0
80	Am. Trust	380	380	400	+16
10	C. R. & T.	264	264	264	0
95	Equitable Trust	180	178	178	-5
460	Federal N. B.	154½	152	153	0
10	Iron City Tr.	145	144	144	-1
55	Merch. & Man.	73	73	73	0
25	Real Est. & Tr.	308	307	307	0
50	Safe Dep. & T.	159	159	159	0
3	Western Ins.	50	50	50	0
9207					

*Less than 10 shares. †New high mark

Closing Bids and Offers.

STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Pgh. Bks.			D. S. F. & T.		200
Ally. Nat.	155	160	Nat. Gas.		
Colum. Nat.		495	N.G. of W.V.	150	
Fourth Nat.	165		M. L. & H.	89	89½
Germ. Nat.	262		Mining.		
Marine Nat.		130	Lauter.	10	13
M. & M. N.		145	Traction.		
Met. Nat.	175		Citizens	69½	
N.S. of W.P.	155	200	Railroads.		
Union Nat.	1050		A.V. pref.	30	30½
Fed. Nat.	152½	153	Electric.		
Pgh. Tr.			West Ass'tg.	104½	104⅝
American	390	400	Misc.		
Equitable	178		Crucible Steel.	19½	19⅝
F. T. & T.	400	450	Do pfd.	85¾	88
G. T. & T.		155	Marsden	3½	
Prudential		154	N. Fire P.	28	28½
Real Estate	305	306	Do pfd.	38	38½
S. S. & T.		200	Phila. Co.	45⅜	
Com'with	263½	264	Do pfd.		48⅜
Ally. Bks.			Union Stor.		35
Ally. Tr.		158	W. Airbrake		174
Bk. of S.	100		Liar-Walker	16¾	17

BONDS

Railroads.	
P., McK. & Y. 1st 6s	98½

UNLISTED SECURITIES.

STOCKS.			
Misc.			
A.W. Glass	46¾	47	
Do pfd.		89½	
Cons. Ice	12	12¾	
M. & M. & Co.		11⅝	11¾
Do pfd.		39⅝	40
P. B. & L.			
E.		35	37
Pgh. Brew.	31⅝	31¾	

Do pfd.	47	47½	
Pgh. Coal	28⅜	28⅝	
Do pfd.	90¾	91½	
U. S. Steel	38	38⅛	
Do pfd.	87¾	87½	
Mining.			
Misc.			
Con. Gas 5s		110	
P. Brew. 6s	112		
W. & E. 7s			
St. Ry. 5s	111		

NOTES AND COMMENT.

The largest sellers of Window Glass yesterday were Doty & Sutton Hill & Co. and Miller. The largest individual purchase was by Walker & Wainwright, who took 500 shares in one block. The rest of the buying was well scattered, but at the end of the session Hill & Co. bought at the decline about as much as they sold earlier in the day. The news from the Columbus conference was conflicting, but the weak feature of the whole situation is the fact that so many conferences are required to keep the trade together and prevent a cutting of prices that will dissipate profits of all.

The circular issued by J. P. Morgan & Co., syndicate managers, provides that for a period of 60 days following March 10, subscriptions will be received for $200,000,000 of the United States Steel new 5 per cent bonds, such subscriptions being payable in United States Steel preferred stock at par, but such subscriptions not to exceed 40 per cent of the par amount of the preferred stock standing in the name of the subscriber at the closing of the books March 16. Holders of the preferred stock are at the same time given the privilege of subscribing for 10 per cent of such holdings for bonds of the same issue, payable in cash on the basis of par and accrued interest. Subscriptions payable either in cash or preferred stock must be made on warrants to be issued by the United States Steel Corporation. The annual meeting of the corporation will be held April 20, and stock transfer books will be closed March 16 and reopen April 21.

There was a sale on the local exchange yesterday of $5,000 Wilkinsburg & Verona Street Railway 5s at 111 and accrued interest. Speer Bros. to Sproul & Co. The total issue of these bonds is $100,000, and they are dated June 1, 1901, interest payable semi-annually in June and December.

On the exchange Hill & Co. bid 112 for $50,000 Pittsburgh Brewing 6s.

Ohio Fuel Supply was quoted at 35⅝ bid.

Republic National bank closed at 117½@119. Iron City Trust, 143@145; South Side Trust, 135 asked; Merchants Savings & Trust, 74 asked; Cosmopolitan National bank, 100@102.

According to street gossip the sudden advance in Equitable Trust on Tuesday was due to the cleaning up of the market of the floating supply of the stock by interests connected with a large down-town bank. The report could not be confirmed.

One of the largest buyers of Federal National bank stock said his clients were not influenced by any rumors of deals, but by the fact that 200 per cent dividend-paying stock it was quoted relatively lower than any other of its class, and therefore presented the minimum of risk and the maximum of chances for enhancement in value.

Manufacturers Light & Heat advanced 3 points yesterday on purchases of less than 500 shares, and closed near the top.

Considering the amount of its capital and the nature of its business, the Philadelphia Company securities are the least active in the market.

The tip to buy Manhattan was very freely circulated. The floating supply of stock is small an aggressive bull pool appears to have taken hold of it, and there is no doubt that its investment value makes it an easy stock to mark up. The directors are scheduled to meet this week and declare the final dividend before the system is turned over to the lessee company.

The Wabash statement for the fourth week of February showing an increase of $50,000 and for the month of $125,000 gross, was influential in steadying the stock.

The gross earnings of Hocking Valley for Feruary increased $21,382.

There was a further sharp decline in Consolidated Lake Superior which had a depressing effect on the Philadelphia market. The common closed at 5⅝ bid and the preferred at 25½ bid, the latter a net loss of 3¼.

The United States Steel new 5s when issued, declined on the New York curb to 91¾ shortly before the close of the market yesterday.

Canadian Pacific land sales for February were 182,554 acres for $749,233, against 78,039 acres for $256,106 in February last year.

Analyzing the recent annual report of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, Messrs. James Carothers & Co. say: "We are satisfied that the reported profits of $1,251,346 for 1902 included only profits on the manufacture of plate glass, and that the sum does not take into account the profits on the jobbing business. In the first place, the reported earnings are the smallest for any one of the five years, although during 1902 the company had the use of $2,500,000 more cash capital than in any previous year. In the second place the price of glass was higher in 1902 than it was in 1898, when the total profits were $160,000 larger. In the third place, the jobbing business in 1902 (according to official reports) was four times as large as it was in 1898. Another reason why we believe the profits of 1902 related exclusively to the plate glass business is that the company's sales for the year amounted to 15,000,000 feet. Outside manufacturers we are reliably informed, made a profit of 10 cents a foot, and it is reasonable to assume that Pittsburgh Plate Glass can operate as profitably as its competitors. If it does so operate, then its manufacturing profits on the 15,000,000 feet were $1,500,000. * * * A profit of 10 per cent on the $16,000,000 jobbing business reported by the company would be equivalent to $1,600,000. This sum, added to the manufacturing profit of $1,500,000, would bring the total profits (before charging off for depreciation or betterments) up to $3,100,000. In addition to this it is also reasonable to assume that there is a profit on the manufacture of paints, mirrors and brushes—assuming that 'small sizes' in the last named item did not constitute a serious drawback—which would merely add to the total profits of the entire plant, and which we believe to be nearer $5,000,000 than $1,251,346, as reported."

A dividend of $1 per share has been declared on Cambria Iron Company stock, payable as registered March 14.

A dividend of $2 per share has been declared on Philadelphia Traction Company stock, payable April 1 as registered March 6.

It is noted by the Bankers' Magazine that the cost of conquering the two Transvaal republics by the British empire was about $1,475,000,000, or $500,000,000 in excess of the war indemnity which Germany exacted from France 30 years ago. The payment of this indemnity is interesting to recall, necessitated one of the most stupendous operations in exchange ever carried on. From an account of this operation by Dr. Henry D. Macleod, it appears that the bills of exchange bought to finance the payment, amounted to 4,248,326,874 francs, in addition to notes of the Bank of France 125,000,000; German bank notes and money, 106,039,151 francs; French gold and silver money, 112,294,933 francs; and compensations on setoffs, 225,088,400 francs. It was expected that this strain and effort involved in meeting this tremendous drain would deal a staggering blow to France, but it was withstood nobly, and in a few years few traces remained of any injury. This has always been regarded as a remarkable testimony to the financial strength and recuperative powers of the French nation.

The American Woolen Company issues its report for the year ended December 31, 1902. It shows net profits of $3,227,867, against $2,077,758 in 1901. Deducting preferred stock dividends of $1,400,000 from the 1902 profits there remains $1,822,867 or over 6 per cent on the $29,501,100 common stock outstanding.

The annual report of the American Snuff Company for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1903, shows net earnings of $1,739,617, an increase of $673,012 for the year, and dividend payments of $993,642, as against $540,009 in 1901.

Philadelphia Closing Bids.

Penna. R. R.	73½	United Gas Impt.	108
Phila. Traction	89	Welsbach	27
Union Traction	47	Tidewater Steel	4
Elec. & Peo.	100¾	Caloric'a Steer Co.	23½
Lehigh Valley	42¾	Internat. Powder	10
Cons. Lake Super.	5⅝	Elec. Co. of Am.	9
Do preferred	23½	American Rys.	50
Storage	30	Am. Asphalt 8s	84
Do preferred	80	Phila. Co.	45¼
Marsden	3½	Railways General	4⅝
Phila. Electric	6⅜		

Boston Stocks and Bonds.

Atchison	84½	Mexican Central	27¼
Do preferred	98⅝	American Sugar	131
Boston & Albany	260	Do preferred	121¾
Boston & Maine	187½	Am. Tel. & Tel	188½
Boston Elevated	149½	Dom. I. & Steel	57¼
N. Y. N. H. & H.	201	United Fruit	108½
Fitchburg pfd.	141	U. S. Steel	38
Union Pacific	96	Do preferred	89¾

Chicago Stocks.

American Can	8⅜	Swift & Co.	125
Do preferred	43¾	Union Stock Yards	85½
Chicago G. W. & T.	102	Metropolitan L.	33½
Diamond Match	135	Northwestern L.	29
National Biscuit	46¾	City Railway	218
Do preferred	116¾	Union Traction	10
Quaker Oats pfd.	89½		

Electric Stocks.

Westing. com.	102	Mass. Electric	36
General Electric	106		

FEATURES OF THE DAY

IN PITTSBURGH.

Bank exchanges increased $1,100,000 for the day.

Stock exchange sales were larger, amounting to 9,200 shares.

Window Glass common broke to 46¼ and rallied to 47.

National Fire Proofing common rallied to 28¼ at the close.

American Trust recovered to 400 and closed at 390 bid.

Federal National Bank advanced to 154½, a record price.

IN WALL STREET.

Total sales for the day were 428,500 shares.

Relief of bank position gave quieter tone to market.

Manhattan's advance stimulated other tractions.

New plant of the United States Steel Corporation had a chilling effect.

Prospect of Cuban treaty helped sugar.

Call money rose to 4½ per cent and time loan rates were firmly held.

MONEY MARKET STILL IS CHIEF INFLUENCE

Sharp Decline of 20 Points in Demand Sterling Exchange.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Herald Building, Herald Square, NEW YORK, March 5.

The Herald this (Thursday) morning says:

Wall street showed no diminution of interest in the money market of yesterday, which was of a character similar to the developments of recent days. The points which stood out stronger than anything else was the sharp decline of 20 points in demand sterling exchange to $4 87, due to the heavy sale of long sterling bills and the hardening of money and discounts in European cities, clearly showing that the heavy offering of American bills was beginning to harden foreign money markets. Another feature was the natural influence of higher money on mercantile paper. Rather advanced from 5 and 6 per cent, which was attributed to the less liberal purchases by out-of-town institutions, and the unwillingness of local bankers to buy paper, or in fact, tie up any more money than they can possibly avoid for any length of time.

The feature of the day was the further advance in Manhattan Elevated railroad. The stock in the early trading was somewhat irregular, but it gathered strength as the day advanced and closed at the highest figures, at a net gain of 2%. The manipulation of Manhattan—for the movement is now regarded of a manipulative nature—has been excellently performed. The reports of a division of cash among shareholders prior to the taking over of the company by the Interborough was denied, as was also the other tale that the issue was to go immediately upon a 7 per cent basis. Rumors of a threatened strike on the road was thought to be without foundation.

The heavy break of more than 3 points in United States Steel second mortgage bonds on the curb had little or no effect on the stock of the company, which, though not active, ruled strong. It was generally recognized that the bonds were high in comparison with the stock and an amicable arrangement in the sale of bonds and purchase of stock was profitable at the outset, but less so at the close. At one time rights on the curb sold at 2¼.

Efforts to depress the Gould railway stocks in the early market, particularly Missouri Pacific and Wabash, on the strike development in connection with the latter road and the generally disturbed railway labor situation in the southwest, proved unsuccessful before the close of the day. Missouri Pacific was freely offered down, but was well taken on the decline and was later run up sharply on the shorts. Wabash was supported and did not suffer extensively.

J. J. Hill Sails for England.

NEW YORK, March 4.—James J. Hill, president of the Northern Securities Company, sailed on the Celtic for England today. Sir Thomas J. Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific railroad, also was a passenger on the Celtic.

Foreign Quotations.

LONDON, March 4.—Bar gold, 77s 9¼d; American eagles, 7s 4½d; India council bills were allotted today at is 4 1-32d. The amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balance today was £70,000.

PARIS, March 4.—Three per cent rentes, 100 francs 5 centimes for the account; exchange on London, 25 francs 16 centimes for checks.

BERLIN, March 4.—Exchange on London, 20 marks 51⅝ pfgs for checks; discount rates, short and three months' bills, 2¾ per cent.

Banks and the Treasury.

NEW YORK, March 4.—(Special.)—In redemption of checks drawn by depositors of gold at the Seattle assay office today's official records show that the sub-treasury paid out yesterday $210. Total paid since Friday, $5,363, against $37,123 for the same period a week ago. Total payment by government to New York banks for the day, $2,759,000. Payment by banks to government, $3,217,000. Balance on the day's transactions, $478,000 paid by banks to government. No deposits were made by banks with the sub-treasury for payment at interior points.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $224,066,796; gold, $112,794,931; silver, $18,354,185; United States notes, $3,987,628; treasury notes of 1890, $76,085; national bank notes, $15,413,096; total receipts this day, $1,722,101; total receipts this month, $4,799,076; total receipts this year, $382,457,045; total expenditures this day, $2,145,000; total expenditures this month, $4,925,000; total expenditures this year, $340,261,589; deposits in national banks, $149,796,817.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS.
Wednesday, March 4, 1903.

Cattle—Supply light; market steady; choice, 1,400 to 1,500 lbs., $5 35@5 50; prime, 1,200 to 1,400 lbs., $5 15@5 30; good, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs., $4 90@5 10; tidy, 1,100 to 1,150 lbs., $4 60@5 00; fair, 900 to 1,100 lbs., $4 25@4 30; heifers, 700 to 1,100 lbs., $3 50@4 75; bulls and cows, $2 00@4 50; fresh cows and springers, $20 00@58 00.

Sheep—Steady on sheep and weak on lambs; best wethers, 95 to 100 lbs., $5 60@5 75; good mixed, 85 to 90 lbs., $5 20@5 50; fair, 75 to 80 lbs., $4 40@5 00; culls and common, $2 25@3 50; choice lambs, $6 80@7 00; fair to good, $6 00@6 75; common, $4 00@5 00; veal calves, $8 00@8 50; heavy and thin, $4 00@5 00.

Hogs—Receipts, 10 double decks; market firm; prime heavies, $7 50@7 55; mediums, $7 35@7 40; heavy Yorkers, $7 20@7 25; light Yorkers, $6 90@7 00; pigs, $6 70@6 80; roughs, $5 50@6 55.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, March 4.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,198 head; steers steady to strong; bulls slow; cows steady to 10c lower; steers, $4 80@5 45; oxen and stags, $4 00@4 50; bulls, $3 25@4 85; cows, $2 00@4 10; cables quoted live cattle steady at 12@13c, dressed weight; sheep at 14½@15½c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef selling at 9½@10c; exports today, 5,760 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 1,540 head; veals uneven; choice stock firm to shade higher; others steady to lower; veals, $4 50@9 00; extra, $9 25; little calves, $3 00@4 00; one car westerns unsold and prices nominal; no barnyard calves; city dressed veals, 10@13½c. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 5,078 head; sheep almost nominal but feeling firm; good lambs strong; medium grades slow; common to fair, sheep, $4 00@5 50; lambs, $6 00@6 10; no strictly prime on sale. Hogs—Receipts, 4,653 head; firm; state hogs, $7 40@7 45; no sales of western reported.

KANSAS CITY, March 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,800 head natives, 500 head Texans, 120 head calves, all natives; fat cattle steady to 10c higher; cows weak; everything else active and steady to strong; choice export and dressed beef steers, $4 80@5 50; fair to good, $3 00@4 60; stockers and feeders, $3 00@5 00; western fed steers, $3 60@5 05; Texas and Indian steers, $3 ...@4 90; Texas cows, $2 00@3 25; native cows, $1 50@4 10; native heifers, $3 15@4 20; canners, $1 10@2 80; bulls, $2 75@3 85; calves, $3 00@5 00. Hogs—Receipts, 3,500 head; market steady; top, $7 27½; bulk of sales, $7 10@7 25; heavy, $7 15@7 27½; mixed packers, $7 00@7 25; light, $6 80@7 07½; Yorkers, $7 00@7 07½; pigs, $5 75@6 25. Sheep—Receipts, 2,500 head; sheep strong; lambs higher; native lambs, $4 00@6 55; western lambs, $4 50@6 90; few ewes, $3 00@6 00; native wethers, $5 55@5 75; western wethers, $5 60@5 70; stockers and feeders, $2 50@3 80.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000 head; steady to 10c lower; good to prime steers, $5 15@6 75; poor to medium, $3 50@4 90; stockers and feeders, $2 50@4 75; cows, $1 40@4 60; heifers, $2 25@4 75; canners, $1 50@2 60; bulls, $2 00@4 25; calves, $3 50@6 75; Texas fed steers, $3 50@4 25. Hogs—Receipts today, 25,000 head; tomorrow, 30,000 head; left over, 2,000 head; opened slow and 5c lower; closed steady; mixed and butchers, $6 75@7 30; good to choice heavy, $7 25@7 52½; rough heavy, $7 00@7 35; light, $6 80@6 95; bulk of sales, $7 00@7 30. Sheep—Receipts, 21,000 head; sheep steady; lambs, 15@25c lower; good to choice wethers, $5 00@5 75; fair to choice mixed, $4 00@4 75; native lambs, $4 50@7 15.

EAST BUFFALO, March 4.—Cattle—Receipts light, market unchanged; veals steady; tops, $8 00@8 25; common to good, $4 50@7 75. Hogs—Receipts, 3,100 head; active, 10@15c higher on heavy and Yorkers; others dull; heavy, $7 50@7 70; mixed, $7 40@7 60; Yorkers, $7 10@7 20; a few at $7 25; pigs, $6 70@6 80; roughs, $6 40@6 75; stags, $5 50@6 00. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 6,40 head; steady; top lambs, $7 10@7 20; culls to good, $4 50@7 00; best western lambs, $6 75@6 90; yearlings, $5 50@6 25; ewes, $5 50@5 75; sheep, top mixed, $5 50@5 75; culls to good, $2 75@5 40.

CINCINNATI, O., March 4.—Hogs, steady, $5 70@5 80. Cattle active, $2 25@4 85. Sheep steady, $3 00@3 00. Lambs easy, $4 75@6 70.

WALL STREET TRADING GIVEN QUIETER TONE

New Plan of United States Steel Corporation Had Chilling Effect.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, March 4.—The relief to the banking position afforded by yesterday's sharp liquidation in the stock market was manifest in the quieter tone of the trading today. The bankers were apparently satisfied with the contraction effected yesterday, and desisted from further calling of loans. The bears treated prices during the morning, but they found they were dislodging little stock by offering down prices, and they covered their short contracts. The result was to bring prices back to about last night's closing level.

The relaxation of the selling pressure encouraged a resumption of operations by the bull pool in Manhattan, which lifted that stock 2¾ over last night, and support was given Amalgamated Copper. The strength in other local tractions and in Missouri Pacific seemed to be largely due to sympathy with the movement in Manhattan. A rise of four points in General Electric and a recovery of 4¼ in Northwestern from yesterday's wide decline had a reassuring effect upon sentiment. On the other hand, there were wide recessions on small offerings amongst other rarely active stocks.

The action taken by the United States Steel directors on the bond issue and stock conversion plan and the elaborate outlay projected for improvements had the same chilling reception as has been accorded similar projects by the railroads, which promised heavy inroads upon the vanishing surplus supply of capital. The steel stocks made little movement, but the bonds when issued were offered freely on the curb. Syndicate support was offered for a while at 95, but the bonds were offered down to 92. The sellers argued that the privilege of conversion for 40 per cent of the preferred stock into the bonds warranted an assumption of a parity of market value for the two issues.

The prospect of the action on the Cuban treaty at the extra session of the senate, as well as an advance in the price of refined sugar helped Sugar. The decrease of 20 per cent in January net earnings reported by Union Pacific seemed to be ignored. The sub-treasury statement showed $478,000 more taken from the money market, and New York exchange at Chicago fell back from 20 cents to 35 cents discount.

Call money rose to 4½ per cent late in the day, and rates for time loans were firmly held, but additional offerings of loan bills in the exchange market caused a decline in quotations there. The market closed rather irregular.

Bonds were dull and irregular

FRESH EGG MARKET WEAKER AND LOWER

Florida Strawberries and Tomatoes Unsatisfactory—Local Bean Prices Slow.

Reports from the west yesterday were of easier markets, but the local situation was unchanged. Receipts were but moderate, although flood conditions have subsided sufficiently to allow some arrivals over the Pittsburgh & Western, and these were added to the supplies of yesterday morning. Demand for stock of all kinds in the hay and grain market was nominal, and there was no lack of business, although no particular activity was displayed in any line. Hay is firm, and top prices can readily be secured for really good top grade timothy. Oats and corn are easy, and quotations are fully up to market conditions, with sales reported at figures lower than those listed. However dealers have confidence in the situation, and believe there will be a strengthening in every department. Millfeed is unchanged, and offerings are limited.

Speculative wheat was dull, but spot did not vary greatly in quotations. Eggs are steady, with the range remaining at $4 20@4 25 for fancy spring patent, and there is selling at both notations. While some jobbers are taking orders freely at the lower price, there are others who will not sell at all for less than the $4 25 quotation. Sugar has been advanced by refiners, but local jobbers have not yet followed.

PLENTY OF NAVY BEANS.

While there is a reported advance of about 5c a bushel in the price of navy beans at shipping points, the local market seems to be stocked full, and there is no advance here. Top price for hand picked continues at $2 50, with much of the selling at 5c lower.

There is no change in spot canned goods. Packers are fighting shy of naming prices for futures, on account of the uncertain conditions which have ruled the market for the last two years, and quotations for 1903 delivery are not being made freely. The general belief is that this will be a year of greater plenty than its predecessor, and that there will be lower ruling figures, but of this no man knoweth, and the curse of speculative dealing in certain lines, particularly tomatoes, for two years past, has been so much like nature with the rugged path over which love is said to travel. Quotations that have been named, however, are lower than those of a year ago.

The only change in the produce market yesterday was an advance in crate celery, which is higher, $5 00 being the tribbs since the railroad yards. Strawberries are not showing up well, and fancy stock is hard to find. Florida tomatoes are not coming in best condition, and figures above those quoted could be obtained for desirable stock.

Fresh eggs were weaker yesterday, and 19c is again the quotation of the market. Supplies are more abundant, and prices have had to decline. Butter steady at quotations.

Some increase in receipts of chickens is to be observed this week, but demand is steady, and the list of quotations is unchanged.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 7 cars hay, 5 cars oats, 6 cars feed, 1 car rye, 1 car corn and rye, 1 car straw; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, 3 cars hay, 1 car oats, 1 car feed; Pittsburgh & Western railroad, 6 cars hay, 1 car oats, 1 car corn, 1 car straw. Total receipts, 47 cars.

No. 1 tim. $17.50@18.00
No. 2 " 15.50@16.50
No. 1 clov. 13.50@14.00
do mix.. 14.50@15.50
Loose from wagon $16.00@18.00
Straw, cat. $10.00@10.50
do wheat. $10.00@10.50
do rye.. $11.00@11.50
Corn, No. 2 yellow, shelled .51@51½c
do high mixed .50@50½c
Bran, ton.. $20.00@20.50

Allegheny wagon delivery)
Coffee, roasted.
bulk, Rio 10½@12c
do Santos 22½@23½c
do Maracaibo 17@17½c
do Gov. Rio 18½@19c
do Cargoes 19@19½c
do standard pkgs 10.05@10.55c
do high grade pkgs 14.50@16.50c
Molasses, fancy refined 32@37c
do choice 32@35c
do open ket.. 40@43c
Syrup, fancy sugar 28@30c
do sugar and cane 26@28c
do prime.. 26@30c
do 2½-lb cans, doz .65c
do 5-lb cans, doz .$1.95
do 10-lb cans, doz .$3.00
Maple syrup, gallon .75c@$1.00
Beans, prime marrow, bu.$2.75@2.85

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std pie.$0.85@$0.90
do pie .. $2.50@2.60
do California
L. C. .. $1.30@2.85
do Mary.. $1.20@1.30
land .. $1.50@1.55
do California
Y. F. .. $1.80@2.00
Corn, fancy 1.12½@1.20
do std .. 95c@$1.10
Cherries, Cal. white .. $2.20@2.25
Lima beans $1.20@1.40
do soaked .. 75@80c
String Beans .. 60@95c
Stringless
do .. $1.25@1.75
Peas, marrowfat .. 95c@$1.05
do early June .. $1.00@1.30
do soaked .. 55@65c
Apples, N. gal cans.$2.25@2.35
Pineapples .. $1.20@2.20
Plums, damson .. $1.00
do California .. $1.40
Raspberries .. 85@95c
Gooseberries .. 85c@$1.00
Tomatoes, standard .. 85c@$1.05
do fancy .. $1.20@1.30
do gal .. $3.50@3.75
Succotash, 1-lb cans .. 85c@$1.40
Baked beans, can, tomato sc.85c@$1.40
Salmon, doz.$1.00@2.05
Chipped beef.$2.25@2.75
Corned and roast beef, 2-lb cans .. $2.45@2.50
do 1-lb cans .. $1.45@1.60
Mackerel, broiled .. $2.00@2.75
Sardines, domestic, ½s .$3.00@3.65
do mustard, ½s.$2.80
do French.$9.00@16.00
Oysters, 1-lb full wght.95c@$1.25
do 1-lb lunch, flat cans .. $1.10

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap. bags .. 8½@12c
do 25-lb boxes.9@12c
Apples, bulk .. 7½c
do 1-lb cartons .. 8½c
Peaches .. 7@10c
Raspberries .. 26@27½c
Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs.9½@9¾c
Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4-crown 50-lb boxes.. 7@8c
do Ondara fat .. 9¾@10c
do Cal. Val. .. 7½c
Currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs .. 6¾@6½c
Prunes .. 4@10½c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu.small.$7.50@7.60
do mammoth .. $7.60@7.70
do crimson$4.75@5.00
do white
Dutch.$10.00@11.00
Alsike .. $10.00@10.50
Timothy .. $2.00@2.10
Millet .. $1.65@1.70
Grass, Hungarian .. 90c@$1.10
do lawn, lb .. 18@20c
do blue, 15-lb bu .. $1.50@1.75
do red top, 14-lb bu..$1.10@2.00
Alfalfa .. $7.10@7.20

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl.. $35.00
do half bbl.. $18.00
do quar. bbl.. $9.40
Mackerel, No. 2 bbls .. $27.00
do half bbls.. $14.00
Mackerel, quar. bbl.$8.00
do 10-lb pails.. $1.50
Lake herring, 100 lbs .. $3.80
do 30-lb quar.. $1.45
do 10 lbs .. 85c
Sloaters, 50-box.. 75c

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, choice, carlots, bu.65@67c
do fancy, car lots, bu.. 68@70c
do on track.. 60@65c
do ex-store.. 65@70c
do new, bbl.$2.00@3.00
do new, bu.$1.75@2.00
Sweet potatoes, Jersey fancy.$3.50@4.00
do mixed .. $2.00@2.25
do boxes .. $1.25@1.40
Onions, bbl.$1.25@1.50
do bu .. 40@50c
Shallots .. 30@40c
Cucumbers, hothouse .. $2.50@3.00
Cabbage, Danish, ton .. $5.00@9.00
Cabbage, bbl.75c@$1.00
Beets, doz .. 25@40c
do bbl.. $1.50@1.75
Parsley, doz .. 30@35c
Radishes, doz .. 20@30c
Spinach, bu .. 65@75c
Celery, doz .. 30@35c
Do Golden Heart crate .. $5.00@6.50
Florida, crate .. $2.50@3.00
Lettuce, home doz .. 75c@$1.00
do Ashtabula, basket .. 35@40c
do head, bbl .. $5.00@8.00
do Florida, ham. pers .. $3.00@3.50
Endive, bbl..$3.00@4.00
Egg plant, Florida crate .. $4.00@4.50
Turnips, bbl.$1.25@1.50
Garlic, lb .. 7@10c
Carrots, bbl..$1.50@1.75
do doz bun.. 30@40c
String beans, green, basket .. $3.50@4.00
do wax .. $3.00@3.50
Kohlrobi, dz bch.30@40c
Cauliflower, crate .. $1.50@2.00
Rhubarb, doz .. 60@75c
Parsnips, bbl.$1.50@1.75
Risley's, bbl.90c@$1.25
Watercress, doz.25@35c
Florida tomatoes, crate .. $3.00@4.00
Brussels sprouts, quart .. 12@14c
Mushrooms, lb.. 30@40c

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter, prints.30½@31c
do tubs .. 29½@30c
do Ohio-Pa. creamery 27½@28c
do dairy .. 21@22c
do country roll .. 19@20c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream .. 15@15½c
do Ohio .. 14½@15c
do ½ cr'm .13½@14c
do Ohio Swiss,

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, Spy, bbl .. $1.50@2.50
do Ben Davis .. $1.50@2.00
do Golden Rus .. $1.50@2.00
do Baldwins .. $1.50@2.00
do Greenings .. $1.50@2.00
do Russets .. $1.00@2.25
do Cal. boxes.. $2.00
Pears, Kiefer, bbl .. $1.50@2.00
Cranberries, Cape Cod, fcy.$4.50@4.00
do choice..$3.00@3.50
do bbls..$12.00@15.00
do Jersey..$3.75@4.00
Florida strawberries, qt..30@50c

NUTS.

Almonds, lb .. 13@15c
Filberts, lb .. 11½c
Walnuts, English, lb .. 12@16c
Pecans, lb .. 12@15c
Brazil nuts, lb..10@11c
Mixed nuts, lb..11@12c
Peanuts, fancy .. $1.25
do choice .. $1.10

HONEY.

White comb .. 17@18c
Buckwheat .. 14@15c
N. Y. white clover .. 18@19c

POULTRY.

Live hens, lb .. 16@17c
Roosters .. 13@13c
Turkeys .. 18@19c
Geese .. 14c
Ducks .. 16@17c
Dressed hens .. 18@19c
Spring .. 19c
Broilers .. 14c
Roasters .. 14c
Turkeys .. 23@25c
Ducks .. 21c
Capon, lb .. 25c

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Lemons, California, ple .. $2.75@3.25
do Messina.$2.75@3.25
Bananas, firsts .. $2.00@2.25
do seconds.$1.50@2.00
Grapes, Malaga, kegs .. $4.50@5.00
Grape fruit .. $6.00@7.00
Cocoanuts, bags .. $2.75@3.25

GAME.

Mallard ducks, pr.$2.00
Teal ducks, pair..$1.10
Redhead ducks, pair .. $2.00
Canvas bks, pair.$2.75
Squabs, doz.$2.75@4.00
Pigeons, live, doz.$2.25
Squirrels, pair .. 30@35c
Grouse, imp, pair.$2.50
Pigeons, live, doz.$2.25
Partridges, pair .. $2.25
Blackcock, pair .. $2.50
Quail, doz .. $2.00@3.00
Possums, each..35@50c
Coons, each..75c@$1.00
Rabbits, pair .. 30c
Sucking pigs, each .. $2.50@3.50

PROVISIONS.

Hams, large, 18 lbs and up .. 13c
do medium, 14 to 18 lbs .. 13c
do small, 10 to 14 lbs .. 13¼c
do skinned .. 13¾c
do boneless, boiled .. 15c
do California .. 10½c
Shoulders, N. Y. do .. 10½c
do skinned .. 11c
Breakfast bacon, rib, S to 10 lbs .. 13c
do 10 to 12 lbs.12½c
do back strips..12½c
Breakfast bacon, clears, S to 10 lbs .. 13½c
do 10 to 12 lbs.13½c
do back strips..12½c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears .. 10½c
Bellies, 10 to 25 lbs .. 10½c
do 16 to 20 lbs .. 11c
do under 16 lbs .. 11c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears .. 11½c
Bellies, 10 to 25 lbs .. 11½c
do 16 to 20 lbs .. 12c
do under 16 lbs .. 12c
Lard, pure, tierces .. 10½c

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer, heavy .. 9c
do light, under 60 lbs and cows, all weights .. 7c
No. 1 green bulls.6½c
Calfskin, No. 1 .. 10c
do No. 2 .. 8c
Green salt or cured, No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs .. 10c
do No. 2 .. 9½c
Cows and light steers .. 7½c
Calfskins, No. 1 .. 11c
do No. 2 .. 9½c

Coffee and Sugar.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at unchanged prices and ruled quiet, but displayed rather a firmer tendency, closing during the heavy port receipts full clearances, lower foreign markets and a rather disappointing decrease in the visible supply under covering brought about by the smaller interior movement. The close was quiet, unchanged to 5 points higher; sales footed up 17,300 bags, including May at 4.45c; July, 4.55@4.50; September, 4.75@4.80; November, 4.85; December, 4.85. Sugar, raw steady; refined steady; No. 6, 4.40c; No. 7, 4.35c; No. 8, 4.30c; No. 9, 4.25c; No. 10, 4.20c; No. 11, 4.15c; No. 12, 4.05c; No. 13, 4.00c; No. 14, 4.00c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4.95c; molasses sugar, 3.60c; refined steady; No. 1 cut loaf, 5.40c; crushed, 5.40c; powdered, 4.60c; granulated, 4.80c; cubes, 5.05c.

Active Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, March 4.—An avalanche of selling orders swept over the cotton market today and amidst great excitement prices broke with such violence that for a time panicky conditions were feared. The bull clique under their leader were steady and heavy buyers, however, and their support checked the tendency towards extreme demoralization. The market closed highly excited 8s from 11 to 24 points below last night's closing. March and May options opened at declines of 10 points, selling at 10.17c and 9.99c respectively, against 10.27c and 10.1oc yesterday at the close, and the Pittsburgh price of 10.23c and 10.17c earlier yesterday.

Turpentine and Rosin.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 4.—Turpentine firm, 45c. Rosin firm, A, B, C, D, E, F, $2 00; G, $2 10; H, $2 40; I, $2 85; K, $3 20; M, $3 40; N, $3 60; W. G, $3 85; W. W, $4 25.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 4.—Turpentine firm, 45c. Rosin firm.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 4.—Spirits turpentine firm, 45c. Crude turpentine firm, $2 40 to $4 00. Tar firm, $1 65.

WHEAT, CORN AND OATS LOWER IN CHICAGO PIT

Fair Trading in Provisions With Higher Prices Prevailing.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, March 4.—The wheat market was influenced largely by the action of corn and followed the price of that cereal throughout the day. Trading was dull and confined chiefly to local traders. The opening was easier on lower cables, and May was off ¼@¼c at 77¼@77⅝c. Later the market advanced in sympathy with the strength in corn, and along with the better prices at New York. May selling up to 77⅝c, but the extreme inactivity in the pit and the large Argentine shipments, over 2,000,000 bushels for the week, had a depressing effect, and when the break in corn occurred, with nothing to support it, the market reacted and ruled easy the remainder of the session. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 375,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 430,000 bushels, against 400,000 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 295 cars, which with local receipts of 25 cars, two of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 320 cars, against 245 last week, and 250 cars a year ago.

Corn was fairly active, and the market displayed considerable strength early on the unfavorable weather conditions, rains being predicted over the entire corn belt, but heavy selling by local traders caused a slump in prices and a weak feeling prevailed the last hour of the session. Local receipts were 378 cars, none of contract grade.

Oats were quiet and featureless, and the market was inclined to follow the action of corn. Receipts were small, at 215 cars.

There was a fair trade in provisions, and a stronger feeling prevailed, there being an active demand from shorts, while brokers also were fair buyers. The close was strong, with May pork 15c higher at $18 30. May lard closed 10c higher at $9 97½, and ribs were up 2½@5c at $9 87½.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 20 cars; corn, 240 cars; oats, 120 cars; hogs, 30,000 head.

The leading futures, reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago board of trade, No. 200 Sixth street, are as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday's Close.
WHEAT					
No. 2.					
May ..	77⅝	77⅞	77⅛	77⅛	77⅛
July ..	73⅝	73⅞	73⅜	73⅜	73⅛
Sept.	72⅛	73⅛	71⅞	71⅞	72⅛
CORN					
No. 2.					
Mar.	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛
May ..	47⅝	47⅝	47	47⅛	47⅝
July ..	45⅛	45⅝	45	45⅛	45⅝
OATS.					
No. 2.					
Mar. ..				32	32⅝
May ..	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅝
July ..	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅝
Sept.	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅝
MESS PORK					
May ..	18 15	18 30	18 07½	18 30	18 15
July ..	17 62½	17 77½	17 60	17 77½	17 65
Sept.	17 15	17 27½	17 15	17 27½	17 15
LARD					
May ..	9 87½	9 97½	9 87½	9 97½	9 87½
July ..	9 75	9 82½	9 72½	9 82½	9 72½
Sept.	9 67½	9 75	9 67½	9 75	9 67½
SHORT RIBS.					
May ..	9 80	9 87½	9 80	9 87½	9 85
July ..	9 60	9 65	9 57½	9 65	9 62½
Sept.	9 50	9 52½	9 45	9 52½	9 50

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour quiet and easier; No. 2 spring wheat, 75@79½c; No. 3, 74c; No. 2 red, 76½@78½c; No. 2 corn, 45½c; No. 2 yellow, 45½c; No. 2 oats, 34c; No. 3 white, 34½@36½c; No. 2 rye, 48½c; good feeding barley, 43@44c; fair to choice malting, 48@55c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 14; No. 1 northwestern, $1 17; mess pork, $18 12½@18 25; lard, $9 85@9 90; short ribs sides (loose), $8 90@9 80; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $8 87½@8 50; short clear sides (boxed), $10 00@10 25; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 30; cloves, contract grade, $11 00.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	22,500	14,900
Wheat, bu	56,600	22,700
Corn, bu	474,800	119,600
Oats, bu	424,900	136,000
Rye, bu	6,400	1,000
Barley, bu	118,400	23,900

NEW YORK, March 4.—Flour—Receipts, 28,187 bbls; exports, 32,859 bbls; steady but dull; winter patents, $3 70@4 00. Rye flour dull. Buckwheat flour quiet. Cornmeal quiet. Rye steady; No. 2 western, 62½c f o b afloat. Barley steady. Wheat—Receipts, 33,250 bu; exports, 114,783 bu; spot easy; No. 2 red, 82c elevator and 82½c f o b afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, 80½c f o b afloat; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, 20½c f o b afloat. Options after an early decline, following bearish cables and room selling, wheat rallied and held firm most of the session on export rumors, anxiety over the light contract supply here, large flour demand in the northwest and small interior receipts. The close was steady at ½c advance to ¼c decline. March closed 84¾c; May, 81⅝@81¾c, closed 81¾c; July, 78¼@78¾c, closed 78¼c; September closed 76¾c. Corn—Receipts, 117,000 bu; exports, 278,907 bu; spot easier; No. 2, 53c elevator and 55c f o b afloat; No. 2 yellow, 56¼c; No. 2 white, 56c. Options, except for a short time after the opening, was easy all day. Unloading by small holders, better grading here, heaviness of cash corn and light export demand were the chief elements of heaviness. The market closed easy at ⅛@¼c net decline. March closed 57½c; May, 53¼@53⅝; 9-16c, closed 53½c; July, 51@51¼c, closed 51c. Oats—Receipts, 193,500 bu; exports, 5,972 bu; spot quiet; No. 2, 43¼c; No. 3, 42¼c; No. 3 white, 43¾c; track white, 43¾@48c; standard white, 44¼c; No. 2 white, 44¼c; track mixed, western, 42@43c. Options ready at first, but eventually eased off with corn. May, closed 41¼c. Hay steadier.

ST. LOUIS, March 4.—Wheat, No. 2 red, cash, 71⅞c; May, 72¾c; July, 73½@73¾c. No. 2 hard, 70@73c. Corn, No. 2 cash 41½c; May, 41⅝@41¾c; July, 41⅝c. Oats, No. 2 cash, 35½c; May, 35¼c; No. 2 white, 39c.

MILWAUKEE, March 4.—Wheat steady; No. 1 northern, 81@81½c; No. 2 northern, 80@80¼c; May, 77¼@77½c bid. Rye steady; No. 1, 51½@52c. Barley dull; No. 2, 64c; sample, 44@56c. Corn, May, 47@47½c bid.

TOLEDO, March 4.—Wheat dull and lower; cash, 76¾c; May, 79¼c; July, 75¾c. Corn dull and unchanged; March, 45⅝c; May, 46½c; July, 45¾c. Oats dull and unchanged; March, 30⅝c; May, 30¼c.

BALTIMORE, March 4.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat easy; spot and March, 80¼@80⅝c. Corn weak; spot and March, 52¼@52¾c. Oats firm and in better demand; No. 2 white, 47½c.

DULUTH, March 4.—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; No. 2 northern, 73¼c; May, 77¼@77¼c; July, 76¾c. Oats, May, 34c.

A CHANGE FOR THE BETTER.

The Way Physicians Now Treat Catarrh.

Physicians who formerly depended upon inhalers, sprays and local washes or ointments now use Stuart's Catarrh Tablets because as one of the most prominent stated, these tablets contain in pleasant, convenient form all of the really efficient and reliable catarrh remedies, such as red gum, blood root and hydrastin.

They contain no cocaine or opiate (so common in liquid catarrh medicines and cough syrups), and they are given to little children with entire safety and benefit.

Dr. J. J. Reitinger says: I suffered from Catarrh in my head and throat every winter and it would hang on clear into summer, with stoppage of the nose and irritation in the throat affecting my voice so that I was continually clearing my throat before I could speak plainly; it finally extended to the stomach, causing catarrh of the stomach.

I bought a fifty-cent box of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at my druggist's, carried them in my pocket and used them regularly several times a day, and the way in which they cleared my head and throat and improved my hearing and general health I consider little short of remarkable. I had no catarrh last winter and spring, and know I am entirely free from any catarrhal trouble whatever.

Mrs. Jerome Bilson of Wheeling writes: I suffered from catarrh nearly my whole life and last winter my two children also suffered from catarrhal colds and sore throat so much they were out of school a large part of the winter. My brother, who was cured of catarrhal deafness by using Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, urged me so much to try them that I sent to the drug store and bought a package and I am truly thankful for what they have done for me and my children. I always keep a box of the tablets in the house and at the first appearance of a cold or sore throat one or two of the catarrh tablets nips it in the bud and Catarrh is no longer a household affliction with us.

UNION STEEL COMPANY

Five Per Cent First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Coupon Gold Bonds for $1,000 Each, Dated December 1st, 1902; Due December 1st, 1952. Interest Coupons Payable June 1st and December 1st.

Total Authorized Issue $45,000,000

Principal and Interest Guaranteed by the United States Steel Corporation, Which Guaranty is Absolute and Constitutes an Obligation of That Corporation Superior to the Payment of Dividends Upon Its 500 Million of Preferred Stock and 500 Million of Common Stock.

The New York Security and Trust Company, Trustees.

Principal and interest payable in Gold Coin of the United States of the present standard of weight and fineness, and without deduction of any tax or taxes now or hereafter imposed by the United States, or any State, County or Municipality therein, which under present or future law, said Company may be required to pay, deduct or retain therefrom.

These bonds may be exchanged for registered bonds of $5,000, $10,000, $20,000, $50,000 or $100,000 each, which may again be exchanged for coupon bonds.

For particulars as to the property and security, reference is invited to the accompanying letter of Mr. A. W. Mellon, Vice President of the Union Steel Company, and any further information desired may be had upon application.

The Bonds and Mortgage were prepared by Messrs. Reed, Smith, Shaw & Beal of Pittsburgh, and all legalities connected with the issue conducted by them.

It is expected to have the bonds listed on the New York and Pittsburgh Stock Exchange.

OFFICE OF UNION STEEL CO.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., February 16th, 1903.

The UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

Dear Sirs:—The bonds purchased by you cover the property of the Union Steel Company, which absorbed the Sharon Steel Company, the Sharon Ore Company, the Sharon Coal and Lime Stone Company, the Sharon Coke Company, the Sharon Sheet Steel Company, the Donora Mining Company, the Republic Coke Company, the River Coal Company, and a controlling interest in the Sharon Tin Plate Company.

The bonds constitute a first lien on the plants of the Union Steel Company and on the Sharon plants only subject to the prior Sharon bonds, amounting to $3,500,000 against which bonds of the present issue are held as security, and they are secured by collateral trust deposit of the stocks of the affiliated companies; such as the Sharon Ore Company, Sharon Tin Plate Company, Donora Mining Company, Republic Coke Company, and River Coal Company.

The plants at Donora consist of: Two 600-ton Blast Furnaces; an Open Hearth Plant of 12 furnaces, capacity 1,200 tons per day; a Blooming and Billet Mill, capacity 2,000 tons per day, now under construction and nearing completion; also, at Donora, completed and in operation, a Continuous Mill, with two Garret or Belgian Rod Mills, with capacity of 800 tons per day; also, Wire and Barb Wire Plants, and a Nail Mill with capacity of 3,500 kegs per day. The Water Works, Electric Equipment, Ore Yards, ... are designed on a scale for inclusion of additional furnaces, steel works, and finishing mills.

At Sharon, there is in operation one Blast Furnace, with capacity of 500 tons per day; an Open Hearth Plant, capacity 1,200 tons per day, with Blooming, Billet and Bar Mills of like capacity; a Rod, Wire and Barb Wire Plant of 400 tons capacity; a Nail Mill, with capacity of 3,500 kegs per day; the Sharon Tin Plate Company, with capacity of 3,600 boxes of tin plate per day; and under construction, nearly completed, two additional Blast Furnaces, with capacity of 800 tons per day; a By-product Plant, with capacity of 1,000 tons of coke per day; a Sheet Mill, capacity of about 100 tons per day; a Plate Mill of capacity of 400 tons per day, and a Tube Works, with capacity of 300 tons per day.

Of the subsidiary companies, the Republic Coke Company owns in fee 3,200 acres of coking coal in the "Klondike" section of the Connellsville field; the Sharon Coke Company, 1,600 acres of coking coal in same district, with moderniy equipped mines; the River Coal Company, approximately, 1,200 acres of coal, fronting on the Monongahela River in the Fourth Pool.

The Sharon Ore Company owns the Sharon Mine in fee located on the Mesaba Range. The Donora Mining Company owns the Penobscot Mine in fee, and is Lessee of the Sweeney and of the Donora Mine, all located on the Mesaba Range; it also owns two modern steel ore vessels and other valuable properties. The Ore Mines owned by the Company are among the most important of the Mesaba Range and exceedingly valuable, the total holdings of ore approximating Fifty Million tons.

The manufacturing site at Donora consists of about 200 acres, fronting about two and one-half miles on the Monongahela River. The manufacturing site at Sharon consists of over 500 acres, well located for manufacturing and railroad facilities. The plants are all modern, having been built within the last three years.

The Contracts for the Merger and Organization of the Union Steel Company and the Mortgage securing this issue of bonds, provide sufficient of the bonds, about Twelve Million Dollars, to pay for the new construction now under way and for additions and extensions as required. The Company is earning, from plants now in operation, more than sufficient to provide all interest and Sinking Fund requirements, and when the construction now under way is completed, will, at a fair estimate, under existing conditions, earn about Eight Million Dollars net annually.

An important feature provided in the Mortgage is the unusually liberal Sinking Fund. Under its provisions there will be paid to the Trustee during the present year, and each year thereafter, two per centum upon the entire issue outstanding, which is to be used in the purchase of bonds of the present issue at price not exceeding 110 and interest, or, after 1907, in the redemption of bonds at 110 and interest; all bonds so purchased or redeemed for Sinking Fund to be stamped for that purpose and continue to bear interest for Sinking Fund purposes. Under these provisions the Sinking Fund, with its accumulations, will retire and extinguish the total bonded indebtedness in twenty-seven years—being very little over half the term of the Mortgage.

The bonds are, therefore, amply secured by the Union Steel Company property, and have, in addition, the absolute guarantee of the United States Steel Corporation, which is endorsed on each bond. The legalities connected with formation of the Company and the bond issue were under direction of Messrs. Reed, Smith, Shaw & Beal.

Yours respectfully,
A. W. MELLON,
Vice President Union Steel Company.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 2d, 1903.

The undersigned offer $5,000,000 of the above described bonds at 101, and accrued interest. Subscription lists will be opened at the respective offices of the undersigned on Thursday, March 5th, 1903. The right is reserved to reject any applications or to award a smaller amount than applied for.

Payment for bonds allotted must be made on or before Ma... 1903. The engraved bonds will be delivered at that time.

We fully recommend these bonds as an investment o... security.

THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITT...
335 Fourth Avenue.

THE MELLON NATIONAL BANK,
514 Smithfield Street.

MAUDE ADAMS SAILS.

Expects to Meet Frohman in London to Arrange for New Play.

NEW YORK, March 4.—(Special.)—Miss Maude Adams sailed for Europe today on the White Star liner Celtic. At Alf. Hayman's office it was said the actress would meet Charles Frohman in London and arrange for a new play for next season.

Several months ago it was announced that Miss Adams would play Juliet to Sarah Bernhardt's Romeo. This report was followed by a story that Miss Adams' health had failed and that a change in plans was necessitated.

It was said in Mr. Hayman's office today that Miss Adams is in good health, but nothing definite could be learned about the Bernhardt proposition.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Butter—Receipts, 5,028 packages; steady; state dairy, 15@24c; extra creamery, 27c; held creamery, 17@22c; creamery common to choice, 18@26c. Cheese—Receipts, 581 packages; firm.

BALTIMORE, March 4.—Butter firm and unchanged; fancy imitation, 21@23c; fancy creamery, 29@30c; fancy India, 18@19c; fancy roll, 17@18c; good roll, 16@17c; store packed, 15@16c. Eggs firm and unchanged; fresh 19½c. Cheese firm and unchanged; large, 14@14½c; medium, 14@14¼c; small, 14½@14¾c.

CHICAGO, March 4.—Butter steady; creameries, 18@27½c; dairies, 14@24c. Eggs strong at mark; cases included, 17½c. Cheese steady, 12¼@12¾c to 13@13½c.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4.—Butter firm, good demand; extra western creamery, 29c; extra nearby prints, 32c. Eggs firm and ½c higher; fresh nearby, 17c at mark; fresh western, 17c at mark; fresh southwestern, 16½c at mark; fresh southern, 16c at mark. Cheese firm, good demand; New York full creams, prime small, 14@14½c, do fair to good, small, 13¾@13¾c; do prime large, 14c; do fair to good, large, 13¾@13½c.

Drygoods Market.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The break in cotton has produced no effect upon the market, which is so far sold ahead that sellers are not worrying. The majority have no goods to sell for some time to come. Values are maintained on a firm basis, with many lines held at values.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1822.

N. HOLMES & SONS
BANKERS,
Wood St. and Fourth Ave.
Transact a general Banking Business. Draw Bills of Exchange on Europe. Issue Letters of Credit for Travelers.

THE PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Capital and Surplus
$2,300,000
Capital, - - - - $500,000
Surplus and Profits, $1,250,000

JOHN S. SCULLY, President.
WM. PRICE, Vice President.
H. C. WETTENGEL, Cashier.
GEORGE ARMOR, Assist. Cashier.

DIAMOND NATIONAL BANK,
COR. FIFTH AVE. AND UNION ST.
Solicits Business.

BANKS AND BANKERS. BANKS AND BANKERS.

THE COLONIAL TRUST CO.
317 FOURTH AVENUE.
CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND PROFITS, $5,405,165.96

2 Per Cent on Checking Accounts—
4 Per cent on Savings Accounts—
Issues Letters of Credit—
Foreign Drafts and Travelers' Checks—
Acts as Trustee of Corporation Mortgages—
Registrar and Transfer Agent—
Acts as Executor—Administrator—Guardian—and in all other Trust Capacities—
Wills of Customers Kept Free of Charge in Our Safe Deposit Vault—
Information Given to Seekers for Reliable Investments.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES, $5.00 AND UPWARD PER ANNUM.

Banking Favors
and courteous treatment are the undisputed rights of every depositor of this bank—
There are just twenty-two hundred depositors willing to testify to these facts.
Can we not add your name to this list?
Information cheerfully given by every officer and director of the bank.
Capital and Surplus,
$1,150,000.00
North American Savings Co.
Fourth Ave. and Market St.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
Situated Corner of Liberty Avenue and Ninth Street, invites depositors, and guarantees every accommodation justified by their business and responsibility.
CAPITAL - - $600,000.00
SURPLUS - - $3,000,000.00
DEPOSITS
$12,000,000.00
Depositary of the United States and of the State of Pennsylvania and County of Allegheny.
DIRECTORS:
George B. Barrett, H. C. Bughman, William Curry, Thomas D. Chantler, George H. Dauler, John R. McGinley, Robert D. Elwood, William M. Kennedy, William McConway, Francis J. Torrance, Edward B. Taylor, James H. Willock.

THE BANK OF PITTSBURGH
National Association.
Capital and Surplus
$2,000,000.00.
DIRECTORS:
James J. Donnell, President.
Reuben Miller, Thos. K. Lane, J. Stuart Brown, T. Clifton Jenkins, Wm. Roseberg, John B. Jackson, James K. Park, Wilson Miller.

HENRY SPROUL & CO.
Members of New York Stock Exchange, Philadelphia Stock Exchange, Chicago Stock Exchange, Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
NEW YORK OFFICE,
Johnston Building,
30 BROAD STREET.
Special attention given to Investment Stocks and Bonds.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY,
311 Fourth Avenue.
Rental properties demand expert management. We make a specialty of this.
CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS, $3,750,000.

PITTSBURG TRUST CO.
323 FOURTH AVENUE.
Capital - - - $2,000,000
Surplus and Profits $4,000,000
2% ON CHECKING ACCOUNTS
4% ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS
Subject to withdrawal of $100 without notice.
OPEN AN ACCOUNT BY MAIL
LOANS ONLY ON FIRST LIEN MORTGAGES AND APPROVED COLLATERALS
OFFICERS:
C. B. McVAY . . . . . President
J. I. BUCHANAN . . . . . Vice-President
CHAS. H. HAYS . . . . Secretary and Treasurer
DIRECTORS:
B. F. JONES, HENRY BUHL, JR., W. P. SNYDER, JOHN C. REILLY, J. I. BUCHANAN, GEO. M. LAUGHLIN, S. R. VANDERGRIFT, C. B. McVAY, CHAS. H. HAYS

THE NATIONAL BANK OF WESTERN PENN'A
Penn Ave. and Ninth St.
Do a General Banking Business.
CAPITAL $500,000
SURPLUS AND PROFITS... $385,000
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

BANKS AND BANKERS. BANKS AND BANKERS.

Charles Lockhart, Pres't. A. C. Knox, Cashier
The Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce.
United States Depositary.
Capital. $500,000
Surplus and Profits (Earned), $1,140,000
The ample Capital and large Surplus of this Bank, its financial position and its established reputation for conservative banking methods, are among the substantial advantages offered to present and prospective patrons. A liberal rate of interest is paid on inactive or idle funds, and persons having such funds are invited to correspond with the officers

SMITHFIELD STREET LOT SECURED FOR $120,000

Two Allegheny Sales Amount to $110,000--Squirrel Hill Site Bought for $68,125--St. Patrick's Church Property Brings $55,000.

The Margaret Kaercher property, at No. 418 Smithfield street, has been sold to Frank McCann for about $120,000. About three months ago the same property was reported sold for $125,000, but the buyer's name was never given and after being shrouded in mystery a few weeks, the sale was reported to be declared off. Mr. McCann bought the property only two days ago, taking it, like his other recent purchases, merely for an investment. The Kaercher lot is one of the best known on the street and has a frontage of 20 feet on the east side of the street, near Diamond alley, and a depth of 80 feet. The three-story brick block on the lot is occupied by Susman's clothing store. At the price reported paid the property brought $6,000 a front foot, or $75 a square foot, as compared with $1,565 a front foot or $76.09 a square foot paid for the Wilson property, at No. 208 Smithfield street, which was sold Tuesday, through Warren & Gray, for $165,000. Two other sales in Smithfield street are reported closed, but no details could be obtained yesterday.

THE FACT REMAINS; IT'S BOOMING.

Two more sales of property in Federal street, Allegheny, give additional evidence that realty in that thoroughfare is booming in spite of the complaints of disgruntled parties, who claim most of the deals reported have been fakes. The larger of the two sales was made by George Bros., through E. A. Hess & Co. of Allegheny. This is the H. Rossar property at Nos. 416 and 418 Federal street, which was sold Tuesday for $70,000. The lot measures 50x70 feet, and is improved with a three-story brick building, the first floor of which is occupied by the W. L. Douglass shoe store. The rate of sale is $1,750 a front foot, or $25 a square foot. The buyer is a prominent Pittsburgh business man whose name is withheld by request.

The other deal, which was made direct, was the sale of No. 420 Federal street for $40,000. It formerly belonged to the Allegheny Trust Company and was bought yesterday morning by J. Walter Hay, one of the company's directors. The lot is 26x90 feet, making the price $2,000 a front foot, or $33.33 a square foot, the highest figure yet paid for Federal street realty. The building on the lot is a four-story brick formerly occupied by the Nations Bank for Savings and now occupied by the real estate office of Mr. Hay and a number of other offices on the upper floors. Until recently the property has been held only at $35,000 and the jump to $40,000 was made only a few days ago.

SITE SECURED FOR COSTLY RESIDENCE.

The Real Estate Trust Company yesterday articled for the sale of one of the finest remaining building sites in the Squirrel Hill district, the former T. R. Loughrey holdings, at the northeast corner of Shady and Northumberland, formerly Homewood, avenues. The purchase price was $68,125, or $146 a foot for the Shady avenue frontage, 465 feet. The lot is vacant and also has a frontage of 169 feet in Northumberland avenue. It was bought two months ago from Reed B. Coyle for $46,500 by George W. Darr of New York and Joseph H. Moore of this city, who now convey it to a leading manufacturer of Allegheny. Opposite this site are the Norris McCombs holdings and near by are the properties of John P. Ober and W. H. Schoen, the latter of which is being improved with a palatial stone residence. The purchaser will build a residence to cost not less than $50,000.

The old St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church property, at the southeast corner of Penn avenue and Seventeenth street, has been sold for $55,000. The deal was reported by Vice Chancellor Hamilton and the purchaser is State Senator Charles A. Muehlbronner. The lot extends 75 feet along Penn avenue, runs back 100 feet and is improved with an old brick church building. The sale was reported 10 days ago but was not confirmed by the congregation until Monday night and was only ratified by Bishop Phelan yesterday. Senator Muehlbronner intends to remodel the building for a large warehouse for produce.

LAWYER BUYS FINE HOUSE.

Attorney Charles A. O'Brien has bought from Thomas Evans a handsome residence in on the east side of South St. Clair street, between Friendship avenue and Baum street, Nineteenth ward, for $26,000. The residence is a reception hall brick house containing 12 rooms and is nearly new. It stands on a lot 50x115 feet extending back to a 20-foot alley. The property is known as No. 355 South St. Clair street and will be occupied by the purchaser as a home.

James E. Glass, who has operated extensively in McKeesport real estate the past two years, yesterday secured title to the Joseph Bladr property in that borough for $54,000. The property is situated at Fifth avenue and Sheridan street and measures 99x149 feet. The price, $360 a foot for the fifth avenue frontage, is a matter of much comment, and it is rumored that the purchase was made by Mr. Glass in the interest of outside parties. One report is that the property is to be used for a station for the Pennsylvania railroad, but if this were true it is said the railroad would have to cross the other lines by elevated tracks. Valuable sites are also being sought this week by two other concerns, one the Lang Drug and Manufacturing Company and the other by a syndicate which proposes to build a steel plant, both in McKeesport.

SLIPPING EASIER THIS WEEK.

The realty market has taken a sudden spurt this week and the prospects are bright for a record-breaking March. Much more of what brokers term "glide" is manifest in the market than for weeks. Deals that have been hanging fire are being brought under the signatures and new sales are being made with a rapidity that shows buyers and sellers are getting a touch of the ready-to-do-business spirit that is necessary to any line of selling. More large deals downtown are reported to be about ready for closing, or are being kept from publication on account of more properties adjoining being wanted, than for a long time. One factor that still hinders brokers is the reluctance of owners to state a price, or, in fact, to dispose of their holdings at any price. This is the cause of much complaint among the men who buy and sell real estate on commission, but in view of the rapid rise in values and the sensational deals that are cropping out every day, it is not to be wondered at. A striking example of this was the refusal of Morris Levino, the hatter, to sell his block at No. 503 Liberty avenue this week for $80,000, and of M. J. Braden to sell the property adjoining at No. 501 for the same figure. The lots are each 20x110 feet, making the price $4,000 a front foot. Levino bought his block about a year ago for $60,000, which was then regarded as a top figure for that locality.

SMALLER SALES MADE.

Bellevue: Joseph P. Rankin & Co. sold for Mrs. Catharine Hite of Sewickley to E. H. Prugh of Bellevue two lots, 40x129 feet each, in the Fairview plan in Forest avenue, Bellevue, for $1,200. The same brokers sold to Nicholas Stein two lots in Quarry street, Twenty-seventh ward, for $400.

Crawford street: The Aronson Realty Company sold for Attorney Marcus Stoner to Annie Friedman No. 16 Crawford street for $3,000.

Lincoln avenue: Annie B. Wiemans sold to Elizabeth H. Seanor an improved lot, 32x207 feet, in Lincoln avenue, Twenty-first ward, for $9,000.

Black street: W. S. Thomas sold to Eliza C. Babbitt an improved lot, 40x100 feet, in Black street, near Negley avenue, Nineteenth ward, for $3,000.

Plummer street: F. P. Livingston sold to Joseph Rawolsky an improved lot, 26x100 feet, at Plummer and Forty-sixth street, Seventeenth ward, for $7,000.

RESIDENCE PROPERTY SOLD.

Magee street: Joseph Tobias sold to William F. Love an improved lot, 19x62 feet, on the east side of Magee street, Sixth ward, for $7,000.

Jane street: Mary Ball sold to Joseph McGough an improved lot, 16.5x120 feet, on the north side of Jane street, near Twenty-first street, Twenty-ninth ward, for $5,000.

Auburn street: Elizabeth B. Ewing sold to John [illegible] an improved lot, 44x106 feet, on the west side of Auburn street, near Park avenue, [illegible] ward, for $3,520.

[illegible]ips J. Braun sold to [illegible] proved lot, 24x90 feet, [illegible]d street, Nineteenth

[illegible]on sold for Mrs. [illegible]p improved lot, [illegible] near Center [illegible]; also for J. [illegible]proved lot, [illegible]et, Twen-

[illegible] to W. [illegible]feet, in [illegible]y-first

[illegible] Meres[illegible]roved lot, [illegible]oad street,

[illegible]Still sold to

William A. Branning an improved lot, 25x105 feet, in Hamilton avenue, Twenty-first ward, for $2,500.

Dearborn street: Florilla J. Craighead sold to Robert Bowles an improved lot, 25x100 feet, on the south side of Dearborn street, near Whitehill avenue, Nineteenth ward, for $4,000.

Hoeveler street: Fred Diffenbach sold to Jane Watt an improved lot, 25x123 feet, on the northeast side of Hoeveler street, near Sheridan avenue, Nineteenth ward, for $4,100.

Dauphin street: Pauline Wunderlich sold to William Wunderlich a lot, 25x100 feet, in Dauphin street, Nineteenth ward, for $1,000.

Juno street: Robert Lee sold to Thomas Schoole a lot, 24x183 feet, in Juno street, near Rome street, Fourteenth ward, for $1,175.

Baxter street: Irvin Redpath sold to Thomas A. Ahl an improved lot, 25x150 feet, in Baxter street, near Brushton avenue, Thirty-seventh ward, for $3,150.

The following permits to build were issued yesterday by the bureau of building inspection: Otto Ehinger, 3-story brick dwelling and store at Thirty-third and Dickson streets, to cost $8,000; Denny estate, 3-story brick dwelling at Twenty-ninth street and Allegheny Valley railroad, to cost $4,000; William Kagely, 2-story brick dwelling at 3495 Carson street, to cost $4,000; Mrs. Augusta Brown, 2-story dwelling, rear 640 Lowell street, to cost $1,500.

Transfers Recorded.

Moore E W to R J Dougherty, Feb 23, '03, 40x100, Millvale ave, Twentieth wd, Pgh ..... $ 2,800

Hughes Thos M to J A Grove, Nov 22, '02, 25x98, Monticello st, Twenty-first wd, Pgh 4,900

Dodson R F to W B White, Jan 3, '03, 25x93, Mt. Vernon st, Twenty-first wd, Pgh 3,900

Turner J J to S L Thew, Feb 14, '03, 50x155, Park row, Carnegie 4,800

Chisholm M to S J Myers, March 2, '03, 40x156, Jackson st, Bellevue 5,000

Shea Jno A to Clairton Nat Bank, Dec 1, '02, lot Border st, Blair station 6,000

Johnston F E to J Cunningham, Feb 26, '03, 30x96, Millvin ave, Wilkinsburg 6,250

Frazer C T to W Lang, Feb 10, '03, 50x150, Brushton ave, Thirty-seventh wd, Pgh 3,750

Schneider E to H Schneider, Feb 23, '03, 21x100, Wilson st, Etna 2,150

Schneider E to H Schneider, Feb 23, '03, 25x100, Wilson st, Shaler twp 2,000

Kraus John to E A Kraus, Feb 12, '03, 140x20, Main st, Sharpsburg 3,800

McDowell E H to James Henderson, Feb 7, '03, 28x120, Biddle st, Wilkinsburg 6,000

Guthrie W A to T W McFadden, March 2, '03, 25x124, Green st, Wilkinsburg 6,900

Berger W F to E W Hougzy, Feb 7, '03, 20x100, Wilson st, Etna borough 2,000

Coyle R B to T P Roberts, Aug 28, '02, lot, Craig st, Thirteenth wd, Pgh 2,100

Miller P H to C I Burg, Feb 20, '03, 24x130, Penn ave, Twelfth wd, Pgh 5,000

Cool J M to J H Gould, Dec 3, '02, 25x100, Fifteenth st, Sheraden boro 2,800

Shuttleworth A M to F i Davis, Feb 3, '03, 50x118, Collins ave, Nineteenth wd, Pgh 4,000

Wilson Jno to H Vetter, Feb 25, '03, 75 acres, Penn twp 7,593

Oliver G T exr to F J Fox, Feb 12, '03, 52x110, Robinson st, First wd, Allegheny 1,000

May A R to J A Wertenbach, Dec 3, '02, lot, Wilcox st, Third wd, McKeesport 8,000

Wilson I J to G H Stewart, Feb 4, '03, lot, Jaskman ave, Avalon borough 4,500

Winters G L to J G Kesh, Feb 22, '03, 105x35, Cleveland ave, Avalon borough 4,200

Dodson R F to W B White, Jan 3, '03, 25x93, Mt Vernon st, Twenty-first wd, Pgh 3,900

Mortgages Recorded.

McCracken Wm J to Dollar Sav Bank, Mch 4, '03 ..... $10,000

Wilson Anna M to same, Mch 2, '03 500

Cribbs Hyatt C to same, Mch 4, '03 .. 3,000

*Dwyer John to J Myers, Sr, Dec 7, '02 2,400

Freeland Abraham to W L Moran, Feb 28, '03 4,000

Hull Charles E to G Meyer exr, Jr, Feb 28, '03 500

Beek John A to J Sossong, Feb 18, '03.. 1,000

Pfeifer Sarah J to Nat Union Fire Ins Co, Mch 3, '03 10,000

Hess Clarence M to Dollar Savings Bk, Mch 2, '03 1,000

McDowell May R to J W Quinn, Mch 4, '03 5,000

Smith George K to C V Hunter, Feb 21, '03 800

Minto Frank D to M S Sturgeon, Feb 26, '03 5,400

Pehl Pauline to Tarentum S & T Co, Mch 2, '03 8,500

Ferguson John to Homewood B & L A, Mch 4, '03 3,800

*Diebold Frank K to K I Beeler, Feb 10, '03 1,700

Seddon Chrispin Jr to M A Seddon, Mch 3, '03 800

Stigler Michael to Ida Glenser, Feb 20, '03 400

*Peters W E to W Milne, July 31, '03.. 2,850

Weissert Jno F to Citizens Dep & Tr Co, Mch 2, '03 1,000

Kesh Charles to Peoples B & L A, Feb 26, '03 1,800

Davis Isaac J to same, Feb 18, '03 200

Bradley John to Dollar Savings Bank, Mch 2, '03 5,500

Hovenkacher J G to Lieshekruns B & L A, Mch 3, '03 5,000

Wagner Leonard to Concord P B & L A, Mch 4, '03 4,000

Hays John to M Van Essen, Feb 20, '03, Schuttler Frank to G W Baldwin, Feb 3, '03 2,000

McDonnell Alva to P J Braun, Mch 2, '03, 600

Grubling James to W Benson, Feb 4, '03, 2,600

Probst George W to Bridgeville B & L A, Feb 23, '03 2,000

*Purchase money 1,400

TUNNEL FOREMAN TRIED FOR ARGUING WITH GUN

Alexander Spotwood Denied He Used Revolver in Silencing Workman---Women Convicted of Receiving Stolen Goods.

In criminal court yesterday, before James R. Macfarlane, Alexander Spotwood, a foreman on the street car tunnel work at the end of the Smithfield street bridge, was on trial, charged by Hyworth Washington, colored, with assault and battery and pointing firearms. Washington claimed the foreman, to whom he had gone for his time, after being laid off, assaulted him and then held a revolver in his face for a minute and a half. The defendant testified he had shoved Washington off the dump after notifying him he was in the way of the work. He denied he had a revolver in his hand at the time. The jury will return a verdict this morning.

In the case of Joseph and Bertha Novak and Agnes Baihori, charged with larceny and receiving stolen goods, the jury found the women guilty of receiving stolen goods and acquitted the man. They were accused of taking a quantity of articles, including towels and stockings, from Alexander Brahim. A motion for a new trial was made, one of the reasons given being that when the jury was given additional instructions it misunderstood the court to say "it could not place the costs on the defendants without also making the prosecutor pay costs," and then found a compromise verdict.

Frank Snaw was found guilty of simple assault and battery on Mamie Ryan, and sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and the costs.

Gerald Kearney and others were acquitted on a charge of assault and battery, preferred by Patrick Furey, and the costs divided.

John Baker pleaded guilty to the larceny of several articles, aggregating $50, from Thomas Beckerton of Clairton, and was sentenced to the workhouse for 60 days.

In Judge J. A. Evans' branch the case of Agostino Frederico and Guihma Dabbinzzo, charged with misdemeanor for alleged illicit relations, occupied the day, and was given to the jury just before adjournment.

REGISTER'S BUSY DAY.

Many Letters Issued on Estates. Elmer L. Miller Left $32,500 to His Family.

The will of Elmer L. Miller of Sewickley was filed. An estate of $32,500 was left. The homestead in Sewickley was bequeathed to his son, William Irvine. Five shares of Hazelwood Savings and Trust Company stock goes to Annie M. Miller, and five shares of Sewickley Valley Trust Company stock to Mary M. Miller. William A. Miller was left $500 and Mary Agnes Dickson $250 to be paid in ten installments annually of $25 each. The residue of the estate was left to his widow, who was appointed executrix.

Dr. I. W. Donnan, late of Pittsburgh, left an estate of $15,800 to his widow, and John N. Janett, late of Pittsburgh, an estate of $2,006 to his children.

Letters on the estate of Margaret Bellman were taken out by Frank S. Young. The estate is worth $6,000. Letters were also issued to John G. Weritz on the estate of George Bellman worth $3,000, and to Eliza J. Powell of Tarentum on the estate of Oliver N. Powell, worth $640.

An order was made by the orphan's court appointing the South Side Trust Company guardian of the estate of Annie Krako, a minor. Similar orders were made in the estates of John H. Bischoff, a minor, and for the three minor children of George Federlein, deceased.

New Financial Newspaper.

A new daily financial newspaper is proposed for Pittsburgh. The Moorhead Publishing Company has applied for a charter. The incorporators are S. W. B. Moorhead, Jesse T. Lazear, Rodman W. Moorhead and S. L. Hoskinson. Attorneys Lazear & Orr represent the company.

Grand Jury Returns.

The grand jury made the following returns yesterday:

True bills—Perjury, Joseph Miller, Morris Ruggoff; misdemeanor, Lidy Banks; false pretense, J. S. Rosenthal, Ed. L. Miller; larceny, Roy Roush, S. Cooper, Chris Thompson; assault and battery, John Brubaker et al, Albert Davis, John J. Cavanaugh, James Mason, Charles Byers, C. S. McCandless, John Faust; receiving stolen goods, Harrison Ralph et al, John Laughlin; selling liquor without license, Joseph Seppo et al; embezzlement, Clyde Clemmens; felonious assault and battery, George Hargrove, Arthur Gatehouse; aggravated assault and battery, Miles Flaherty.

Today's Trial Lists.

Criminal court—Commonwealth versus Ignatius Koenig, William Wood, John L. Day, Frank Drake et al, Annie Sieshefskey, Frank Hall, Albert Tayler (2), Robert Langhinst et al, John Harvaydo, Joe Brown, D. J. Deamus (2), Gus Manuts (2), Ahelas Nefowholas (2), Sam Burnstein, Charles H. Tyler, Chris Eick, James Duffy, August Letsch, Sam Zahn, Molavano Dominick, William Patterson, George Hargrove, Lena Bowie, W. J. Boyall, Katie Richardson, Carroll Gigliotti, Nicholas Barth.

Common pleas No. 1—Tobin vs. Pittsburgh Provision Company; Laud vs. Kennedick & Co.; Temme vs. Schmidt; Sinn vs. United Traction Company; Cassidy vs. Columbia Bridge Company; Stevens vs. Hill; Murphy vs. Pittsburgh Railways Company; Brown vs. Pennsylvania Casualty Company.

Common pleas No. 2—Sweeney vs. Crossan; Bonner vs. Blumberg; Sandy vs. Reutzel; Wick vs. Traister, Lloyd vs. Kaufmann Bros.; Shoop vs. McKee; Heechman vs. Fay.

Common pleas No. 3—McVittie vs. city of Pittsburgh; Bailey vs. Duquesne Garden Company; Oppenheimer vs. Lowenstein; Aknevics vs. St. Joseph society; McDevitt vs. borough of Wilkinsburg; Cook vs. Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Connellsville Railroad Company; Simpson vs. Pittsburgh Stove and Range Company; Downes, use, vs. Booth & Flinn.

New Suits Filed.

COMMON PLEAS COURT NO. 1.

Plaintiff.	Defendant.	Action.
Nicholas Hary	E. Hary et al	Sci. fa. mtge.
Anna J. Durham	James Burns	Sci. fa. mtge.

COMMON PLEAS COURT NO. 2.

C. E. Richards	C. F. Riffle	Rep.
Adaline Nobelling	Mary Venzel	Ex. att.
Kaufmann Bros.	J. W. Dilm, Jr.	Ap.

COMMON PLEAS COURT NO. 3.

Helen A. Wilson	William Peebles	
Lucretia R. McIntosh	same	Sci. fa. mtge.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

Harry M. Miller took out letters of administration on the estate of John Henry Asthalter, who died on board ship coming from Germany. Attorneys Miller & Reamer represent the estate.

W. F. Trimble & Sons Co. has applied for a charter authorizing it to manufacture material and appliances for the erection and destruction of buildings. Attorney T. P. Trimble represents the corporation.

Brown-Hutchinson Company of Wilkinsburg has applied for a charter authorizing it to buy, sell and deal in general merchandise. Attorneys Duff & Carmack represent the incorporators. Charles P. Brown, Audley A. Hutchison and W. H. C. Keldity.

Application has been made to the governor of Pennsylvania for a charter for the Locust Land Company, incorporated by W. F. Trimble, S. P. Trimble, W. L. Trimble and C. T. Trimble. The purpose is to buy and sell real estate. Attorney T. P. Trimble represents the corporation.

MORE SIGNATURES TO THE PAINTERS' SCALE

Fifty Firms Have Signed, It Was Reported, Up to Last Night.

Up to last night more than 50 master painters had signed the new scale and this morning several hundred more men will resume work. It was reported yesterday that the master painters in Sewickley, Braddock, Wilkinsburg, Sharpsburg and Carnegie had signed. The employers in Pittsburgh and Allegheny are being seen, and it is expected will fall in line.

Frank E. Smith, the business agent, stated that some of the painters had left for other cities where there was more pay and plenty of work.

The following firms signed the scale up to last night: W. P. Nelson & Co., Raymond Lucier, A. W. Ballentine, George W. Altsman, James White, D. W. McPherson, R. M. Ingram, Allan Nash, W. H. Emmert, John L. Pope, Snee Bros., Fred Spring, A. McGregor & Son, A. R. Whiston, Summerville & Willey, J. N. Ward, W. H. Vantine, C. S. Ferguson, John L. Nelson & Bros. Company, Kaufman Bros., Matthews Bros. Company, John Nelligan, Feldman & Schutz, Cook & Co., C. W. Ekey, Umberto Cassanova, W. P. Jones, R. H. Love & Co., Thomas Pinkerton, Adam Deitrich & Co., R. H. Love & Co., L. J. Pyle, Frank O'Rourke, J. L. Keller, John Harvey, Hartz & Egger, W. W. Little, Joseph Horne Company, George W. Longstreet, W. McDade, H. Burgert, William Matz, Conrad Blind & Co., Brushton Wall Paper Company, T. H. Young, Josenhans & Sons. By this evening 12 additional firms are expected to sign the scale.

The paperhangers will meet at 9 o'clock this morning and hear reports. No trouble is looked for, as nearly all of the firms have signed or will sign the scale. The decorators are having no trouble in securing their demands and no strike will ensue.

Steel Rail Record Broken.

The world's record for the production of steel rails was broken at the Edgar Thomson Steel works mill No. 1, by No. 2 turn between 6 o'clock Tuesday night and 6 o'clock Wednesday morning, producing 1,396 tons of finished steel rails of the 75-pound pattern, beating the best previous record, which was also held by the same works, by 40 tons.

Notes of the World Labor.

The strike of the structural iron workers has not changed, and neither the officers of the local or the American Bridge Company representatives have anything to say.

The conductors and motormen on the Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Connellsville street railway received a voluntary increase of 10 per cent in their wages, effective April 1.

To better provide for workmen injured at this plant the McClintic-Marshall Construction Company is converting the former office building at their Rankin plant into an emergency hospital. A trained nurse will be constantly in attendance.

Among the latest aspirants for the presidency of the Amalgamated Association is Thomas Francis of New Castle. It is rumored that President T. J. Shaffer will be re-elected, as many of the lodges that have not reported favor him.

The district council of the Carpenters' Brotherhood have decided to render all possible assistance to the striking tile layers. They recommend that the locals give financial aid if requested. The new union of carpenters at Duquesne, which was organized last week, was given a charter. The number is 1441.

To California via New Orleans and Southern Pacific—Sunset Route.

The Southern Pacific Co. has made the Sunset Route, New Orleans to the Pacific coast, the most attractive for all classes of winter travel. Double daily passenger service New Orleans to Los Angeles and San Francisco. The celebrated Sunset Limited leaves New Orleans daily at 11:35 a. m., carrying free chair cars, Pullman compartment and observation sleeping cars and dining cars with meals a la carte. Pacific Coast Express leaves New Orleans at 9 p. m. daily, carrying day coaches, free chair cars and Pullman buffet cars through without change. Excursion sleeping cars operate on regular days, Cincinnati to Los Angeles and San Francisco and Chicago to San Francisco, through New Orleans, without change.

The new service is thoroughly up-to-date in every respect.

For further information apply to G. G. Herring, 515 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A Favorite Fallacy

That beauty of design and consummate craftsmanship can only be displayed in silverware of an elaborate and expensive character. This fallacy has been disproved by the

GORHAM CO.

the veriest trifles proceeding from whose workshops are designed with the same artistic feeling, wrought with the same technical skill as are the costliest and most important. All bear the same guarantee of excellence, the Gorham trade-mark.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep GORHAM silver

Don't Buy Gloves Today---

Neither at Our Glove Counter Nor at Any Other Store.

Wait Twenty-Four Hours Then Buy a Dozen Pairs.

EVEN if your father lives in Glovesville and runs a glove factory—and your husband travels for the house—and your brother conducts a chain of specialty glove stores, you will want to come to our Glove Counter Tomorrow.

Preceding the Easter glove business, when everything must be at its freshest and best, we always have a great sweeping-out of the odds and ends.

This year, however, we have had the good fortune to get a great special feature for the event—something that will sweep away the smaller accumulations of our own counter as the flood from a broken reservoir would sweep away the contents of a fish pond.

An Importing House that had an exigency to meet let us have 1,200 pairs (TWELVE HUNDRED PAIRS) of German and French Kid Gloves—two and three clasp gloves—some with the popular Paris-front backs and some with one row of embroidery—Suede and Glace—a few of them not absolutely perfect — white, black, modes, tans, grays, browns and beavers—the styles that sell all the way up the scale from 75c to $1.75—several hundred pairs of the dollar grade—not a few of the $1.25 quality—FRIDAY (TOMORROW) and on SATURDAY (if any remain) they'll be spread out for you to select from at..... 59c pr

CAMPBELL'S

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

The Following Retail Druggists Have All the Below Advertised Articles and Will Not Offer a Substitute:

Jos. Fleming & Son, No. 412 Market St., Pgh.
May Drug Co., No. 506 Market St., Pgh.
W. H. Plough, No. 518 Smithfield St., Pgh.
E. E. Heetz, Cor. Liberty Ave. and Smithfield St., Pgh.
W. G. Schirmer, No. 431 Market St., Pgh.
Louis Emanuel, Cor. Grant St. and Second Ave., Pgh.
Hewitt & Jamison, Cor. Wylie Ave. and Fulton St., Pgh.
E. M. Sterrett, No. 6130 Penn Ave., Pgh.
Schilling Bros. Co., Cor. Penn and Frankstown Aves., Pgh.
A. E. H. Harper, No. 4730 Liberty Ave., Pgh.
Erskine Drug Store, Cor. Penn Ave. and Main St., Pgh.
E. J. Kretz, Cor. Webster Ave. and Roberts St., Pgh.
E. M. Totten, No. 4301 Butler St., Pgh.
H. F. Lange, No. 3705 Butler St., Pgh.
Hoge's Pharmacy, No. 500 North Highland Ave., Pgh.
Henry A. Spilker, No. 5202 Butler St., Pgh.
John C. Smith, No. 5147 Penn Ave., Pgh.
John B. Edie, McKeesport, Pa.
Otto A. Schad Co., No. 139 East Ohio St., Ally.
Kaercher Drug Co., Cor. Federal and Lacock Sts., Ally.
Glamser-Ruckestein Drug Co., No. 113 Federal St., Ally.
Park Drug Store, Cor. Federal and Montgomery Sts., Ally.
E. J. McBride, Cor. Federal and Ohio Sts., Ally.
A. C. Anderson, Cor. Federal St. and North Ave., Ally.
Steigleder & Kutscher, Cor. Buena Vista and Jackson Sts., Ally.

Trade Supplied By the George A. Kelly Co.

The Arizona Rangers

Are a terror to the bad men of the border. Thrilling story of Pitched Battles in the Wilderness in next issue of

The Sunday Gazette

The Havana Police System

The peace brigade of the New Republic knows nothing of corruption as yet. Read the story by Gen. Rafael Cardenas, chief of police of Havana, in next issue of

The Sunday Gazette

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Poor Digestion

Is responsible for more than half the sickness in the world. Dyspepsia and Liver Troubles follow. The only cure is

BLOOD WINE.

Large Bottles 50 Cents.

Why keep on coughing and coughing as though you'd cough your head off? Foolish, when

DELAVAU'S REMEDY

will cure it. The most

OBSTINATE COUGHS

give way before it.

Your druggist has it.

50 Cents Per Bottle.

CELERY-VESCE

Granular Effervescent. Cures Headache, Braces the Nerves, Clears the Brain, Cures Neuralgia. Pleasant as Cream Soda. Speedy, Efficient, Harmless. Includes in a Concentrated form the Nerve Toning Properties of Celery Compound, Combined with the Brain-Refreshing Phosphates and the Stimulating, Active Principle of Coffee. Send stamp for sample to

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Removing Wrinkles as if by magic, one application often showing a remarkable improvement. Dr. Charles' Flesh Food is positively the only preparation known to medical science that will round out hollows in the neck and produce firm, healthy flesh on thin cheeks, arms and hands.

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Insures Pure, Soft, White Skin and a Beautiful Complexion, cures Eczema and Tetter. Absolutely and Permanently removes Blackheads, Freckles, Pimples, Redness, Sunspots and Tan. Used with Derma-Royale Soap a Perfect skin is insured.

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